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NEPA Lead Agency
US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management
Susanville District, Alturas Resource Area
708 West 12th Street / Alturas, CA 96101

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US Department of Agriculture, Forest Service
Klamath National Forest
1312 Fairlane Road / Yreka, CA 96097

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Siskiyou County Air Pollution Control District
525 South Foothill Drive / Yreka, CA 96097

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New Facility means a Renewable Energy Facility that is not an Expansion of an Existing Facility. A New Facility would generally be located at a site where there is not already an existing facility using the same resource (e.g., wind). A New Facility would likely require significant environmental review, permitting, and new infrastructure (such as transmission lines and access roads.) BPA will distinguish between New Facilities and Expansions of an Existing Facility on a case-by-case basis.

Pacific Northwest has the meaning defined in section 3(14) of the Pacific Northwest Electric Power Planning and Conservation Act of 1980, Public Law 96-501, 16 U.S.C. 839.

Renewable Energy Facility means a single module or unit, or an aggregation of such units, which generates electric energy that is independently metered and that results from the utilization of a Renewable Energy Source.

Renewable Energy Source means:

- **Biomass** — facilities that generate electricity using heat derived from combustion of plant matter, or from combustion of gases or liquids derived from animal waste or sewage, or from combustion of gases (but not toxic liquids) derived from plant matter, or from combustion of gases derived from landfills, or which derive hydrogen from these same sources to generate electricity using fuel cells.
- **Geothermal** — facilities using naturally occurring underground heat to generate electricity.
- **Hybrid Facilities** — the net electricity produced by the fraction of the facility that uses a renewable energy source.
- **Hydroelectric** — hydropower facilities outside of protected areas as defined by the NWPPC and other federal or state agencies and applicable statutes.
- **Solar** — electricity produced by solar heat and light, including power from solar photovoltaic systems and solar thermal systems.
- **Wind** — facilities that capture wind energy to drive an electric generator.

5.3 What is a Qualified Renewable Energy Facility

To be eligible for the C&RD, a Renewable Energy Facility must satisfy the following criteria:

- **Time of first use** — The facility must begin commercial operation no earlier than May 1, 1999, and no later than September 30, 2006.
- **Location** — Renewable Energy Facilities must be located in the Pacific Northwest as defined by the Northwest Power Act, with the following exceptions:
 - a. The currently permitted Wyoming Wind Project at Foote Creek Rim and Simpson Ridge in Carbon County, Wyoming, with the exception of the 41.4-MW Phase I development at Foote Creek Rim (in other words, the 41.4-MW Phase I project is not eligible for the C&RD, but subsequent facilities constructed at the site are eligible);
 - b. Geothermal projects developed at the Glass Mountain, California, Known Geothermal Resource Area; or
 - c. Projects shown by the applicant to effectively displace operation of regional nonrenewable generation resources (subject to BPA's approval).