



## **FISCAL YEAR 2025 ANNUAL REPORT**

March 2026

### *FCRPS Cultural Resources Program*



The Fiscal Year 2025 Grand Coulee Dam Project tour of sites in the Mainstem Area of Potential Effect included Elders, practitioners, Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation Administration, and History/Archaeology staff on the houseboat tour day.

## **ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

APE	Area of Potential Effects
ARPA	Archaeological Resource Protection Act
ARRA	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act
BPA	Bonneville Power Administration
CCT/CTCR	Colville Confederated Tribes/Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CJD	Chief Joseph Dam
CMAC	Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections
Cooperating Group	FCRPS Program Cultural Resources Cooperating Group
CRITPD	Columbia River Inter-Tribal Police Department
CRMP	Cultural Resources Management Plan
CSKT	Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Reservation
CTUIR	Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation
CTWSRO	Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation of Oregon
DAHP	Washington Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation
DOE	Determination of eligibility
FCRPS	Federal Columbia River Power System
FCRPS Program	FCRPS Cultural Resource Program
FNF	Flathead National Forest
FY	Fiscal year
GIS	Geographic Information Systems
H/A	CCT History/Archaeology Program
HPMP	Historic Property Management Plan
HPRCSIT	Historic Property of Religious and Cultural Significance to Indian Tribes

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

ID	Idaho
LFAs	Lead Federal Agencies (Bonneville Power Administration, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, and the Bureau of Reclamation)
LiDAR	Light detection and ranging
MCX	Mandatory Center of Expertise
MPD	Multiple Property Documentation
MT	Montana
NAGPRA	Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act
NHPA	National Historic Preservation Act
NPS	National Park Service
NRHP	National Register of Historic Places
NWP	Portland District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
NWS	Seattle District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
NWW	Walla Walla District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
O&M	Operation and maintenance
OR	Oregon
PA	Programmatic agreement
Pandemic	COVID-19 pandemic
Program	FCRPS Cultural Resource Program
Project	FCRPS dams and associated reservoirs
PSPA	Project-specific programmatic agreement
Reclamation	Bureau of Reclamation
SHPO	State Historic Preservation Officer/Office
STIPP	Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program
SWPA	FCRPS Cultural Resource Program Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties
TCP	Traditional cultural place/property
THPO	Tribal Historic Preservation Officer/Office

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of  
Historic Properties – March 2026*

TPF	Treatment Plan Form
USACE	United States Army Corps of Engineers
USFWS	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
WA	Washington
WPKK	Wana Pa Koot Koot
WSU	Washington State University
Yakama Nation	Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY .....	7
INTRODUCTION TO TABULAR DATA.....	11
APPENDIX A – COOPERATING GROUPS .....	31
APPENDIX B - DEFINITIONS.....	33
APPENDIX C – FY 2025 FINAL DELIVERABLES.....	37
APPENDIX D – TCP/HPRCSIT REPORTS & PRODUCTS.....	58
APPENDIX E – PORTLAND DISTRICT PROJECTS .....	67
APPENDIX F – WALLA WALLA DISTRICT PROJECTS.....	72
APPENDIX G – DWORSHAK PROJECT .....	86
APPENDIX H – CHIEF JOSEPH PROJECT .....	91
APPENDIX I – ALBENI FALLS PROJECT.....	104
APPENDIX J – LIBBY PROJECT .....	117
APPENDIX K – GRAND COULEE DAM PROJECT .....	124
APPENDIX L – HUNGRY HORSE PROJECT .....	135
APPENDIX M – NEWLY RECORDED RESOURCES .....	139

## **LIST OF TABLES**

Table 1. Total Project and Area of Potential Effect Acres.....	12
Table 2. Acres Inventoried for Archaeological Sites and Standing Historic Structures. ....	13
Table 3. Archaeological Sites and Historic Structures Documented. ....	14
Table 4. Determinations of National Register Eligibility Completed for Individual Sites. ....	15
Table 5. Documented TCPs and National Register Eligibility Status. ....	16
Table 6. Individual, District, and Multiple Property Listings on the National Register of Historic Places. ....	17
Table 7. National Register of Historic Places Determination of Eligibility Status for FCRPS Dams. ....	18
Table 8. Sites Monitored.....	19
Table 9. Annual Maintenance Cost of Stabilization Projects. ....	20
Table 10. Collections Curated with FCRPS Funds.....	21
Table 11. Activities at FCRPS Dams and Reservoirs that Contributed to ARPA Compliance. ....	24
Table 12. NAGPRA Section 3 Actions – Inadvertent Discoveries Associated with Project Operations.....	25
Table 13. Routine Activities Under the FCRPS Systemwide PA that Do Not Require Section 106 Consultation. ....	26
Table 14. Status of Project Historic Property Management Plans and Project-Specific Agreements.....	30
Table 15. FCRPS Cultural Resource Program Expenditures.....	30
Table 16. FY 2025 BPA Staff Participation. ....	30

## **1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The Federal Columbia River Power System (FCRPS) Cultural Resource Program (Program) manages the effects of the operation and maintenance (O&M) of 14 federally owned dams and reservoirs on historic properties in the Columbia River Basin. Stewardship occurs through collaboration among three Lead Federal Agencies (LFAs): the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), and the Bonneville Power Administration (BPA); 10 federally recognized Tribes, four State Historic Preservation Officers (SHPOs), and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, as well as several other Federal agencies affected by operation of the system. In addition, the LFAs include nine other federally recognized Tribes in systemwide-level consultation, but these Tribes do not participate in regular cooperating group meetings. Nine cultural resources cooperating groups (cooperating groups) have been established in the Program; Appendix A lists cooperating group participants.

The Program's FY 2025 Annual Report summarizes the LFAs' actions to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) through implementation of the *Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties Affected by the Multipurpose Operations of Fourteen Projects of the Federal Columbia River Power System for Compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act* (SWPA). The reporting period extended from October 1, 2024, to September 30, 2025, and adheres to conventions listed in Stipulation VIII.A. of the SWPA.

The FCRPS Program continued normal operations in FY 2025. In general, face-to-face meetings with a hybrid component took place in the spring, summer, and fall, while winter meetings were entirely virtual to circumvent challenges associated with winter travel. Temporary Federal agency staff travel restrictions moved some cooperating group meetings to virtual format. These restrictions have slowly eased, and most federal agency staff began regularly attending face-to-face meetings by the third quarter of the fiscal year. After several years of virtual and hybrid meetings, the Program participants have become familiar with the use of virtual meeting technology, allowing maximum flexibility to facilitate regular meeting attendance.

The LFAs continued to experience significant staffing challenges. Throughout much of FY 2025, existing and new vacancies in cultural resources positions at Reclamation continued to affect project completion and program management activities. This included Reclamation's Program Manager position, as the long-serving program manager left federal service and agency management selected staff to fill the position in an interim capacity. In addition, and as discussed in the FY 2024 Annual Report, the small labor pool of qualified archaeologists and cultural resources professionals and associated challenges in keeping programs throughout the region fully staffed continue to affect all Program participants to some degree. All Program participants are learning to do more work with fewer staff, making efficiency critical to Program success.

The joint-funded FCRPS Program expended \$8,019,369 in FY 2025. Additionally, BPA expended \$838,729 non-joint funds for staff salaries and travel. Program funds supported the completion of 110 final deliverables documenting compliance with Section 106.

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

As of FY 2025, the total area of potential effects (APE) for the 14 FCRPS Projects is 603,555 acres. Of the total APE, approximately 365,852 acres are accessible for survey (not inundated by Project reservoir pools or otherwise obstructed). The total area surveyed for archaeological and historic-period sites and for standing historic structures as of the end of FY 2025 is 179,164 acres.

Cooperating groups continue to work towards completion of Project Specific Programmatic Agreements (PSPA) or Stand-Alone Historic Property Management Plans (HPMP) in FY 2025. Several PSPAs and HPMPs are scheduled for completion in FY 2026 due to work completed in FY 2025.

Consultation with cooperating group members regarding expanding the APE to include effects not previously considered at the Bonneville and John Day Projects in Washington and Oregon continues. The Program anticipates consultation will be completed through the HPMP development process in FY 2026 (John Day) and FY 2027 (Bonneville).

FCRPS-funded archaeological inventories resulted in the addition of three sites in the overall total of archaeological and historic sites across the system. Non-FCRPS funded inventories recorded one new site. Most changes in the site counts resulted from a reassessment of site counts during the finalization of HPMPs, updating of GIS data, or the Lake Roosevelt Spokane Arm APE revision (see individual cooperating group appendices for further explanation). The overall system total increased by 65 to 4,916 sites. In FY 2025, Program participants completed National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligibility determinations for three archaeological sites. This FCRPS funded work, along with non-FCRPS funded work in the APE, brings the FCRPS NRHP totals to 1,102 eligible sites and 396 sites determined ineligible. In addition, 50 Traditional Cultural Places/Properties (TCPs)<sup>1</sup> are determined eligible across the system. Eligibility determinations finalized as of FY 2025 permitted the LFAs to meet the long-term program goal of completing eligibility determinations for at least 25 high priority sites in the Dworshak Project APE. There are still 3,418 individual archaeological sites and at least 1,156 documented TCPs in the system that require evaluation, which increased from FY24 due to the Lake Roosevelt Spokane Arm APE revision. National Register evaluations are ongoing annually at each of the FCRPS operating projects. The properties in the FCRPS APE that are formally listed in the NRHP include two National Historic Landmarks (Bonneville Dam and Marmes archaeological site), 17 historic districts, and 47 individual sites. As of FY 2025, the LFAs have completed a reasonable and good faith effort to identify archaeological sites on non-federal land subject to physical effects in the Dworshak, Libby, Lower Granite, Bonneville, and Chief Joseph APEs.

As of FY 2025, 12 of the 14 FCRPS dams have been determined eligible for the NRHP. Reclamation continues to place a hold on the NRHP nomination process for Grand Coulee Dam to allow for additional consultations.

In FY 2025, the Program used joint funds for monitoring at 242 sites throughout the system to assess the effects of FCRPS operations and maintenance. Physical changes to site conditions were noted at 187 of these sites.

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Resolution of adverse effects, guided by lists of high priority sites that are reassessed annually, included a variety of actions. Examples of actions carried out across the system to resolve the adverse effects included off-site and creative mitigations such as support for tribal staff led community engagement events and the creation of K-12 school curricula, community center rehabilitation, installation of fishing docks, and public outreach materials. Mitigation also included closing off high recreational areas and installing fencing and signage. Staff from Tribes planned and carried out public presentations regarding cultural resources awareness at various venues, including the Northwest Anthropology Conference, while agency staff attended the Archaeology Roadshow. The FCRPS Program website continues to provide easy access to program documents, meeting notes, research articles, and other pertinent information that benefit consulting parties and the public.<sup>1</sup>

Monitoring, bank stabilization and repairs, as well as other erosion control mechanisms continue to play a major role in addressing adverse effects caused by Project O&M. During FY 2025, FCRPS initiated planning for bank stabilizations throughout the system, discussed in the individual cooperating group appendices. Several cooperating groups prioritized the need for signage at key locations within the reservoirs to inform the public regarding the consequences of looting and damaging archaeological sites. Interpretive signage is being planned for several locations around the system.

Curation of archeological collections recovered from all 14 FCRPS Projects continued in FY 2025. FCRPS funding pays for curation, including approximately 9,641 cubic feet of artifacts and 918 linear feet of records. The amount of digitally formatted data is currently unknown.

Many management activities conducted in FY 2025 fulfilled commitments outlined in the SWPA. The Program hosted a TCP subcommittee meeting in October of 2024 that coincided with the Biennial Systemwide Meeting. This biennial meeting was the first face to face Systemwide Meeting since the COVID-19 pandemic. The meeting was planned by a LFA and Program participant planning committee and successfully hosted by the Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Reservation at Pendleton, OR. The BPA-hosted website offers a handbook outlining the history and administration of the Program in keeping with the terms of the SWPA.

This Program is highly collaborative in nature and requires regular meetings, field visits, and other forms of communication. During FY 2025, the nine FCRPS Program cooperating groups and the Cultural Resources Subcommittee met more than 50 times to develop plans, prioritize work, and ensure that management activities effectively met our stewardship responsibilities to thousands of cultural resources.

No new signatories to the SWPA were added in FY 2025.

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<sup>1</sup> Traditional Cultural Properties has been updated to Traditional Cultural Places during revision of the NPS Bulletin 38. Throughout the rest of the document both terms are referenced when it is not the official title of a document to facilitate this transition.

<sup>2</sup> <https://www.bpa.gov/environmental-initiatives/efw/cultural-resources-bpa/fcrps-cultural-resource-program>

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of  
Historic Properties – March 2026*

Each year, the continued operation of the FCRPS Program represents the collective effort of Federal, Tribal, and state employees, cooperating group participants, Tribal elders, private contractors, and other interested parties who contribute to the preservation of cultural resources. Appendix A provides a list of the government agencies and Tribes that participate in the Program. The LFAs sincerely thank all these organizations and individuals and acknowledge the time and effort they devote to the Program.

## **2. INTRODUCTION TO TABULAR DATA**

The FY 2025 Annual Report for the FCRPS Cultural Resource Program describes NHPA Section 106 compliance actions completed by BPA, Reclamation, and USACE to fulfill the SWPA reporting requirement. Actions supporting compliance with other cultural resource management laws are included where such actions overlap with work conducted for NHPA Section 106 compliance. Program accomplishments are displayed in tables organized by the procedural step in the NHPA Section 106 process they fulfill, and reporting categories generally correspond to steps outlined in 36 CFR 800. Unless otherwise noted, this report only discusses expenditures and work completed in FY 2025; final contract deliverables received in FY 2025 for work conducted in previous years are addressed in Appendices C and D. Where appropriate, tables indicate whether FCRPS joint funds<sup>2</sup> or non-FCRPS funds supported the activity. More detailed information about accomplishments at each of the 14 multi-purpose Projects, including work in progress, can be found in Appendices E through L. For the purposes of the participating SHPOs, a table summary of cultural resource updates is provided in Appendix M.

Previous annual reports summarize information about the history of the FCRPS Program and earlier compliance accomplishments<sup>3</sup> and their content is not repeated here. This report corrects information presented in previous annual reports where new information or improved data are available.

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<sup>2</sup> FCRPS joint funds are the combined ratepayer funds generated by BPA and matching congressionally appropriated funds from USACE and Reclamation dedicated to the FCRPS Program. Some work conducted with non-FCRPS funding sources (work performed with only congressionally appropriated funds or other sources) is reported because it supports NHPA Section 106 compliance for an authorized project purpose that is not addressed by the FCRPS Program, or because it can aid in demonstrating FCRPS Program compliance with Section 106 of NHPA.

<sup>3</sup><https://www.bpa.gov/environmental-initiatives/efw/cultural-resources-bpa/fcrps-cultural-resource-program>.

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of  
Historic Properties – March 2026*

**Table 1. Total Project and Area of Potential Effect Acres.**

<b>Project</b>	<b>Total Project Acres</b>	<b>APE Acres</b>	<b>APE Acres Ordinarily Accessible for Survey</b>	<b>APE Mapped</b>
Bonneville	32,305	11,705	4,892	yes
The Dalles	13,553	4,153	5,226	yes
John Day	101,789	52,489	31,568	yes
<b>NWP (Portland) District Total</b>	<b>147,647</b>	<b>68,347</b>	<b>41,686</b>	--
McNary	28,328	41,810	23,812	yes
Ice Harbor	7,919	9,328	4,790	yes
Lower Monumental	12,317	12,790	6,758	yes
Little Goose	11,600	12,193	4,858	yes
Lower Granite	12,960	13,717	4,399	yes
Dworshak	46,040	48,925	14,068	yes
<b>NWW (Walla Walla) District Total</b>	<b>119,164</b>	<b>138,763</b>	<b>58,685</b>	--
Chief Joseph	17,648	16,254	11,828	yes
Albeni Falls	99,439	16,489	16,489	yes
Libby	53,867	52,585	in progress	yes
<b>NWS (Seattle) District Total</b>	<b>170,954</b>	<b>85,328</b>	<b>28,317</b>	--
<b>USACE Totals</b>	<b>437,765</b>	<b>292,438</b>	<b>128,688</b>	--
Grand Coulee	105,501	268,442 <sup>a</sup>	200,582	yes
Hungry Horse	42,675	42,675	36,582	yes
<b>Reclamation Totals</b>	<b>148,176</b>	<b>311,117</b>	<b>237,164</b>	--
<b>SYSTEM TOTALS</b>	<b>585,941</b>	<b>603,555</b>	<b>365,852</b>	

<sup>a</sup> Grand Coulee Project APE acres updated based on APE revision. See Appendix K for additional explanation.

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of  
Historic Properties – March 2026*

**Table 2. Acres Inventoried for Archaeological Sites and Standing Historic Structures.**

<b>Project</b>	<b>Total Project Acres</b>	<b>Total APE Acres</b>	<b>APE Acres Ordinarily Accessible for Survey</b>	<b>Cumulative Total APE Acres Surveyed for Archaeological Sites and Standing Historic Structures as of FY 2024</b>	<b>Acres Surveyed with FCRPS Program Funds in FY 2025 (new survey)</b>	<b>Acres Resurveyed with FCRPS Program Funds in FY 2025</b>	<b>Total APE Acres Surveyed as of FY 2025 (cumulative; does not include resurvey)</b>
Bonneville	32,305	11,705	4,892	1,896	0	0	1,896
The Dalles	13,553	4,153	5,226	3,696	0	0	3,696
John Day	101,789	52,489	31,568	29,415	0	0	29,415
<b>NWP District Total</b>	<b>147,647</b>	<b>68,347</b>	<b>41,686</b>	<b>35,007</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>35,007</b>
McNary	28,328	41,810	23,812	10,159	82	0	10,241
Ice Harbor	7,919	9,328	4,790	4,260	58	0	4,318
Lower Monumental	12,317	12,790	6,758	7,869	0	0	7,869
Little Goose	11,600	12,193	4,858	4,268	0	0	4,268
Lower Granite	12,960	13,717	4,399	4,082	0	0	4,082
Dworshak	46,040	48,925	14,068	8,896	66	0	8,962
<b>NWW District Total</b>	<b>119,164</b>	<b>138,763</b>	<b>58,685</b>	<b>39,534</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>39,740</b>
Chief Joseph	17,648	16,254	11,828	11,029	0	50	16,254
Albeni Falls	99,439	16,489	16,489	7,851	0	0	7,851
Libby	53,867	52,585	In Progress	11,923	0	0	11,923
<b>NWS District Total</b>	<b>170,954</b>	<b>85,328</b>	<b>28,317</b>	<b>30,803</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>36,028</b>
<b>USACE Totals</b>	<b>437,765</b>	<b>292,438</b>	<b>128,688</b>	<b>105,344</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>110,775</b>
Grand Coulee	105,501	268,442 <sup>a</sup>	200,582	42,714 <sup>a</sup>	3	833	42,717
Hungry Horse	42,675	42,675	36,582	25,672	0	0	25,672
<b>Reclamation Totals</b>	<b>148,176</b>	<b>311,117</b>	<b>237,164</b>	<b>68,386</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>833</b>	<b>68,389</b>
<b>SYSTEM TOTALS</b>	<b>585,941</b>	<b>603,555</b>	<b>365,852</b>	<b>173,730</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>883</b>	<b>179,164</b>

<sup>a</sup> Grand Coulee Project APE acres updated based on APE revision. See Appendix K for additional explanation.

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

**Table 3. Archaeological Sites and Historic Structures Documented.**

<b>Project</b>	<b>Total Number of Sites Documented as of FY 2024 (cumulative)</b>	<b>Number of New Sites Documented with FCRPS Program Funds in FY 2025</b>	<b>Number of New Sites Documented with Non-FCRPS Program Funds in FY 2025</b>	<b>Total Number of Sites at Project as of FY 2025 (cumulative)</b>
Bonneville	131	0	0	131
The Dalles	253	0	0	253
John Day	591	0	0	591
<b>NWP District Total</b>	<b>975</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>975</b>
McNary	305	0	-6 <sup>a</sup>	299 <sup>a</sup>
Ice Harbor	60	1	0	61
Lower Monumental	211	0	0	211
Little Goose	121	0	0	121
Lower Granite	195	0	-1 <sup>a</sup>	194 <sup>a</sup>
Dworshak	409	1	0	410
<b>NWW District Total</b>	<b>1,301</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-7</b>	<b>1,296</b>
Chief Joseph	477	0	0	477
Albeni Falls	460	1	6	467
Libby	500	0	0	500
<b>NWS District Total</b>	<b>1,437</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1,444</b>
<b>USACE Totals</b>	<b>3,713</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>3,715</b>
Grand Coulee	1,168 <sup>b</sup>	0	1	1,169
Hungry Horse	32	0	0	32
<b>Reclamation Totals</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,201</b>
<b>SYSTEM TOTALS</b>	<b>4,913</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,916</b>

<sup>a</sup> Change in site count due to changes in GIS data. See Appendix F for additional information.

<sup>b</sup> Grand Coulee Project APE acres updated based on APE revision resulted in the inclusion of additional sites in the APE. See Appendix K for additional explanation

**Table 4. Determinations of National Register Eligibility Completed for Individual Sites.**

Project	Determinations for: Sites Eligible (individually, or contributing to a District or Multiple Property Listing)				Determinations for: Sites Not Eligible (individually, or those within a District/Multiple Property Listing that are non-contributing)				Total Number of Sites for which Determination Needs to be Completed		Sites as of FY 2025 (cumulative)
	FCRPS Funded	Non-FCRPS	Total No. (cumulative)		FCRPS Funded	Non-FCRPS	Total No. (cumulative)		FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2025
	FY 2025	FY 2025	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2025	FY 2025	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2025
Bonneville	0	0	21	21	0	0	19	19	91	91	131
The Dalles	0	0	86	86	0	0	5	5	162	162	253
John Day	0	0	43	43	0	0	27	27	521	521	591
<b>NWP District Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>774</b>	<b>774</b>	<b>975</b>
McNary	0	1	91	92	0	-17 <sup>a</sup>	50	33	164	174	299 <sup>a</sup>
Ice Harbor	0	0	12	12	0	0	5	5	43	44	61
Lower Monumental	0	-1 <sup>a</sup>	112	111	0	0	9	10	89	90	211 <sup>a</sup>
Little Goose	0	2	8	10	0	0	4	4	109	107	121 <sup>a</sup>
Lower Granite	0	0	23	23	0	0	18	18	154	153	194 <sup>a</sup>
Dworshak	0	3	21	24	0	0	59	59	329	327	410 <sup>a</sup>
<b>NWW District Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-17<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>145</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>888</b>	<b>895</b>	<b>1,296<sup>a</sup></b>
Chief Joseph	1	0	183	184	0	0	0	0	294	293	477
Albeni Falls	1	6	54	61	0	4	25	29	381	377	467
Libby Dam	1	0	202	203	0	0	172	172	126	125	500
<b>NWS District Total</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>439</b>	<b>448</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>801</b>	<b>795</b>	<b>1,444</b>
<b>USACE Totals</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>856</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-13</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>2,463</b>	<b>2,464</b>	<b>3,715</b>
Grand Coulee	0	1	214	215	0	0	8	8	884	946 <sup>b</sup>	1,169
Hungry Horse <sup>c</sup>	0	0	17	17	0	0	7	7	8	8	32
<b>Reclamation Totals</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>892</b>	<b>954</b>	<b>1,201</b>
<b>SYSTEM TOTALS</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1,087</b>	<b>1,102</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-13</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>396</b>	<b>3,355</b>	<b>3,418</b>	<b>4,916</b>

<sup>a</sup> Number of sites changed due to GIS data reconciliation. See Appendix F for additional explanation.

<sup>b</sup> Number of sites for which a determination needs to be completed at Grand Coulee increased in FY 2025 due to the APE revision.

<sup>c</sup> Hungry Horse Project determinations count increased for FY24 based on FNF Dry Riverside Project eligibility determinations (non-FCRPS).

**Table 5. Documented TCPs and National Register Eligibility Status.**

Project	Number of TCPs Documented <sup>a</sup> as of FY 2024 (cumulative)	New TCPs Documented in FY 2025	Number of TCPs Documented <sup>a</sup> as of FY 2025 (cumulative)	Determinations for Eligible <sup>b</sup> TCPs (individually, or contributing to a District)		Determinations for Not Eligible <sup>b</sup> TCPs (individually, or contributing to a District)		Total Number of TCPs for Which Determinations Need to be Completed
				FY 2024 Cumulative Determinations	FY 2025 New Determinations	FY 2024 Cumulative Determinations	FY 2025 New Determinations	
Bonneville	101	0	101	8	0	0	0	93
The Dalles	90	0	90	10	0	0	0	80
John Day	83	0	83	7	0	0	0	76
<b>NWP District Total</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>249</b>
McNary	95	0	95	1	0	0	0	94
Ice Harbor	46	0	46	0	0	0	0	46
Lower Monumental	77	0	77	4	0	0	0	73
Little Goose	25	0	25	0	0	0	0	25
Lower Granite	49	0	49	0	0	0	0	49
Dworshak	27	0	27	0	5	0	0	22
<b>NWW District Total</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>309</b>
Chief Joseph	99	2	101	3	2	0	0	96
Albeni Falls	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	1
Libby	2	8	10	0	9	0	0	1
<b>NWS District Total</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>98</b>
<b>USACE Totals</b>	<b>695</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>706</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>656</b>
Grand Coulee <sup>c</sup>	499	0	499	0	0	0	0	499
Hungry Horse	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
<b>Reclamation Totals</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>500</b>
<b>SYSTEM TOTALS</b>	<b>1,195</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1,206</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,156</b>

<sup>a</sup> Includes TCPs documented in formal reports or FCRPS TCP Inventory Forms by a consulting party and presented to the Lead Federal Agencies.

<sup>b</sup> Includes individual properties determined eligible through consensus with the SHPO/THPO and those with formal determinations of eligibility by the Keeper of the National Register of Historic Places.

<sup>c</sup> Includes 25 TCPs originally documented in the Chief Joe APE that were found to extend into the Grand Coulee APE.

**Table 6. Individual, District, and Multiple Property Listings on the National Register of Historic Places.**

Project	Total No. Individual Sites Listed as of FY		Total No. District Listings as of FY		Total No. Multiple Property Listings as of FY		Total No. National Historic Landmarks as of FY	
	FY 2024	FY 2025 <sup>a</sup>	FY 2024	FY 2025 <sup>a</sup>	FY 2024	FY 2025 <sup>a</sup>	FY 2024	FY 2025 <sup>a</sup>
Bonneville	9	0	2	0	0	0	1	0
The Dalles	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
John Day	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>NWP District Total</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>
McNary	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Ice Harbor	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Lower Monumental	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Little Goose	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lower Granite	3	1 <sup>b</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dworshak	0	2 <sup>c</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>NWW District Total</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>
Chief Joseph	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albeni Falls	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
Libby Dam	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
<b>NWS District Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>USACE Totals</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>
Grand Coulee	25	0	3	0	1	0	0	0
Hungry Horse	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
<b>Reclamation Totals</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>SYSTEM TOTALS</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>

<sup>a</sup> The FY 2024 columns represent only numbers of sites, districts, multiple property listings, and National Historic Landmarks listed in the National Register of Historic Places for that fiscal year and not a cumulative total of listings.

<sup>b</sup> Clearwater River Bridge listed in Lower Granite Direct Effect APE. See Appendix F for additional explanation.

<sup>c</sup> Updated to include 2 listed sites that are off USACE property and part of Nez Perce National Historical Park.

**Table 7. National Register of Historic Places Determination of Eligibility Status for FCRPS Dams.**

Dam Name	Listed in NRHP	Determined Eligible for NRHP through Consensus	NRHP Eligibility Determination in Progress
<b>USACE Managed Dams</b>			
Bonneville Dam	yes	yes	completed
The Dalles Dam	no	no <sup>a</sup>	yes
John Day Dam	no	no <sup>b</sup>	yes
McNary Dam	no	yes	completed
Ice Harbor Dam	no	yes	completed
Lower Monumental Dam	no	yes	completed
Little Goose Dam	no	yes	completed
Lower Granite Dam	no	yes	completed
Dworshak Dam	no	no	yes
Chief Joseph Dam	no	yes	yes
Albeni Falls Dam	no	yes	completed
Libby Dam	no	yes	completed
<b>Reclamation Managed Dams</b>			
Grand Coulee Dam <sup>c</sup>	no	yes	completed
Hungry Horse Dam	no	yes	completed

<sup>a</sup> The 10-900 form was drafted in 2017.

<sup>b</sup> The 10-900 form was drafted in 2021.

<sup>c</sup> Note: Reclamation has prepared a form nominating Grand Coulee Dam to the National Register of Historic Places. The nomination process is on hold pending the resolution of Tribal concerns about the nomination's content.

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

**Table 8. Sites Monitored.**

<b>Project</b>	<b>Number of Previously Documented Sites Monitored in FY 2025 with FCRPS Funds</b>	<b>Number of Previously Documented Sites Monitored in FY 2025 with non-FCRPS Funds</b>	<b>Total Number of Previously Documented Sites Monitored in FY 2025</b>	<b>Total Number of Site Documentation Updates in FY 2025</b>	<b>Total Number of Sites with Noted Physical Changes in FY 2025</b>
Bonneville	16	0	16	6	16
The Dalles	30	0	30	11	22
John Day	73	0	73	15	27
<b>NWP District Total</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>65</b>
McNary	20	0	20	1	18
Ice Harbor	1	0	1	0	0
Lower Monumental	9	0	9	1	6
Little Goose	10	0	10	0	10
Lower Granite	13	0	13	0	13
Dworshak	16	0	16	0	16
<b>NWW District Total</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>63</b>
Chief Joseph	20	0	20	4	19
Albeni Falls	1	0	1	0	0
Libby	9	0	9	82	0
<b>NWS District Total</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>USACE Totals</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>147</b>
Grand Coulee	63	0	63	7	40
Hungry Horse	7	0	7	0	0
<b>Reclamation Totals</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>SYSTEM TOTALS</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>187</b>

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of  
Historic Properties – March 2026*

**Table 9. Annual Maintenance Cost of Stabilization Projects.**

<b>Project</b>	<b>Site Number</b>	<b>Type of Maintenance</b>	<b>Maintenance Costs in FY 2025</b>
Bonneville			\$0
The Dalles			\$0
John Day			\$0
<b>NWP District Total</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>\$0</b>
McNary			\$0
Ice Harbor			\$0
Lower Monumental			\$0
Little Goose			\$0
Lower Granite			\$0
Dworshak			\$0
<b>NWW District Total</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>\$0</b>
Chief Joseph			\$0
Albeni Falls			\$0
Libby			\$0
<b>NWS District Total</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>\$0</b>
<b>USACE Totals</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>\$0</b>
Grand Coulee			\$0
Hungry Horse			\$0
<b>Reclamation Totals</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>\$0</b>
<b>SYSTEM TOTALS</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>\$0</b>

**Table 10. Collections Curated with FCRPS Funds.**

Project	Artifacts (cubic feet)	Records (linear feet)	Repositories with Curation Agreements	Temporary Curation Facilities or Facilities with No Curation Agreement	Collections Treated in FY 2025 Artifacts (cubic feet)	FY 2024 Curation Costs	FY 2025 Curation Costs	Newly Curated Collections in FY 2025
Bonneville	1,229	91.2	Burke Museum, Seattle, WA; Washington State University, Pullman, WA	Yakama Museum; University of Oregon	0.00	\$12,558.00	\$68,632.00	0
The Dalles	164	2	Burke Museum, Seattle, WA; Washington State University, Pullman, WA	University of Oregon	0.00	\$1,932.00	\$5,000.00	0
John Day	758	9.5	Tamastlikt Cultural Institute, Pendleton, OR Burke Museum, Seattle, WA; Washington State University, Pullman, WA	University of Oregon	0.00	\$12,296.74	\$11,871.00	0
<b>NWP District Total</b>	<b>2,151</b>	<b>102.7</b>	--	--	<b>0.00</b>	<b>\$26,786.74</b>	<b>\$85,503.00</b>	<b>0</b>
McNary	755	86.8	Washington State University, Pullman, Washington; Wanapum Heritage Center, Beverly, WA	University of Oregon, Burke Museum, Eastern Washington University, Central Washington University, Fowler Museum at UCLA <sup>a</sup>	0.00	\$40,566.83	\$42,002.00	0
Ice Harbor	147	24.1	Washington State University, Pullman, Washington	University of Oregon	0.00	\$0	\$0	0

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Project</b>	<b>Artifacts (cubic feet)</b>	<b>Records (linear feet)</b>	<b>Repositories with Curation Agreements</b>	<b>Temporary Curation Facilities or Facilities with No Curation Agreement</b>	<b>Collections Treated in FY 2025 Artifacts (cubic feet)</b>	<b>FY 2024 Curation Costs</b>	<b>FY 2025 Curation Costs</b>	<b>Newly Curated Collections in FY 2025</b>
Lower Monumental	1,519	75	Washington State University, Pullman, Washington	University of Oregon	5.00	\$50,366.41	\$41,148.08	0
Little Goose	295	22.5	Washington State University, Pullman, Washington	--	0.00	\$36,305.88	\$21,607.68	0
Lower Granite	796	69.1	Washington State University, Pullman, Washington	University of Idaho	0.00	\$0	\$7,744.00	0
Dworshak	247	12.4	Washington State University, Pullman, Washington	University of Idaho	0.00	\$18,132.14	\$0.00	0
<b>NWW District Total</b>	<b>3,759</b>	<b>289.90</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>\$145,371.26</b>	<b>\$112,501.76</b>	<b>0</b>
Chief Joseph	1,902	182	Colville Confederated Tribes Curation Facility, Nespelem, WA	--	0.00	\$104,415.40	\$64,772.00	0
Albeni Falls	106.25	28.5	Washington State University, Pullman, Washington	--	0.00	\$3,454.16	\$3,592.64	0
Libby	315	51	Salish Kootenai College Curation Facility	--	0.00	\$10,583.00	\$0.00	0
<b>NWS District Total</b>	<b>2,323.25</b>	<b>261.50</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>\$118,452.56</b>	<b>\$68,364.64</b>	<b>0</b>

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Project</b>	<b>Artifacts (cubic feet)</b>	<b>Records (linear feet)</b>	<b>Repositories with Curation Agreements</b>	<b>Temporary Curation Facilities or Facilities with No Curation Agreement</b>	<b>Collections Treated in FY 2025 Artifacts (cubic feet)</b>	<b>FY 2024 Curation Costs</b>	<b>FY 2025 Curation Costs</b>	<b>Newly Curated Collections in FY 2025</b>
<b>USACE Totals</b>	<b>8,233.25</b>	<b>670.7</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>\$290,610.56</b>	<b>\$266,369.40</b>	<b>0</b>
Grand Coulee	1,380	247	Spokane Tribe of Indians Curation Facility, Wellpinit, WA; Colville Confederated Tribes Curation Facility, Nespelem, WA; Washington State University	--	0.00	\$12,000.00	\$19,412.60	0
Hungry Horse	1	Unknown	Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribal Curation Facility	-	0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0
<b>Reclamation Totals</b>	<b>1,381</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>\$12,000.00</b>	<b>\$12,000.00</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>SYSTEM TOTALS</b>	<b>9,614.25</b>	<b>917.70</b>			<b>5.00</b>	<b>\$302,610.56</b>	<b>\$266,369.40</b>	<b>0</b>

<sup>a</sup> Collections reported from additional facilities as part of Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) Section 10.8c requirements.

**Table 11. Activities at FCRPS Dams and Reservoirs that Contributed to ARPA Compliance.**

<b>Project</b>	<b>Damage Assessments</b>	<b>ARPA Violations Issued</b>	<b>ARPA Prosecutions</b>	<b>ARPA Convictions</b>	<b>Total Number of Patrol Days in FY 2025 (FCRPS funded only)</b>
Bonneville	0	0	0	0	30
The Dalles	0	0	0	0	30
John Day	0	0	0	0	30
<b>NWP District Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>90</b>
McNary	0	0	0	0	0
Ice Harbor	0	0	0	0	0
Lower Monumental	0	0	0	0	0
Little Goose	0	0	0	0	0
Lower Granite	0	0	0	0	0
Dworshak	0	0	0	0	0
<b>NWW District Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Chief Joseph	0	0	0	0	17
Albeni Falls	0	0	0	0	0
Libby	0	0	0	0	0
<b>NWS District Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>USACE Totals</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>17</b>
Grand Coulee	8	0	0	0	68
Hungry Horse	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Reclamation Total</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>68</b>
<b>SYSTEM TOTAL</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>175</b>

**Table 12. NAGPRA Section 3 Actions – Inadvertent Discoveries Associated with Project Operations.**

<b>Project</b>	<b>Number of Discoveries</b>
Bonneville	0
The Dalles	0
John Day	0
<b>NWP District Total</b>	<b>0</b>
McNary	1
Ice Harbor	0
Lower Monumental	0
Little Goose	0
Lower Granite	0
Dworshak	0
<b>NWW District Total</b>	<b>1</b>
Chief Joseph	0
Albeni Falls	0
Libby	0
<b>NWS District Total</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>USACE Totals</b>	<b>1</b>
Grand Coulee	0
Hungry Horse	0
<b>Reclamation Totals</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>SYSTEM TOTAL</b>	<b>1</b>

**Table 13. Routine Activities Under the FCRPS Systemwide PA that Do Not Require Section 106 Consultation.**

Activity No.	Activity Description	Bonneville	The Dalles	John Day	McNary	Ice Harbor	Lower Monumental	Little Goose	Lower Granite	Dworshak	Chief Joseph	Albeni Falls	Libby	Grand Coulee	Hungry Horse	TOTALS
1	Transfer of real estate from a lead federal agency to another federal agency with equal responsibility for compliance and that has cultural resource specialists that meet the Secretary of the Interior’s standards.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Blading, ground clearing, or excavation that occurs entirely within fill, and the fill itself does not contribute to the historic significance of a property.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	5
3	Blading, ground clearing, or excavation within areas where existing ground disturbance entirely encompasses the area that would be affected by the activity and where the past disturbance was so severe as to preclude the existence of intact cultural deposits, and no known properties are present.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	0	6
4	Use of existing gravel pits, including further materials extraction and stockpiling within the pit, where no lateral expansion of the previously excavated area of the pit will occur.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Replacement or restoration of existing riprap within the demonstrated vertical and horizontal limits of previous construction or disturbance.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Adding rock fill or gravel to roads where no new ground disturbance will occur and no recorded properties are within the road bed.	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
7	Treatment of weed infestations that does not violate the chemical label, does not involve ground disturbance, where no features (such as pictographs or petroglyphs) that might be damaged are present, and does not occur within landscaped areas where native plant communities might be harvested.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Activity No.	Activity Description	Bonneville	The Dalles	John Day	McNary	Ice Harbor	Lower Monumental	Little Goose	Lower Granite	Dworshak	Chief Joseph	Albemi Falls	Libby	Grand Coulee	Hungry Horse	TOTALS
8	Encroachment thinning using hand methods to lop branches and cut small trees and brush, where material is dropped in place, stumps are left in place, and no chemical treatments are used. This would not include areas with culturally modified trees.	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
9	Routine maintenance and repair to interiors or exteriors of existing buildings and structures that are less than 50 years old (subject to limitations defined above) or have been determined “not eligible” for the NRHP in consultation with the SHPO/THPO, and where there are no other properties in the immediate vicinity.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Maintenance or repair of fence lines that are less than 50 years old, where no ground disturbance occurs or the fence line is on fill, there will be no movement, removal, or alteration of rock, and where the fence is not located within the boundaries of a historic property, or where the property has been determined “not eligible” for the NRHP in consultation with the SHPO/THPO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	Rodent control that does not involve ground disturbance, no movement, removal, or alteration of rock, or contamination of native or traditional foods and plant fibers.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Installation, repair, or replacement of signs and markers on existing buildings or structures that are less than 50 years old, where there is no visual intrusion to nearby historic properties.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Installation, repair, or replacement of signs and markers where no ground disturbance will occur, or where installation is confined to disturbed areas or fill, and without movement, removal, or alteration of rock.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	3

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Activity No.	Activity Description	Bonneville	The Dalles	John Day	McNary	Ice Harbor	Lower Monumental	Little Goose	Lower Granite	Dworshak	Chief Joseph	Albemi Falls	Libby	Grand Coulee	Hungry Horse	TOTALS
14	Installation, repair, or replacement of monitoring equipment where no ground disturbance occurs, there will be no movement, removal, or alteration of rock, the activity is not located within the boundaries of a historic property, or where the property has been determined “not eligible” for the NRHP in consultation with the SHPO/THPO. Examples of such equipment are stream flow or dissolved gas gauges, weather stations, animal traps, and security monitoring or transmitting devices.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
15	Excavations for maintaining, removing, or replacing tile, ditches, fire lines, dikes, levees, pipes, pipelines, cables, telephone lines, fiber optic lines, signs, gates, or cattle guards, when the property or items are less than 50 years old, or have been determined “not eligible” in consultation with the SHPO/THPO, where they are not within or part of a historic property, and where excavations, including heavy equipment operation, occur within the demonstrated vertical and horizontal limits of previous construction, and within previously surveyed areas.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
16	Small bore (less than 6-inch diameter) drilling within areas previously surveyed and outside of known property areas.	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3
17	Repair, replacement, and installation of energy conservation, health and life safety, accessibility, and security measures that do not affect the historic or architectural values and character-defining features of historic properties, and do not involve ground disturbance. Examples of activities that would NOT be included are: removal, replacement, reconstruction, or reconfiguring of original staircases, windows, or doors, or their openings; cutting new door or window openings on public facades; or introducing visually intrusive new materials or structures on public facades or into contributing surrounding landscapes. Any alteration of historic buildings implemented	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	0	0	7

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Activity No.</b>	<b>Activity Description</b>	<b>Bonneville</b>	<b>The Dalles</b>	<b>John Day</b>	<b>McNary</b>	<b>Ice Harbor</b>	<b>Lower Monumental</b>	<b>Little Goose</b>	<b>Lower Granite</b>	<b>Dworshak</b>	<b>Chief Joseph</b>	<b>Albemi Falls</b>	<b>Libby</b>	<b>Grand Coulee</b>	<b>Hungry Horse</b>	<b>TOTALS</b>
	under this category will comply with the Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for Rehabilitation (36 CFR. part 67) and will be reversible.															
18	Repair or replacement of equipment or material that is not original to a historic structure and where the replacement will not cause an effect upon the historic or architectural values and defining features of historic properties.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	3
19	Maintenance of existing trails, walks, paths, sidewalks, and associated signage, and work is conducted within the demonstrated vertical and horizontal limits of previous construction or disturbance, and no known properties are within the work area.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Maintenance within existing road or parking lot profiles, such as repaving, grading, cleaning inboard ditches, repairing, brushing, signing and sign maintenance or replacing guards and gates within the demonstrated vertical and horizontal limits of previous construction or disturbance.	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7
<b>TOTALS</b>		3	2	0	6	1	0	1	5	0	8	7	7	1	0	41

**Table 14. Status of Project Historic Property Management Plans and Project-Specific Agreements.**

Project	Date of Current HPMP	HPMP Update in Progress	PSPA in Progress	Date PSPA/HPMP Finalized
Bonneville	2006	--	--	--
The Dalles	2023	complete	n/a	11/16/2023
John Day	2002	yes	no	--
McNary	2000	yes	no	--
Ice Harbor	2000	no	--	--
Lower Monumental	2000	no	--	--
Little Goose	2000	no	--	--
Lower Granite	2000	no	--	--
Dworshak	2025	complete	n/a	9/12/2025
Chief Joseph	2024	complete	n/a	9/13/2024
Albeni Falls	2008	yes	n/a	--
Libby	2007	yes	--	3/1/2014
Grand Coulee	2018	no	yes	--
Hungry Horse	2017	no	no	9/30/2024

**Table 15. FCRPS Cultural Resource Program Expenditures.**

Agency	FY 2025 Obligated Funds	FY 2025 Expenditures	Cumulative Program Expenditures FY 1999 – FY 2024	Cumulative Program Expenditures to Date (FY 1999 – FY 2025)
<b>USACE</b>	\$5,322,537	\$5,400,653	\$95,368,020	\$100,768,673
<b>Reclamation</b>	\$4,446,000	\$2,331,582	\$67,869,698	\$70,201,280
<b>Systemwide Expenses</b>	\$476,050	\$287,134	\$1,889,056	\$2,176,190
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>\$10,244,587</b>	<b>\$8,019,369</b>	<b>\$165,126,774</b>	<b>\$173,146,143</b>

**Table 16. FY 2025 BPA Staff Participation.**

Agency	Salaries	Travel	Supplies/Training	Total
<b>BPA</b>	\$815,855 <sup>a</sup>	\$21,313	\$1,561	\$838,729

<sup>a</sup> Salary total for FY 2025 includes salary for BPA's contracted notetaker, which was not included in salary calculations previously.

## **APPENDIX A – COOPERATING GROUPS**

### **1. Wana Pa Koot Koot Cooperating Group**

Projects: Bonneville, The Dalles, and John Day

Participants: Bonneville Power Administration; Bureau of Indian Affairs; Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area (U.S. Forest Service); Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation; Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation; Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation of Oregon; Nez Perce Tribe; Oregon State Historic Preservation Office; U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Portland District; and Washington Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation.

### **2. Payos Kuus Cuukwe Cooperating Group**

Projects: McNary, Ice Harbor, Little Goose, Lower Granite, and Lower Monumental

Participants: Bonneville Power Administration; Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation; Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation; Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation; Idaho State Historical Society; Nez Perce Tribe; Oregon State Historic Preservation Office; U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District; Wanapum Band; and Washington Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation.

### **3. Timiimap Cooperating Group**

Project: Dworshak

Participants: Bonneville Power Administration; Idaho State Historical Society; Nez Perce Tribe; U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District

### **4. Chief Joseph Cooperating Group**

Project: Chief Joseph Dam

Participants: Bonneville Power Administration; Bureau of Land Management; Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation; U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District; and Washington Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation.

### **5. Lake Roosevelt Spokane Arm Cooperating Group**

Project: Grand Coulee Dam

Participants: Bonneville Power Administration; Bureau of Reclamation; National Park Service, Lake Roosevelt National Recreation Area; Spokane Tribe of Indians; and Washington Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation.

### **6. Lake Roosevelt Mainstem Cooperating Group**

Project: Grand Coulee Dam

Participants: Bonneville Power Administration; Bureau of Reclamation; Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation; National Park Service, Lake Roosevelt National Recreation Area; and Washington Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation.

**7. Albeni Falls Cooperating Group**

Project: Albeni Falls Dam

Participants: Bonneville Power Administration; Bureau of Land Management; Coeur d’Alene Tribe; Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes; Idaho Panhandle National Forest; Idaho State Historical Society; Kalispel Tribe; Kootenai Tribe of Idaho; and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District.

**8. Libby Cooperating Group**

Project: Libby Dam Project

Participants: Bonneville Power Administration; Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes; Kootenai National Forest; Montana State Historic Preservation Office; and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District.

**9. Hungry Horse Cooperating Group**

Project: Hungry Horse Dam

Participants: Bonneville Power Administration; Bureau of Reclamation; Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes; Flathead National Forest; and Montana State Historic Preservation Office.

## **APPENDIX B - DEFINITIONS**

**Acres Resurveyed with FCRPS Program Funds in Current Fiscal Year** – Includes acres inventoried for archaeological sites and historic structures in current fiscal year where survey has taken place previously. Includes FCRPS-funded work.

**Acres Surveyed with FCRPS Program Funds in Current Fiscal Year** – Number of acres newly surveyed to identify archaeological sites and historic structures in the current fiscal year.

**Agency** – Any one of the three FCRPS Lead Federal Agencies [Bonneville Power Administration (BPA), U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), or Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation)].

**APE Acres** – Total Project Acres plus other lands that fall within defined Areas of Potential Effects (APEs). Definition of this term varies by Project and is explained in Project appendices.

**APE Acres Ordinarily Accessible for Survey** – This is the APE area or areas, excluding the original river course, where: slope is greater than 30 percent; lands are non-Federal and access cannot be obtained; and the lands are below the “minimum operating level” elevation.

**Area of Potential Effects (APE)** – The geographic area or areas within which an undertaking may directly or indirectly cause alterations in the character or use of historic properties, if any such properties exist. The APE is influenced by the scale and nature of an undertaking and may be different for different kinds of effects caused by the undertaking [Systemwide Programmatic Agreement 2009:39; 36 Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) 800.16(d)].

**Collections** – Material remains that are excavated or removed during a survey, excavation, or other study of a prehistoric or historic resource, and associated records that are prepared or assembled in connection with the survey, excavation, or other study (36 CFR 79.4(a)).

**Contributing** – A site or property evaluated as contributing to a National Register district.

**Curation** – Managing and preserving a collection according to professional museum and archival practices as defined in 36 CFR 79.4.

**Eligible** – A site that has been determined eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places through consensus determination or by formal determination from the Keeper of the Register through consultation processes defined in 36 CFR Part 800 and those sites already listed in the National Register of Historic Places.

**Ethnographic Study** – A review of traditional patterns of behavior, often supported by oral history interviews with traditional cultural authorities like Tribal elders.

**FCRPS-Funded** – Combined BPA ratepayer generated funds and matching USACE/Reclamation congressionally appropriated funds. Also called “joint funds.” This funding has supported the FCRPS Cultural Resource Program since its inception in 1997.

**Historic Property** – Any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, structure, or object included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places maintained by the Secretary of the Interior. This term includes artifacts, records, and remains that are related to and located within such properties. The term includes properties of traditional religious and cultural importance to an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian Organization and that meet the NRHP criteria (Systemwide PA 2009:40-41, 36 CFR 800.16(l)(1)).

**Historic Properties of Religious and Cultural Significance to Indian Tribes**

**(HPRCSIT)** – One kind of Traditional Cultural Place/Property (TCP). Unlike a TCP, to which any group or organization can ascribe significance, the term “historic properties of traditional religious and cultural significance to an Indian Tribe” is used in Federal law and regulation to describe a historic property to which specifically an Indian Tribe attaches spiritual or cultural value. Section 101(d)(6)(A) of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) states that “Properties of traditional religious and cultural importance to an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization may be determined to be eligible for inclusion on the NRHP.” As with any historic property, a HPRCSIT must be a property (i.e., be a physical place) and needs to have a history of use for traditional religious and cultural activities or association with religious or cultural beliefs in the past. However, the property does not have to have been in continual use up to the present day, and its association with beliefs may have been revitalized in recent times after a period of quiescence or suppression (Systemwide PA 2009:40).

**Joint Funded** – Combined funds provided by BPA from power revenues and congressionally appropriated funds provided by USACE and Reclamation, as defined in the two Joint Funding Agreements.

**Minimum Operating Level** – The level which water will not go below during conventional dam operations, or the maximum area that would ever be accessible for cultural resources investigations.

**Monitoring** – Observing and documenting changes to a historic property through time.

**Multiple Property Listing** – A group listing in the National Register of Historic Places that consists of related properties that share a common theme.

**National Historic Landmark** – Nationally significant historic places designated by the Secretary of the Interior because they possess exceptional value or quality in illustrating or interpreting the heritage of the United States (National Park Service).

**National Register District** – A geographically definable area, urban or rural, possessing a significant concentration, linkage, or continuity of sites, buildings, structures, or objects united by past events or aesthetically by plan or physical development. A district may

also comprise individual elements separated geographically but linked by association or history (36 CFR 60.3).

**National Register Criteria for Evaluation** – The four criteria (a-d) applied to evaluate properties for the NRHP described in 36 CFR 60.4.

**National Register of Historic Places** – According to the National Park Service, the National Register of Historic Places is “the official list of the Nation’s historic places worthy of preservation.” The National Park Service, through the authority of the Secretary of the Interior, maintains the National Register of Historic Places. Sites are determined eligible for listing in the NRHP using criteria defined in 36 CFR 60.4 (Systemwide PA 2009:41).

**Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act of 1990** – According to the National NAGPRA Program, the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3001-3013, 43 CFR Part 10 was passed to resolve the disposition of Native American cultural items and human remains under the control of Federal agencies and institutions that receive Federal funding ("museums"), as well as the ownership or control of cultural items and human remains discovered on Federal or Tribal lands after November 16, 1990. The statute and regulations outline the rights and responsibilities of lineal descendants, Indian Tribes (to include Alaska Native villages), Native Hawaiian organizations, Federal agencies, and museums under the Act, and provide procedures for compliance. Categories of objects subject to and defined in NAGPRA [25 USC 3001 (3)] include the categories listed below.

- Human remains: physical remains of a Native American
- Funerary objects: placed near individual human remains as part of a death rite or ceremony (includes associated and un-associated)
- Sacred objects: needed for the modern-day practice of traditional Native American religions
- Cultural patrimony: group-owned objects having ongoing importance to the community

**Non-contributing** – A site evaluated as not contributing to the historical significance of a NRHP District.

**Non-FCRPS-Funded** – Non-joint funding outside of that allocated to the FCRPS Cultural Resource Program. Can include congressional appropriations, Federal highway projects, American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) projects, privately funded projects, etc.

**Not Eligible** – A site that has been determined not eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places through consensus determination or by formal determination

from the Keeper of the Register through consultation processes defined in 36 CFR Part 800.

**Number of New Sites Documented with FCRPS Program Funds in FY** – Number of sites documented through FCRPS-funded efforts in the current fiscal year.

**Number of New Sites Documented with Non-FCRPS Program Funds in FY** – Number of sites documented through non-FCRPS funded sources (regulatory projects, highway projects, etc.) in current fiscal year.

**Property** – All historic properties and, for identification and/or evaluation purposes, all locations/sites affected by the undertaking that may contain evidence of past human use or traditional religious and cultural importance that have yet to be identified/evaluated. Also, see definition of “Historic Property” (Systemwide PA 2009:42).

**Testing** – Determination of the nature, extent, and integrity of archaeological deposits through limited excavation or disturbance.

**Total Number of Sites Documented as of FY (Cumulative)** – Number of documented sites across the FCRPS as of the end of the current fiscal year.

**Total Number of Sites at Project as of FY (Cumulative)** – Total number of sites documented as of the end of the current fiscal year (includes all FCRPS and non-FCRPS funded work).

**Total Number of Site Documentation Updates in FY** – Number of previously documented sites for which records (site forms, maps, etc.) were updated in the current fiscal year.

**Total Project Acres (Fee and Easement Lands)** – All USACE/Reclamation controlled fee, easement, and withdrawn acres that are permanently or periodically inundated and/or extend above the maximum pool but are not submerged. Includes all USACE/Reclamation administered lands currently included in the Project and may include some long-term leases.

**Total Project Acres Surveyed as of FY (Cumulative)** – Cumulative number of acres surveyed to date (FCRPS and non-FCRPS funded work) for archaeological sites, historic sites, and historic structures. Includes only new survey.

**Traditional Cultural Place/Property (TCP)** – A property that may be “eligible for inclusion in the NRHP because of its association with cultural practices or beliefs of a living community that (a) are rooted in that community’s history, and (b) are important in maintaining the continuing cultural identity of the community;” National Park Service, National Register Bulletin 38, *Guidelines for Evaluating and Documenting Traditional Cultural Properties* (1990). The property must meet the requirements defined in 36 CFR 60.4 and Bulletin 38. Historic Properties of Religious and Cultural Significance to Indian Tribes (HPRCSIT) are a type of TCP (Systemwide PA 2009:42).

## APPENDIX C – FY 2025 FINAL DELIVERABLES

Project	Document Author	Document Date	Document Title	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment	Other	TCP
<b>Bonneville</b>								
	Muro, Sophie	2/3/2025	Burke Museum Annual Curation Report	N	N	N	Y	N
	CTWSRO	10/2024-9/2025	Memaloose Island 35WS217 Monthly Site Condition Monitoring	N	Y	Y	N	N
<b>The Dalles</b>								
	Yakama Nation	8/11/2025	Wildlife Youth Wilderness Camp Cultural Resources Field Class	N	N	Y	Y	N
	Williams, Trevor D.	7/21/2025	Mid-Columbia Tribal Housing Oral History Summary Report	Y	N	N	Y	N
	Crippen, Leslie	9/24/2025	Treatment Plan Form for 45KL2698: Relocation of petroglyphs to Columbia Hills State Park	N	Y	Y	N	N
	Dean, J. Claire	4/21/2025	45KL2698 Conservation Needs Assessment	N	N	N	Y	N
	Dean, J. Claire	4/21/2025	45KL65 Conservation Needs Assessment	N	N	N	Y	N
<b>John Day</b>								
	Frierson, Andrew G.	7/21/2025	2025 Cultural Resource Monitoring of Sites Along the John Day Reservoir	N	Y	Y	N	N
	Minthorn, Daisy	3/4/2025	Tamastlikt Annual Curation Report	N	N	N	Y	N
<b>Bonneville and The Dalles</b>								
	Hylton, et al.	6/11/2025	Fiscal Year 2024 Site Condition Monitoring at the South Shore of the Bonneville and The Dalles Projects	N	Y	Y	Y	N
	WSGV	7/10/2025	2025 TCP-HPRCSIT Inventory Evaluation Plan	N	Y	N	N	Y
	WSGV	10/14/2025	Warm Springs GeoVisions 2025 Community Outreach Summary	N	N	Y	Y	N
<b>The Dalles and John Day</b>								
	Battaglia, Mario	5/9/2025	Nez Perce Tribe Traditional Cultural Property Site Condition Walkthrough and Baseline Monitoring for the Federal Columbia River Power System	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
<b>Bonneville, The Dalles, and John Day</b>								

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Document Author	Document Date	Document Title	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment	Other	TCP
	Battaglia, Mario	6/16/2025	FCRPS Summary Report Based on the Latest Ethnographic Research by the Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resource Program	Y	N	N	Y	Y
	Gray, Ian	3/19/2025	Cultural Resource Monitoring on the Washington Shore of The Dalles, John Day, and Bonneville Project Areas	N	Y	Y	Y	N
	Spino, Jennifer	4/23/2025	2024 CRITFC 2024 ARPA Enforcement Annual Report	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
<b>McNary</b>								
	Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation	2024	11 monitoring forms and 1 merged site update form from the Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation for monitoring at McNary. The sites monitored are: 45BN23, 45BN25, 45BN52, 45BN161, 45BN191, 45BN329, 45FR17, 45FR101, 45FR621, and 45WT57. The site form merged 45BN23 and 45BN329 into 45BN23. Task Order W912EF-24-P-5002.	Y	N	N	Y	N
	Confederated Tribes of and Bands of the Yakama Nation	2025	<i>Scope of Work – Extension of Coyote’s Journey Multiple Property Document (MPD).</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation Cultural Resource Program. Task Order W912EF-24-P-5002.	Y	Y	N	N	Y
	Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation, Cultural Resources Protection Program	2025	10 monitoring forms from the Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation for site condition monitoring at McNary. The sites monitored are: 45BN52, 45BN161, 45BN191, 45BN481, 45BN582, 45BN1658, 45FR5, 45FR20, 45FR21, and 45FR29. Task Order W912EF-23-F-0007.	N	N	N	Y	N
	Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation, Cultural Resources Protection Program	2025	<i>Scope of Work – Twin Sisters Archaeological Survey.</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by the Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation, Cultural Resources Protection Program. Task Order W912EF-24-F-0009.	Y	Y	N	N	Y

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Project</b>	<b>Document Author</b>	<b>Document Date</b>	<b>Document Title</b>	<b>Identification</b>	<b>Evaluation</b>	<b>Treatment</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>TCP</b>
	Morét Crockett, Celia	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form Addendum 1 for 45BN23 (Columbia Point): Phase 1- Bank Stabilization Design. Consultation package mailed to consulting parties September 24, 2025.</i>	N	N	Y	N	Y
	Wilson, Dianna and Paul Solimano	2025	<i>Cultural Resources Survey of the Shoreline between Two Rivers Canal and Hood Park, Walla Walla County, Washington. Prepared for Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by WillametteCRA, Portland, OR. Contract W912EF-23-F-0007.</i>	Y	N	N	N	N
<b>Ice Harbor</b>								
	Loubser, J.H.N.	2025	<i>Graffiti Removal at the Ice Harbor Indian Memorial, Walla Walla County, Washington. Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by Stratum Unlimited, New York, NY. Contract No. W912EF-25-P-0002.</i>	N	N	Y	N	N
	Morton, Ashley	2025	<i>CTUIR Spring WS Deliverable [Ice Harbor Off-Corps Lands Survey Parcels]. Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by the Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation, Cultural Resources Protection Program. Task Order W912EF-25-F-0030.</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
	Orsen, Aren	2024	<i>2024 Survey of USACE Lands Near Windust, Franklin County, Washington, Township 12N Range 34E, Sec 4, 8, 9. Includes report, monitoring form for 45FR475, new site forms for 45FR703 and 45FR704, and a site update form for 45WT241. Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Contract No. W912EF-24-F-0008.</i>	Y	N	N	N	N

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Project</b>	<b>Document Author</b>	<b>Document Date</b>	<b>Document Title</b>	<b>Identification</b>	<b>Evaluation</b>	<b>Treatment</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>TCP</b>
	Orsen, Aren	2025	<i>CCT PKC 2024 Spring Workshop Deliverable [GIS Selection of Ice Harbor Off-Corps Lands Survey Parcels].</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation. Task Order W912EF-25-F-0029.	N	N	N	Y	N
<b>McNary &amp; Ice Harbor &amp; Little Goose</b>								
	Orsen, Aren	2025	<i>PKC 2025 Site Visits April 8-9, 2025, CCT Summary and Recommendations.</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by the CCT History/Archaeology Program. Task Order W912EF-25-F-0029.	N	N	N	Y	N
	Baird, Pat	2025	<i>Payos Kuus Cuukwe Site Visits, April 2025, Nez Perce Tribe Notes.</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by the Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resources Program. Task Order W912EF-25-P-0009.	N	N	N	Y	N
<b>Lower Monumental</b>								
	Bonstead, Leah	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form Addendum 2 for Palus Canyon Traditional Cultural Property (Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation):</i> Shoreline Monitoring and Reporting within the Lower Monumental Project Area. Consultation package mailed to consulting parties September 24, 2025	N	N	Y	N	Y
	Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program	2025	9 monitoring forms from the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation for site condition monitoring at Lower Monumental. The sites monitored are: 45CO1, 45FR306, 45FR423, 45FR508, 45FR509, 45WT215, 45WT239, 45WT241, and 45WT242. Task Order W912EF-24-F-0008.	N	N	N	Y	N
<b>Little Goose</b>								
	Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation	2025	7 monitoring forms from the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation for site condition monitoring at Little Goose. The sites monitored	N	N	N	Y	N

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Project</b>	<b>Document Author</b>	<b>Document Date</b>	<b>Document Title</b>	<b>Identification</b>	<b>Evaluation</b>	<b>Treatment</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>TCP</b>
	History/Archaeology Program		are: 45GA26, 45WT10, 45WT30, 45WT31, 45WT33, 45WT220/221/222, and 45WT436. Task Order W912EF-24-F-0008.					
	Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resources Program	2025	2 monitoring forms from the Nez Perce Tribe for monitoring at Little Goose. The sites monitored are: 45GA1 and 45GA11. Task Order W912EF-24-F-0012.	N	N	N	Y	N
<b>Lower Granite</b>								
	Battaglia, Mario	2025	<i>NPS Form 10-900 National Register of Historic Places Registration Form for Wawáawii.</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by the Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resource Program, Lapwai, ID. Task Order W912EF-23-F-0020.	N	Y	N	N	Y
	Moon, Jonathan and Mario Battaglia	2025	<i>Traditional Use Study and Determination of Eligibility for Wawáawii, Whitman County, Washington.</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by the Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resource Program, Lapwai, ID. Task Order W912EF-23-F-0020.	N	Y	N	N	Y
	Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resources Program	2025	12 monitoring forms from the Nez Perce Tribe for monitoring at Lower Granite. The sites monitored are: 10NP109, 10NP110, 10NP131, 10NP151, 45AS93, 45AS99, 45AS105, 45GA53, 45WT55, 45WT65, 45WT78/79, and 45WT102. Task Order W912EF-24-F-0012.	N	N	N	Y	N
	Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resources Program	2025	<i>Scope of Work – A Proposal for a Traditional Landscape Study of the Lower Granite Project Area as Partial Mitigation for Wawáawii.</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by the Nez Perce Tribe, Cultural Resources Program. Task Order W912EF-24-F-0012.	N	N	Y	N	Y
<b>McNary, Ice Harbor, Lower Monumental, Little Goose, and Lower Granite</b>								

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Project</b>	<b>Document Author</b>	<b>Document Date</b>	<b>Document Title</b>	<b>Identification</b>	<b>Evaluation</b>	<b>Treatment</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>TCP</b>
	BPA and USACE	8/2024	<i>Payos Kuus Cuukwe Project Management Process Changes for FY 2025. Based on USACE and BPA Internal Meeting Notes July 18, 2024. Discussed with PKC on August 14, 2024</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
<b>Dworshak</b>								
	Chadez, Jenifer	2025	<i>2024 Above Drawdown Survey at Evans Creek, Dworshak Reservoir Project, Clearwater County, Idaho. Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by the Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resource Program, Lapwai, ID. Task Order W912EF-24-F-0012.</i>	Y	Y	N	N	N
	Daniels, Michael	2013, updated 2024	<i>Bruce’s Eddy, 10-CW-1. Multiple Property Nomination for Rock Image Sites in Southeastern Washington, Northeastern Oregon, and Northwestern Idaho. Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by Willamette Cultural Resources Associates, Ltd, Portland, Oregon.</i>	N	Y	N	N	N
	FCRPS Cultural Resource Program	2025	<i>Historic Properties Management Plan Dworshak Dam and Reservoir Project. Prepared by the Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resource Program, Lapwai, ID, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District, Walla Walla, WA, and Bonneville Power Administration, Portland, OR.</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
	Hall, Scott M.	2025	<i>Letter of Determination of Eligibility for Listing in the National Register of Historic Places for Timiimap (Bruce’s Eddy), Yúksmas and Yúksa (Elk Butte and Elk Creek), Lower Tiplámpa (Lower North Fork), Middle Tiplámpa (Middle North Fork), and Wáxpanma (Little North Fork). Concurrence as eligible received from the Nez Perce Tribe on June 13, 2025. No comments received from the Idaho State Historic Preservation Office within 30-day consultation period.</i>	N	Y	N	N	Y

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Project</b>	<b>Document Author</b>	<b>Document Date</b>	<b>Document Title</b>	<b>Identification</b>	<b>Evaluation</b>	<b>Treatment</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>TCP</b>
	Knights, Jennifer	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for 10CW001- Fishing Rock: Condition Assessment and Relocation. Signed by all consulting parties September 29, 2025 (last date listed).</i>	N	N	Y	N	N
	Knights, Jennifer	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for 10CW1509 and 10CW1510 (Magnus Bay): Phase I- Signage, Phase IIa- Collections Rehabilitation and Analysis, and Phase IIb- Ethnobotanical Ethnographic Interviews and Archival Research. Signed by all consulting parties October 20, 2025 (last date listed).</i>	N	N	Y	N	Y
	Knights, Jennifer	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for Timiimap (Bruce's Eddy), Yuksmas and Yuksa (Elk Butte and Elk Creek), Lower Tiplampa (Lower North Fork), Middle Tiplampa (Middle North Fork), and Waxpanma (Little North Fork): Ethnographic Photo Project. Signed by all consulting parties October 20, 2025 (last date listed).</i>	N	N	Y	N	Y
	Morét Crockett, Celia	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for 10CW639 (Evans Creek): Data Recovery Plan and Signage. Signed by all consulting parties October 20, 2025 (last date listed).</i>	N	N	Y	N	Y
	Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resources Program	2025	16 monitoring forms from the Nez Perce Tribe for site condition monitoring at Dworshak. The sites monitored are: 10CW634, 10CW635, 10CW638, 10CW639, 10CW640, 10CW977, 10CW978, 10CW979, 10CW980, 10CW981, 10CW982, 10CW984, 10CW985, 10CW986, 10CW1020, and 10CW1094. Task Order W912EF-24-F-0012.	N	N	N	Y	N
<b>Bonneville, The Dalles, John Day, McNary, Ice Harbor, Lower Monumental, Little Goose, Lower Granite, Dworshak, and Albeni Falls</b>								
	Fladd, Samantha, Madison Pullis, and Cassady Fairlane	2024	<i>Report of Archaeological Curation Services and Rehabilitation Activities Provided to the Walla Walla District U.S. Army Corps of Engineers by the Museum of Anthropology at Washington State University for the Period of September 1, 2023-</i>	N	N	N	Y	N

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Document Author	Document Date	Document Title	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment	Other	TCP
			<i>August 31, 2024. Washington State University, Pullman, WA. Contract W912EF-23-P-5038.</i>					
<b>Chief Joseph</b>								
	Beery, Derek S.	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form 45OK903: Bank Stabilization Design. Signed by Lead Federal Agencies (last date listed) September 3, 2025.</i>	N	N	Y	N	Y
	Bovee, Jordan	2025	<i>FY2025 Annual Report, Chief Joseph Dam Project, Douglas County and Colville Indian Reservation, Okanogan County, Washington. Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
	Bovee, Jordan D.	2025	<i>Results of 2025 Site Condition &amp; Shoreline Monitoring within the Chief Joseph Dam Project, Douglas County and Colville Indian Reservation, Okanogan County, Washington. Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
	Capuder, Karen M.	2024	<i>FY2024 Annual Report, Chief Joseph Dam Project, Douglas County and Colville Indian Reservation, Okanogan County, Washington. Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
	Carlson, Eric	2024	<i>Chief Joseph Dam and Rufus Woods Lake Project, Archaeological Site 45DO278 Scientific Illustration Project. Desert Archaeology, Inc., Tucson, AZ</i>	N	N	Y	N	Y
	Cook, Jacqueline M.	2024	<i>End of Contract Letter Report re: Chief Joseph Dam Project Area (CJDPA) Curation and Maintenance of Archaeological Material. Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
	Morét Crockett, Celia	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form 45OK11: Oral History and Documentary Film on Tribal Community Members' Work on the Chief Joseph Dam Cultural Resources Project. Signed by Lead Federal Agencies (last date listed) September 3, 2025.</i>	N	N	Y	N	Y

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Document Author	Document Date	Document Title	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment	Other	TCP
	Naumann, Aaron J.	2025	<i>FY13 Data Recovery and Site Stabilization at 45OK239, Chief Joseph Dam Project Area, Colville Indian Reservation, Okanogan County (T31N, R30E, Sec.32), Washington.</i> Edited by Guy Moura, Connor Armi, and Jordan Bovee, Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA.	N	N	Y	N	N
<b>Albeni Falls</b>								
	Ashley, Kayla and Patrick Lefthand	2025	<i>Seventeen 10BR05 Site Stewardship Forms for Summer 2025</i>	N	N	N	N	Y
	Ashley, Kayla and Madeline Caye	2024	<i>FY 2024 10BR05 Site Stewardship Report</i>	N	N	N	N	Y
	Ashley, Kayla	2024-2025	<i>Four quarterly reports for Fiscal Year 2025 Submitted to the AFD USACE Project Manager from the CSKT Preservation Office reporting on monthly projects, accomplishments, any concerns or issues, and upcoming projects</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
	Ashley, Kayla	2025	<i>Four quarterly reports for Fiscal Year 2023 Submitted to the AFD USACE Project Manager from the CSKT Preservation Office reporting on monthly projects, accomplishments, any concerns or issues, and upcoming projects</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
	MacIntosh, Sarah and Jacques Kerkhove-Peltier	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for 10BR2652: For developing interpretative signage about the site</i>	N	N	Y	N	N
	MacIntosh, Sarah	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for 10BR2690: For developing interpretive signage about the site</i>	N	N	Y	N	Y
	Lyons, Kevin J.	2025	<i>Technical Memorandum 2025-005: Quarterly Report for W912D26D1016 submitted to the AFD USACE Project Manager from the Kalispel Tribe Natural Resource Department reporting on monthly projects, accomplishments, any concerns or issues, and upcoming projects</i>	Y	N	N	Y	N
	LeMieux, Jim and Kevin J. Lyons	2025	<i>West Carey Creek Sites along the Pend Oreille River, Idaho LiDAR Map</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
<b>Libby</b>								

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Project</b>	<b>Document Author</b>	<b>Document Date</b>	<b>Document Title</b>	<b>Identification</b>	<b>Evaluation</b>	<b>Treatment</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>TCP</b>
	Phillips, Kelly	2025	<i>Treatment Plan form for 24LN510 For developing a condition assessment for vandalized pictograph</i>	N	N	Y	N	N
	Perhay, Nathan	2025	<i>Treatment Plan form for 24LN580 For stabilization and boulder placement</i>	N	N	Y	N	N
	Ashley, Kayla	2025	<i>CSKT annual report for Fiscal Year 2025 Submitted to the LD USACE Project Manager from the CSKT Preservation Office reporting on accomplishments, monitoring events, and documentation reviews.</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
	Ardis, Gabrielle and Kayla Ashley	2025	<i>Two Quarterly reports for Fiscal Year 2025 Submitted to the LD USACE Project Manager from the CSKT Preservation Office reporting on cooperating group participants.</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
	Ashley, Kayla and Patrick Lefthand	2025	<i>Eight 24LN510 Big Creek Monitoring Forms for Spring and Summer 2025</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
	Ashley, Kayla	2025	<i>FY2022 Trails Study Summary Report</i>	N	N	Y	N	N
	Hope, Shane	2025	<i>81 Site forms for sites within LJAD Archaeological District</i>	Y	Y	N	N	N
	Mulholland, Meghan	2025	<i>Bristow Creek TCP Documentation</i>	Y	Y	N	N	Y
<b>Grand Coulee</b>								
	Covington, Brenda L.	2025	<i>FY2025 Pictograph Survey Summary Report, Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Okanogan County, Washington. August 2025. Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 2a1.</i>  [Revisited sites 45OK00007 / 45OK00504 and documented pictographs using color enhancing application DStretch to identify imagery that may not be visible to the naked eye]	Y	N	N	N	N

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Document Author	Document Date	Document Title	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment	Other	TCP
	Orsen, Aren A. and Covington, Brenda L.	2025	<i>1939 Burial Removals Resulting from the Construction of Grand Coulee Dam and Lake Roosevelt Reservoir: A GIS Analysis of Thirty-Three Bureau of Reclamation Grave Location Maps, Douglas, Ferry, Grant, Lincoln, Okanogan, and Stevens Counties, Washington. Final Report. September 2025.</i> Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 2b1.	Y	N	N	N	N
	Covington, Brenda L., Cheung, Jacqueline Y., Gleason, Eric B., and Orsen, Aren A.	2025	<i>Cemetery Inventory Report, Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Douglas, Ferry, Grant, Lincoln, Okanogan, and Stevens Counties, Washington. September 2025.</i> Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 2b1.  [review of existing research on the locations of historic and unmarked cemeteries within the Grand Coulee Mainstem APE and recommendations for future research/inventory for cemeteries within the APE]	Y	N	N	N	N
	Covington, Brenda L. and Orsen, Aren A.	2025	<i>FY2025 Hall Creek Cemetery Inventory Summary Report, Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Ferry County, Washington. October 2025.</i> Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 2c1.  [Hall Creek Cemetery was established during construction of the Grand Coulee Dam to rebury	Y	N	N	N	N

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Document Author	Document Date	Document Title	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment	Other	TCP
			people disinterred from Indian Cemeteries ahead of the rising waters of Lake Roosevelt reservoir. CTCR H/A documented and mapped the location, size, and extent of reburials at the cemetery using photogrammetry, LiDAR, aerial imagery, ground penetrating radar, and historical research]					
	Brewer, Julie	2025	<i>Historic Human Remains Detection Dog Survey Report, Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Ferry, Lincoln, Okanogan, and Stevens Counties, Washington. May 2025.</i> CTCR Subcontract C24-209; PO 173383. Canine Forensics Foundation, Sequim, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 2d1.  [four days of canine forensic team survey at six sites (45FE00007, 45FE00347, 45ST00067, 45ST00438, 45ST00600 45LI00608) in areas where burials are known or suspected to exist]	Y	N	N	N	N
	Miller, Crystal	2025	<i>Traditional Cultural Property Inventory Summary Report. Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Douglas, Ferry, Grant, Lincoln, Okanogan and Stevens Counties, Washington. September 2025.</i> Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespalem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 3a1.  [completed 10 TCP forms including two days of fieldwork to document and map five TCPs (153, 156, 161, 162, and 164), and prepared Geodatabase]	Y	N	N	N	Y
	Miller, Crystal	2025	<i>Email Letter Report: Project Specific Interview List. Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem,</i>	Y	N	N	N	Y

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Document Author	Document Date	Document Title	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment	Other	TCP
			<p><i>Douglas, Ferry, Grant, Lincoln, Okanogan and Stevens Counties, Washington. September 2025.</i> Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 3a2.</p> <p>[Scheduled and conducted and transcribed eight interviews with Elders]</p>					
	Miller, Crystal, Arrow Coyote, Lucille Luevano, and Lucy Stanger	2025	<p><i>Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem Traditional Cultural Place Inventory Forms (10):</i> <i>nx<sup>w</sup>iyipa?m</i> (#35), <i>nħan'ħan'ax<sup>w</sup>m'</i> (#92), <i>kləłq<sup>w</sup>ús</i> (#108), <i>sk<sup>w</sup>ək<sup>w</sup>án't</i> (#153), <i>sx<sup>w</sup>əc'qin</i> (#156), <i>sc'əkc'ik<sup>w</sup>sxn'</i> (#159), <i>t'ət'qit<sup>w</sup>m'al'x</i> (#161), <i>st'əqi?stn</i> (#162), <i>ʔaksəsu?siwa?lk<sup>w</sup></i> (#163), and <i>nix<sup>w</sup>əmsúla?x<sup>w</sup></i> (#164). Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 3a3. [completed 10 TCP forms that document the characteristics and association, significance, impacts, NRHP eligibility status and recommendation, and location information]</p>	Y	Y	N	N	Y
	Miller, Crystal	2025	<p><i>Email letter report: Photo Collection Catalog Summary. September 2025.</i> Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 3b1.</p> <p>[Deward Walker photo collection, 20 photos identified in two trips to Keller and Inchelium senior meal sites; photos uploaded to PastPerfect]</p>	Y	N	N	N	Y
	Miller, Crystal	2025	<p><i>Letter report – Traditional Activities Participation Summary. Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Douglas, Ferry, Grant, Lincoln,</i></p>	Y	N	N	N	Y

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Document Author	Document Date	Document Title	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment	Other	TCP
			<i>Okanogan and Stevens Counties, Washington. September 2025. Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 3c1. [CTCR H/A hosted Traditional Knowledge Keepers Honor Dinner on October 10, 2025]</i>					
	Covington, Brenda L.	2025	<i>ʔica wiyáswitl cacw áxas That is Peter Dan's Creek, A fishing station, camp, cemetery, named place, and pictograph site in the Tailrace of the Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Okanogan County, Washington. August 2025. Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 4b1. [completed existing documentation synthesis, including site revisit, site documentation, pictograph documentation using DStretch application, and National Register eligibility evaluation]</i>	N	Y	N	N	Y
	Covington, Brenda L. and Spiessl, Danielle M.	2025	<i>2024 Site Condition Monitoring, Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Ferry, Lincoln, and Stevens Counties, Washington. March 2025. Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 5a1. [Fieldwork preparation and mobilization, process data, report results]</i>	N	Y	N	N	N
	Covington, Brenda L. and Spiessl, Danielle M.	2025	<i>2025 Site Condition Monitoring Preliminary Report, Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Douglas, Ferry, Lincoln, and Okanogan Counties, Washington. July 2025.</i>	N	Y	N	N	N

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Document Author	Document Date	Document Title	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment	Other	TCP
			Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 5b2.  [conducted research, fieldwork (4/16/2025-5/10/2025), revisited 10 previously recorded sites, collected data, and updated select site forms]					
	Covington, Brenda L. and Piccolo, Madeline R.	2025	<i>2025 Walkthrough Monitoring Summary Report, Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Douglas, Ferry, Grant, Lincoln, Okanogan, and Stevens Counties, Washington. September 2025.</i> Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 5c2.	N	Y	N	N	N
	Covington, Brenda L.	2025	<i>Letter Report – CTRC History/Archaeology Rogers Bar Church Rehabilitation, Site Visit August 20, 2025 with Theresa Desautel, CTRC Facilities Construction Manager. Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Ferry County, Washington. August 2025.</i> Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 6a1.  [document existing structure conditions and recommendations for engineering assessment for 45FE00353 Treatment Plan Form]	N	N	Y	N	N
	Covington, Brenda L.	2025	<i>Public Outreach and Education Summary. Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Douglas, Ferry, Grant, Lincoln, Okanogan and Stevens Counties, Washington. September 2025.</i> Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA.	N	N	Y	N	N

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Document Author	Document Date	Document Title	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment	Other	TCP
			Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 7a1. [detailed information about nine opportunities for H/A to share with the community, and contact with Tribal law enforcement and conversations about educating the public and empowering them to become stewards]					
	Miller, Crystal	2025	<i>Book of Legends Update. Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Douglas, Ferry, Grant, Lincoln, Okanogan and Stevens Counties, Washington. August 2025.</i> Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95698, Task 7a2.  [final FY2025 update to document consisting of 58 Legends that represent events associated with Traditional Cultural Properties within the Grand Coulee Dam Project Area, in the traditional territory of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation]	N	N	Y	N	Y
	Nancy V. Williams	2025	<i>FY2024 Final Site Reconciliation Report of 45SR00017 on Spokane Indian Reservation Lands, FCRPS Spokane Arm, Stevens County, Washington. March 2025.</i> Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 2a1.	Y	N	N	N	N
	Nancy V. Williams	2025	<i>FY2025 Site Reconciliation Report of 45SR1, 45SR33, and 45SR126, Spokane Indian Reservation Lands, FCRPS Spokane Arm, Stevens County, Washington. September 2025.</i> Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power	Y	N	N	N	N

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Document Author	Document Date	Document Title	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment	Other	TCP
			Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 2a1.					
	Lynne Engelbert	2025	<i>Institute for Canine Forensics Historic and Pre-contact Human Remains Detection Dog Services Canine Field Survey of 5 sites (45SR22, 45SR3, 45SR4, 45SR18, 45SR17). FCRPS Spokane Arm, Stevens County, Washington. August 2025.</i> Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 2b2.	Y	N	N	N	N
	Thomas J. Williams	2025	<i>Spokane Tribe of Indians National Register of Historic Places Registration Form – Draft 45SR17 Jackson’s Cove, FCRPS Spokane Arm, Stevens County, Washington. September 2025.</i> Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 4a1.	N	Y	N	N	N
	Thomas J. Williams & Nancy V. Williams	2025	<i>Reservation Lands Summary for FY2025 FCRPS Spokane Arm Fieldwork, Stevens County, Washington. July 2025.</i> Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 5a1.	N	Y	N	N	N
	Thomas J. Williams & Nancy V. Williams	2025	<i>Non-Reservation Lands Summary for FY2025 FCRPS Spokane Arm Fieldwork, Lincoln and Stevens Counties, Washington. July 2025.</i> Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 5a1.	N	Y	N	N	N
	Nancy V. Williams & Thomas J. Williams	2025	<i>FY2024 Site Condition Monitoring and Reconnaissance Field Schedule Plan, Lincoln and Stevens Counties, Washington. January 2025.</i>	N	Y	N	N	N

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Project</b>	<b>Document Author</b>	<b>Document Date</b>	<b>Document Title</b>	<b>Identification</b>	<b>Evaluation</b>	<b>Treatment</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>TCP</b>
			Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 5a1.					
	Thomas J. Williams & Nancy V. Williams	2025	<i>FY2024 Site Condition Monitoring and Reconnaissance Patrol Report: Non-Reservation Lands, FCRPS Spokane Arm, Lincoln and Stevens Counties, Washington. March 2025.</i> Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 5a1.	N	Y	N	N	N
	Thomas J. Williams & Nancy V. Williams	2025	<i>FY2024 Site Condition Monitoring and Reconnaissance Patrol Report: Reservation Lands, Stevens County, Washington. March 2025.</i> Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 5a1.	N	Y	N	N	N
	Thomas J. Williams & Nancy V. Williams	2025	<i>FY2025 Site Condition Monitoring and Reconnaissance Patrol Report: Non-Reservation Lands, FCRPS Spokane Arm, Lincoln and Stevens Counties, Washington. September 2025.</i> Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 5b2.	N	Y	N	N	N
	Thomas J. Williams & Nancy V. Williams	2025	<i>FY2025 Site Condition Monitoring and Reconnaissance Patrol Report: Reservation Lands, FCRPS Spokane Arm, Stevens County, Washington. September 2025.</i> Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 5b2.	N	Y	N	N	N

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Project</b>	<b>Document Author</b>	<b>Document Date</b>	<b>Document Title</b>	<b>Identification</b>	<b>Evaluation</b>	<b>Treatment</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>TCP</b>
	Thomas J. Williams & Nancy V. Williams	2025	<i>Monthly Reconnaissance (RP) Reports, FCRPS Spokane Arm, Lincoln and Stevens Counties, Washington. September 2025. Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 5c1.</i>	N	Y	N	N	N
	Nancy V. Williams	2025	<i>Research and Data Recovery Testing at Jacksons Cove (45SR17) FY2024, FCRPS Spokane Arm, Stevens County, Washington. March 2025. Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 6a1.</i>	N	N	Y	N	N
	Nancy V. Williams	2025	<i>FY2025 Archaeological Data Recovery Plan Coyote Spit/Sand Bar (45SR21) Spokane Reservation Lands, FCRPS Spokane Arm, Stevens County, Washington. January 2025. Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 6a1.</i>	N	N	Y	N	N
	Thomas J. Williams & Nancy V. Williams	2025	<i>Archaeological Excavations at Sand Bar (45SR21) FY2025, FCRPS Spokane Arm, Stevens County, Washington. September 2025. Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 6a3</i>	N	N	Y	N	N
	Thomas J. Williams, Nancy V. Williams, and John Matt	2025	<i>FY2025 Buck-and-pole Fencing Monitoring Program, FCRPS Spokane Arm, Stevens County, Washington. September 2025. Spokane Tribe of Indians Preservation Program, Wellpinit, WA. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95760, Task 6b1.</i>	N	N	Y	N	N

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Project</b>	<b>Document Author</b>	<b>Document Date</b>	<b>Document Title</b>	<b>Identification</b>	<b>Evaluation</b>	<b>Treatment</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>TCP</b>
	Stegner, Michelle	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for site 45FE00353 for the Rogers Bar Community Center in the Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Ferry County, Washington. Prepared by Bonneville Power Administration. Signed by all Consulting Parties (last date listed) September 2, 2025.</i>	N	N	Y	N	N
	Stegner, Michelle	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for site 45SR00011 for the Hidden Beach Walkway Repair in the Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Spokane Arm, Stevens County, Washington. Prepared by Bonneville Power Administration. Signed by all Consulting Parties (last date listed) September 2, 2025.</i>	N	N	Y	N	N
	Stegner, Michelle	2024	<i>Grand Coulee Mainstem Cooperating Group FY 2023-FY 2024 Accomplishments Presentation for the 18th Biennial FCRPS Systemwide Meeting, October 31, 2024. Prepared by Bonneville Power Administration.</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
	Stegner, Michelle	2024	<i>Grand Coulee Spokane Arm Cooperating Group FY 2023-FY 2024 Accomplishments Presentation for the 18th Biennial FCRPS Systemwide Meeting, October 31, 2024. Prepared by Bonneville Power Administration.</i>	N	N	N	Y	N
<b>Hungry Horse</b>								
	Stegner, Michelle	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for site 35FH00488 for the Peters Creek Campground Signage in the Hungry Horse Project Area, Flathead National Forest, Montana. Prepared by Bonneville Power Administration. Signed by all Consulting Parties (last date listed) September 2, 2025.</i>	N	N	Y	N	N
	Stegner, Michelle	2024	<i>Hungry Horse Cooperating Group FY 2023-FY 2024 Accomplishments Presentation for the 18th Biennial FCRPS Systemwide Meeting, October 31, 2024. Prepared by Bonneville Power Administration.</i>	N	N	N	Y	N

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Document Author	Document Date	Document Title	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment	Other	TCP
	Ashley, Kayla	2025	<i>FY2025 Ethnobotanical Study Update, FCRPS Hungry Horse Project, Flathead National Forest, Montana. April 2025.</i> Prepared by the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes Tribal Preservation Department, Pablo, Montana. Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Bureau of Reclamation under BPA Contract 95781, Task 2.	Y	N	N	N	Y

## APPENDIX D – TCP/HPRCSIT REPORTS & PRODUCTS

### Reports and Products Pertaining to Historic Properties of Religious and Cultural Significance to Indian Tribes (HPRCSITs) and Traditional Cultural Places/Properties (TCPs) by Project for Fiscal Year 2025

This Appendix provides reports and products generated in Fiscal Year (FY) 2025 pertaining to HPRCSITs and TCPs by Project. A comprehensive list of all reports generated prior to FY 2025 can be obtained by contacting the Lead Federal Agencies.

Project	Author	Document Date	Document Title	Description of Work Conducted	Funding Source	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment
<b>Bonneville and The Dalles</b>								
	WSGV	7/10/2025	2025 TCP-HPRCSIT Inventory Evaluation Plan	Inventory Evaluation Plan identifying specific sites for documentation and treatment using a combined archaeological and heritage-focused effort emphasizing both physical condition monitoring and the integration of Traditional Cultural Property (TCP) and Historic Properties of Religious and Cultural Significance to Indian Tribes (HPRCSIT) values.	FCRPS	Y	Y	Y
<b>The Dalles</b>								
	Williams, Trevor D.	7/21/2025	Mid-Columbia Tribal Housing Oral History Summary Report	Summary report documents the archival research, ethnographic study, and oral history collection regarding the relocation of tribal members from Celilo Falls, a TCP located in The Dalles Project	FCRPS	Y	N	Y
<b>Bonneville, The Dalles, and John Day</b>								
	Battaglia, Mario	5/9/2025	Nez Perce Tribe Traditional Cultural Properties 2024 Site Condition Walkthrough and Baseline Monitoring for the Federal Columbia River Power System	Conducted annual walkthrough monitoring on 6 TCPs to assess site condition and operational impacts, and baseline monitoring at 2 TCPs to document site condition as prescribed in the site monitoring plan.	FCRPS	N	Y	N
	Battaglia, Mario	6/16/2025	FCRPS Summary Report Based on the Latest Ethnographic Research by the Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resource Program	Summary report documents the organization and digitization efforts of the Nez Perce Tribe CRP's oral history collection related to Bonneville, The Dalles, and John Day Projects. Includes information on	FCRPS	Y	N	Y

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Author	Document Date	Document Title	Description of Work Conducted	Funding Source	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment
				previously recorded and TCPs needing documentation.				
<b>McNary</b>								
	Confederated Tribes of and Bands of the Yakama Nation	2025	<i>Scope of Work – Extension of Coyote’s Journey Multiple Property Document (MPD).</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation Cultural Resource Program. Task Order W912EF-24-P-5002.	For this deliverable, the Contractor prepared a Statement of Work (SOW) describing tasks to compile National Park Service 10-900 forms relating to the Coyote’s Journey Multiple Property Document for a determination of eligibility to the National Register of Historic Places. The study will focus on Coyote’s Journey extending into the McNary from Crow’s Butte on the Columbia River to Ice Harbor. These documents will assist in the development of long-term cultural resource management decisions.	FCRPS	Y	Y	N
	Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation, Cultural Resources Protection Program	2025	<i>Scope of Work – Twin Sisters Archaeological Survey.</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by the Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation, Cultural Resources Protection Program. Task Order W912EF-24-F-0009.	For this deliverable, the Contractor prepared a Statement of Work (SOW) describing tasks to survey and document the Twin Sisters area, known to the Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation as the sacred place <i>Wáatpatukaykas</i> . The inventory will include an archaeological pedestrian survey and drone flights/imagery. The documentation will include completion of an archaeological site form and report as well as a National Park Service 10-900 form for <i>Wáatpatukaykas</i> for a determination of eligibility to the National Register of Historic Places.	FCRPS	Y	Y	N
	Morét Crockett, Celia	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form Addendum 1 for 45BN23 (Columbia Point):</i> Phase 1- Bank Stabilization Design. Consultation package mailed to consulting parties September 24, 2025.	Treatment plan forms outline a phased approach to bank stabilization. Treatment serves as partial mitigation for diminishment of the archaeological site and TCPs’ integrity of design, materials, and workmanship under Criteria A and D	FCRPS	N	N	Y

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Author	Document Date	Document Title	Description of Work Conducted	Funding Source	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment
				that has resulted from operation and maintenance of McNary Dam.				
<b>Lower Monumental</b>								
	Bonstead, Leah	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form Addendum 2 for Palus Canyon Traditional Cultural Place (Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation):</i> Shoreline Monitoring and Reporting within the Lower Monumental Project Area. Consultation package mailed to consulting parties September 24, 2025	Treatment plan form outlines Shoreline Monitoring and Reporting within the Lower Monumental Project Area to be conducted by the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation. Treatment serves as partial mitigation for diminishment of the TCP’s integrity of design, materials, setting, feeling, association, and workmanship under Criteria A, B, C, and D that has resulted from operation and maintenance of Lower Monumental Lock and Dam	FCPRS	N	N	Y
<b>Lower Granite</b>								
	Battaglia, Mario	2025	<i>NPS Form 10-900 National Register of Historic Places Registration Form for Wawáawii.</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by the Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resource Program, Lapwai, ID. Task Order W912EF-23-F-0020.	This National Park Service Form 10-900 National Register of Historic Places Registration Form determines <i>Wawáawii</i> eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places as a TCP to the Nez Perce Tribe under criteria A and D.	FCRPS	N	Y	N
	Moon, Jonathan and Mario Battaglia	2025	<i>Traditional Use Study and Determination of Eligibility for Wawáawii, Whitman County, Washington.</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by the Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resource Program, Lapwai, ID. Task Order W912EF-23-F-0020.	This report reviewed the Nez Perce Tribe’s research design and methodology, the ethnographic and ethnohistoric significance of <i>Wawáawii</i> in the Lower Granite reservoir and surrounding traditional cultural landscape, the Tribe’s basis for determining eligibility for <i>Wawáawii</i> and next steps and recommendations.	FCRPS	Y	Y	N
	Nez Perce Tribe Cultural Resources Program	2025	<i>Scope of Work – A Proposal for a Traditional Landscape Study of the Lower Granite Project Area as Partial Mitigation for Wawáawii.</i> Prepared for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District by	For this deliverable, the Contractor prepared a Statement of Work (SOW) describing a mitigation to address adverse effects at the <i>Wawáawii</i> TCP that can be incorporated into a Treatment Plan Form to be	FCRPS	N	N	Y

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Author	Document Date	Document Title	Description of Work Conducted	Funding Source	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment
			the Nez Perce Tribe, Cultural Resources Program. Task Order W912EF-24-F-0012.	implemented later. The SOW specified how the proposed treatment addresses the adverse effects taking place at the site.				
<b>Dworshak</b>								
	Hall, Scott M.	2025	<i>Letter of Determination of Eligibility for Listing in the National Register of Historic Places for Timiimap (Bruce’s Eddy), Yúksmas and Yúksa (Elk Butte and Elk Creek), Lower Tiplámpa (Lower North Fork), Middle Tiplámpa (Middle North Fork), and Wáxpanma (Little North Fork).</i> Concurrence as eligible received from the Nez Perce Tribe on June 13, 2025. No comments received from the Idaho State Historic Preservation Office within 30-day consultation period.	Based on documentation and evaluation provided by the Nez Perce Tribe, this letter serves as USACE and BPA’s determination that <i>Timiimap</i> (Bruce’s Eddy), <i>Yúksmas and Yúksa</i> (Elk Butte and Elk Creek), Lower <i>Tiplámpa</i> (Lower North Fork), Middle <i>Tiplámpa</i> (Middle North Fork), and <i>Wáxpanma</i> (Little North Fork) are eligible historic properties for listing in the National Register of Historic Places as TCPs to the Nez Perce Tribe. <i>Timiimap</i> (Bruce’s Eddy) is eligible under Criteria A and D. <i>Yúksmas and Yúksa</i> (Elk Butte and Elk Creek) is eligible under Criteria A and B, Lower <i>Tiplámpa</i> (Lower North Fork) is eligible under Criteria A and D, Middle <i>Tiplámpa</i> (Middle North Fork) is eligible under Criteria A, and <i>Wáxpanma</i> (Little North Fork) is eligible under Criteria A and D.	FCRPS	N	Y	N
	Knight, Jennifer	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for 10CW1509 and 10CW1510 (Magnus Bay):</i> Phase I- Signage, Phase IIa- Collections Rehabilitation and Analysis, and Phase IIb- Ethnobotanical Ethnographic Interviews and Archival Research. Signed by all consulting parties October 20, 2025 (last date listed).	Treatment plan forms outline Phase I- Signage, Phase IIa- Collections Rehabilitation and Analysis, and Phase IIb- Ethnobotanical Ethnographic Interviews and Archival Research. Treatment serves as partial mitigation for diminishment of the archaeological sites’ and Lower <i>Tiplámpa</i> TCP’s integrity of design, materials, workmanship, setting, and feeling under Criteria A and D that has resulted from operation and maintenance of Dworshak Dam.	FCRPS	N	N	Y

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Author	Document Date	Document Title	Description of Work Conducted	Funding Source	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment
	Knight, Jennifer	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for Timiimap (Bruce's Eddy), Yúksmas and Yúksa (Elk Butte and Elk Creek), Lower Tiplámpa (Lower North Fork), Middle Tiplámpa (Middle North Fork), and Wáxpanma (Little North Fork): Ethnographic Photo Project. Signed by all consulting parties October 20, 2025 (last date listed).</i>	Treatment plan forms describe an Ethnographic Photo Project to be conducted by the Nez Perce Tribe. Treatment serves as partial mitigation for diminishment of the for <i>Timiimap</i> (Bruce's Eddy), <i>Yúksmas and Yúksa</i> (Elk Butte and Elk Creek), Lower <i>Tiplámpa</i> (Lower North Fork), Middle <i>Tiplámpa</i> (Middle North Fork), and <i>Wáxpanma</i> (Little North Fork) TCPs' integrity of design, materials, workmanship, setting, and feeling under Criteria A, B, and D that has resulted from operation and maintenance of Dworshak Dam.	FCRPS	N	N	Y
	Morét Crockett, Celia	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for 10CW639 (Evans Creek): Data Recovery Plan and Signage. Signed by all consulting parties October 20, 2025 (last date listed).</i>	Treatment plan forms outline conducting a data recovery plan and placement of signage. Treatment serves as partial mitigation for diminishment of the archaeological site's and Lower <i>Tiplámpa</i> TCP's integrity of design, materials, and workmanship under Criteria A and D that has resulted from operation and maintenance of Dworshak Dam.	FCRPS	N	N	Y
<b>Chief Joseph</b>								
	Miller, Crystal and Lucille Luevano	2024	Chief Joseph Dam Project Traditional Cultural Property Inventory Forms completed for TCPs <i>ʔica wiyáswitl cacw'áxas</i> (TCP# 11), #12, #13, #15, and #19. Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA	These confidential individual inventory forms document information on the characteristics and association, significance, impacts, NRHP eligibility status and recommendation, and location information for each traditional cultural property, as cognized by the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation.	FCRPS	Y	Y	N
<b>Albeni Falls</b>								

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

<b>Project</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Document Date</b>	<b>Document Title</b>	<b>Description of Work Conducted</b>	<b>Funding Source</b>	<b>Identification</b>	<b>Evaluation</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
	Ashley, Kayla and Patrick Lefthand	2025	<i>Seventeen 10BR05 Site Stewardship Forms for Summer 2025</i>	CSKT served as site stewards at HPRCSIT 10BR05 in 2025; all 17 forms are from the 2025 recreational season	FCRPS	N	N	N
	Ashley, Kayla and Madeline Caye	2024	<i>FY 2024 10BR05 Monitoring Annual Report</i>	CSKT monitored and served as site stewards at HPRCSIT 10BR05; the CSKT wrote a comprehensive monitoring report for the 2024 recreational season summarizing all the monitoring episodes that occurred; the report was drafted and finalized in FY 2025	FCRPS	N	N	N
	MacIntosh, Sarah	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for 10BR2690: For developing interpretive signage about the site</i>	MacIntosh drafted and finalized a Treatment Plan Form for 10BR2690 with contributions from the Kalispel Tribe. The form documents the consultation process for developing interpretive signage about the site to mitigate for visual and audio impacts at the HPRCSIT site.	FCRPS	N	Y	Y
<b>Libby</b>								
	Mulholland, Meghan	2025	<i>Bristow Creek TCP Documentation</i>	KNF conducted evaluation and determination of eligibility as TCP.	FCRPS	N	Y	N
	Mulholland, Meghan	2025	Penco Power Products Special Use Permit for Recreation Event Project No: R2025011401002, Cultural Resources Inventory Report	KNF Heritage Program Manager documented Section 106 efforts for an annual special use permit for Penco day that takes place on Tobacco Plains. Evaluation determined that 8 sites in the Tobacco plains were eligible for the NRHP under criterion A instead of D and as a TCP.	Non-FCRPS	N	Y	N
<b>Grand Coulee</b>								

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Author	Document Date	Document Title	Description of Work Conducted	Funding Source	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment
	Miller, Crystal, Arrow Coyote, Lucille Luevano, and Lucy Stanger	2025	<i>Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem Traditional Cultural Place Inventory Forms completed for ten TCPs: nx<sup>w</sup>iyipaʔm (#35), nḥən ḥən'áx<sup>w</sup>m' (#92), kłəłq<sup>w</sup>úis (#108), sk<sup>w</sup>ək<sup>w</sup>án't (#153), sḥ<sup>w</sup>əc'qín (#156), sc'əkc'iksnx<sup>w</sup> (#159), t'ət'qílm'al'x (#161), st'əqíʔstn (#162), ʔaksəsuʔsiwaʔlk<sup>w</sup> (#163), and nix<sup>w</sup>əmsúlaʔx<sup>w</sup> (#164).</i> Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA.	These ten confidential individual inventory forms document information on the characteristics and association, significance, impacts, NRHP eligibility status and recommendation, and location information for each traditional cultural property, as cognized by the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation.	FCRPS	Y	Y	N
	Ferguson, Jennifer K., Matilda “Tillie” George, Crystal Miller	2025	<i>Book of Legends, Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation, Upper Columbia River. March 2007, Revised August 2025.</i> Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program, Nespelem, WA.	The Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation History/Archaeology Program’s Book of Legends, prepared in 2007 and revised in 2025, represent events associated with Traditional Cultural Properties within the Grand Coulee Dam Project Area, in the traditional territory of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation. The events described and the list of informants who supplied the actual stories or legends are key elements in the fifty-eight compiled Legends. This Book of Legends augments their oral traditions. Most of these Legends are from the Columbia River, Sanpoil River, and Kettle River between Grand Coulee Dam and the Canadian Border. To show continuity with the surrounding areas one Legend from Omak Lake and one from the Nespelem River are included as well. The Book of Legends reinforces the historical value of Salish Place names and the validity of the Legends, many of which can be mapped. The Legends are presented as originally published with the single exception	FCRPS	Y	Y	Y

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Author	Document Date	Document Title	Description of Work Conducted	Funding Source	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment
				being that Matilda “Tillie” George added and corrected (spellings and translations) Indian names associated with the Legends.				
	Stegner, Michelle	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for site 45FE00353 for the Rogers Bar Community Center in the Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Mainstem, Ferry County, Washington.</i> Prepared by Bonneville Power Administration. Signed by all Consulting Parties (last date listed) September 2, 2025.	Treatment plan form outlines repairs of the abandoned Rogers Bar Church on the CTCR for its use as a community center. Treatment serves as partial mitigation for diminishment of the archaeological site and TCPs integrity of design, materials, workmanship, setting, and feeling under Criteria A and D that has resulted from operation and maintenance of the Grand Coulee Dam.	FCRPS	N	N	Y
	Stegner, Michelle	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for site 45SR00011 for the Hidden Beach Walkway Repair in the Grand Coulee Dam Project Area Spokane Arm, Stevens County, Washington.</i> Prepared by Bonneville Power Administration. Signed by all Consulting Parties (last date listed) September 2, 2025.	Treatment plan form outlines repairs of the walkway at Hidden Beach on the Spokane Reservation for its use by the local community. Treatment serves as partial mitigation for diminishment of the archaeological site and TCPs integrity of design, materials, workmanship, setting, and feeling under Criteria A, B and D that has resulted from operation and maintenance of the Grand Coulee Dam.	FCRPS	N	N	Y
<b>Hungry Horse</b>								
	Stegner, Michelle	2025	<i>Treatment Plan Form for site 35FH00488 for the Peters Creek Campground Signage in the Hungry Horse Project Area, Flathead National Forest, Montana.</i> Prepared by Bonneville Power Administration. Signed by all Consulting Parties (last date listed) September 2, 2025.	Treatment plan form outlines design and installation of informational signs at Peters Creek Campground for its use by visitors to limit motorized vehicles in the sensitive drawdown area of the Hungry Horse Reservoir. Treatment serves as partial mitigation for diminishment of the archaeological site and TCPs integrity of design, materials, workmanship, setting, and feeling under Criteria A and D that has resulted from operation and maintenance of Hungry	FCRPS	N	N	Y

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

Project	Author	Document Date	Document Title	Description of Work Conducted	Funding Source	Identification	Evaluation	Treatment
				Horse Dam.				
	Ashley, Kayla	2025	<i>Ethnobotanical Study Update, FCRPS Hungry Horse Project, Flathead National Forest, Montana. April 2025.</i> Prepared by the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes Tribal Preservation Department, Pablo, Montana.	The conducted an annual update of the Ethnobotanical Study that consists of research of previous oral histories, ethnographic studies, and historical records; coordination with the Ksanka Culture Committee and the <i>Selis – Qlispe</i> Culture Committee; interviews and ethnobotanical field reconnaissance visits in the Hungry Horse project area with Elders to document subsistence, medicinal, and spiritual uses of plants; and compilation of information relevant to availability and use of plants in the Hungry Horse project area to develop a user-friendly document for CSKT members to reference and continue their traditional cultural practices within their aboriginal territories.	FCRPS	Y	N	N

## **APPENDIX E – PORTLAND DISTRICT PROJECTS**

**Wana Pa Koot Koot Cooperating Group  
Bonneville Lock and Dam/Lake Bonneville, OR and WA,  
The Dalles Lock and Dam/Lake Celilo, WA and OR, and  
John Day Lock and Dam/Lake Umatilla, WA and OR**

### **FY 2025 ACCOMPLISHMENTS (completed and in progress)**

#### **1) INVENTORY**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* There were no new inventories conducted within the APEs of the Bonneville, The Dalles or John Day Projects during FY2025 utilizing joint BPA/Corps FCRPS Program funds. No new archaeology sites were recorded within the Project APEs during FY2025.

*TCPs/HPRCSITs:* The Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation of Oregon (CTWSRO) completed a Historic Properties of Religious and Cultural Significance to Indian Tribes (HPRCSIT) Inventory Evaluation Plan during FY2025. The Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation (CTUIR) and Nez Perce Tribe both completed Tribal Housing Oral History Summary Reports in FY2025. The CTUIR are currently working to complete documentation and evaluation of three HPRCSITs including The Cascade Locks Area in Bonneville Project Area and *Suncitiipa*, and *Imatalam* in the John Day Project Area. CTWSRO are currently working to complete an ethnobotanical survey identifying culturally significant plants within The Dalles Project Area. As of the end of FY2025, there is no change to the cumulative total of 101 TCPs and/or HPRCSITs identified within the Bonneville Project APE, 90 within The Dalles Project APE, and 85 within the John Day Project APE.

#### **2) EVALUATION**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* No individual sites were formally evaluated for National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligibility in the Bonneville, John Day, or The Dalles Project Areas in FY2025. USACE continues to work on completing determinations of eligibility of The Dalles Lock and Dam and the John Day Lock and Dam. No properties were listed in the NRHP during FY2025.

*TCPs/HPRCSITs:* The Portland District completed no new determinations of eligibility for TCPs/HPRCSITs during FY2025. The CTUIR are currently working to complete documentation and evaluation of three HPRCSITs including The Cascade Locks Area in Bonneville Project Area and *Suncitiipa*, and *Imatalam* in the John Day Project Area. These evaluations are anticipated to be completed by March 2026.

#### **3) TREATMENT/MITIGATION**

*Site Monitoring:* A total of 66 previously recorded sites were monitored in FY2025. The CTWSRO monitored 11 archaeological sites on the Oregon shore of Bonneville Project and 16 sites on the Oregon shore of The Dalles Project in FY2025. The Yakama Nation monitored five

sites on the Washington shore of the Bonneville Project, seven sites on the Washington shore of The Dalles Project, and three sites on the Washington shore of the John Day Project in FY2025. The CTUIR monitored seven sites on the Washington shore of The Dalles Project and eight sites on the Oregon Shore of the John Day Project and 16 sites on the Washington shore of the John Day Project. The Nez Perce Tribe monitored four TCPs in The Dalles Project, and four TCPs in the John Day Project in FY2025.

*Site Protection/Stabilization:* The Bob's Point Stabilization project (completed in FY2020) was monitored by The Dalles Natural Resource Managers and Geotechnical Engineering staff in FY2025. Monitoring and vegetation management continued at two sites located at the John Day Project; activities at both sites fulfill mitigation requirements associated with the 2021 Plymouth Island site shoreline stabilization, while also deterring vandalism and looting through increased ranger presence and control of vegetation overgrowth.

*Public Education:* The Yakama Nation Cultural Resources Program gave a presentation and hosted field activities at the Yakama Nation Wildlife Youth Wilderness Camp on August 7, 2025 (Figure E-1) and took part in the 2025 Willamette Falls Lamprey Celebration on June 26, 2025. The CTUIR hosted three public outreach events to teach about First Foods and the region's cultural heritage. These included the Archaeology Roadshow on November 23, 2024, Willamette Falls Lamprey Celebration June 26, 2025, and the CTUIR Annual Community Picnic August 14, 2025 (Figure E-2). Warm Springs GeoVisions participated in four outreach events including the Warm Springs Back to School BBQ and Fair August 28, 2025 (Figure E-3), Pi-Ume-Sha Treaty Days on June 28-29, 2025, the 2025 Earth Day Community Cleanup, and the CTWSRO 4<sup>th</sup> of July Parade and Celebration. Columbia River Inter-Tribal Police Department (CRITPD) Officer presented on recreational impacts and answered questions from the audience during the biennial Systemwide Meeting's second day October 31, 2024.

*Other Types of Treatment/Mitigation:* During FY2025, USACE continued development of a standalone HPMP/CRMP for the John Day Project, to be completed by the end of FY2026. The Wana Pa Koot Koot Cooperating Group developed Treatment Plan Forms for 35WS217 and 45KL2698 during FY2025. Washington State Parks and the Wana Pa Koot Koot Cooperating Group collaborated to finalize content for interpretive panels at Columbia Hills State Park, and the panels will be installed in FY2026. The CTUIR Bolster Crew removed trees and other vegetation along the cemetery fence at 35UM1 (Figure E-4), livestock fencing was repaired at the John Day Narrows Site, and invasive blackberries causing abrasion to the petroglyph at 45KL65 were removed. An important tribal fishing access area was also made accessible and reopened for use at The Dalles Project in FY2025.

#### **4) CURATION (additions or changes in collections status)**

The Burke Museum, Yakama Museum, Tamástslikt Cultural Institute, Washington State University, and University of Oregon Museum of Natural Cultural History continue to house collections from Bonneville, The Dalles and John Day Projects. No collections were rehoused in FY2025.

## 5) ISSUES

Portland District staff continue to work closely with CRITPD, Indian Tribes, and Natural Resource Managers to document site damage and prevent looting incidents.

Previously reported issues regarding the confidentiality of sensitive information for tribal TCP/HPRCSIT documentation being submitted to the Oregon SHPO are also ongoing. Oregon public record laws currently exempt archaeological site records from being disclosed in response to public records requests, but there is no explicit exemption that would prevent TCP/HPRCSIT records from being disclosed. USACE is continuing to work with the Oregon SHPO to develop a systematic method of documentation and coordination.

Staff turnover and capacity continue to be a challenge for the agencies and Tribes. In FY2025, new vacancies at the Portland District affected project completion. The WPKK Program Manager, who was hired in September 2024, struggled to maintain assigned workload. BPA Project Managers also struggled to maintain assigned workloads; efforts to hire additional staff are ongoing. Program funding has remained stagnant for several years despite increases in all costs including labor, materials, and contracts, resulting in impacts to treatment schedules. Policies restricting travel prevented BPA and USACE Program Managers from attending several WPKK business meetings. The June planning meeting was relocated to Portland to maintain the group's productivity via face to face meetings.

## 6) PHOTOS



**Figure E-1.** Yakama Nation Wildlife Youth Wilderness Camp. Photo by Yakama Nation Cultural Resources Program.



**Figure E-2.** CTUIR First Foods outreach and education booth at the CTUIR Community Picnic. Photo by CTUIR Department of Children and Family Services.



**Figure E-3.** Warm Springs GeoVisions provide school supplies and teach student groups about cultural heritage and archaeology.



**Figure E-4.** CTUIR Bolster Crew removes trees and vegetation from the cemetery fence at 35UM1.

## APPENDIX F – WALLA WALLA DISTRICT PROJECTS

**Payos Kuus Cuukwe Cooperating Group  
McNary Lock and Dam/Lake Wallula, WA and OR  
Ice Harbor Lock and Dam/Lake Sacajawea, WA  
Lower Monumental Lock and Dam/Lake West, WA  
Little Goose Lock and Dam/Lake Bryan, WA  
Lower Granite Lock and Dam/Lower Granite Lake, WA and ID**

### FY 2025 ACCOMPLISHMENTS

#### 1) INVENTORY

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* The archaeology/historic structure numbers reflect archaeological sites and structures that are greater than 50 years of age located on USACE managed lands, as well as sites and structures within the Direct Effects APE. The Direct Effects APE includes a variety of areas, such as lands that were acquired by the USACE and then disposed of when they were no longer needed, areas acquired for flowage easements, or areas that were never owned by the USACE but are within a certain distance of the reservoirs. These areas outside of USACE land are owned or managed by private landowners, state and local governments, and federal agencies, including Department of Energy, the USACE Portland District, and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. The current counts of archaeological sites and structures are summarized in Table F-1. It should be noted that there are a number of known structures that are off USACE land but in the Direct Effects APE that are not currently captured in the USACE data, and they will be added to the USACE data in subsequent years. Structures that have been recorded as archaeological sites and assigned site numbers are just shown once in the table as sites, however, this distinction may change in future reporting.

**Table F-1.** Known sites and structures on land currently owned by USACE, as well as those off USACE managed land within the Direct Effects APE.

Project	Number of Known Sites and Structures on USACE Owned Lands	Number of Known Sites and Structures Off USACE Owned Lands but in the Direct Effect APE	Total
McNary	134 sites 29 structures	127 sites 9 structures	299
Ice Harbor	56 sites 2 structures	3 sites	61
Lower Monumental	189 sites 12 structures	10 sites	211
Little Goose	114 sites 4 structures	3 sites	121
Lower Granite	159 sites 15 structures	14 sites 6 structures	194
<b>Total</b>	<b>714</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>886</b>

The number of archaeological sites located on USACE managed land at McNary has decreased by three, to 134 sites. The decrease for two of the sites was because those sites were reclassified as being off USACE property as a result of Real Estate GIS updates. The third site reduction was due to a site merger, with site 45BN00023 being combined with site 45BN00329. There are also 29 structures on McNary project lands, for a grand total of 163 archaeological sites and structures. The number of built environment features was revised downward from FY2024 to remove built environment features recorded inside of larger properties (such as parks) and then three built environment resources were added, which had been recorded during prior years, but had not been reflected in the USACE files until this year. The three resources include a restroom at Two Rivers Park (which was documented and evaluated twice; 728839 and 730291), Schlagel Park (727355), and the Bateman Island Causeway (729061), all of which were found not eligible for listing in the NRHP through a consensus determination with the Washington Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation (DAHP). Those features had been recorded during previous years but had not been reflected in the USACE files until this year. There are also 127 sites and nine structures that are within the USACE McNary Direct Effect APE, but that are on lands not managed by the USACE. The increase by one to nine structures is due to data cleanup by using WISAARD. Therefore, the total sites and structures count for the McNary Direct Effect APE has decreased by six to 299.

The number of archaeological sites on USACE managed land at Ice Harbor has increased by one to 56 sites. One resource was changed from a site to a built environment feature, and the CCT recorded two sites during an inventory survey. There are also two structures on USACE managed land at Ice Harbor. Within the USACE Ice Harbor APE but on non-USACE land, three sites have been documented. Therefore, the total sites and structures count for the Ice Harbor Direct Effect APE has increased by one to 61.

The number of archaeological sites on USACE managed lands at Lower Monumental remains the same at 189 sites. There are also ten built environment resources on Project lands at Lower Monumental. The number of sites within the USACE Lower Monumental APE that are not on USACE land has decreased by two from 12 to 10. The decrease is because two of those sites were moved to the built environment file, which increased by two to 12. Therefore, the total sites and structures for the Lower Monumental Direct Effect APE remain the same at 211.

The number of archaeological sites on USACE managed land at Little Goose remains the same at 114 sites. There are four structures documented on USACE managed land at Little Goose. Lastly, there are three sites that are within the USACE Little Goose APE but that are on non-USACE land. Therefore, the total sites and structures for the Little Goose Direct Effect APE remains the same at 121.

The number of archaeological sites for the Lower Granite Project lands remains the same at 159 sites. There are 15 structures on USACE managed land at Lower Granite. There are also 14 sites and six structures that are within the USACE Lower Granite APE that are on non-USACE land. The number of sites decreased by one due to data cleanup by using the online

Idaho Cultural Information System (ICRIS). Therefore, the total sites and structures for the Lower Granite Direct Effect APE decreased by one to 194.

A task for archaeological survey of high priority areas along the Snake River at McNary was included in the CTUIR's FY2023 workshop contract. The approximately 82-acre surface intensive survey was conducted in November 2024 (Wilson and Solimano 2025). Ground visibility in the survey area was low due to dense vegetation, and in some areas the steep terrain and vegetation made survey conditions difficult. The archaeologists did not find any new sites but completed a monitoring form for a portion of Two Rivers Canal and Pumphouse. Impacts observed in the survey area included shoreline erosion and invasive vegetation. The archaeologists recommended exploratory shovel testing in the area prior to any proposed ground disturbing activities, and regular monitoring of the Two Rivers Canal and Pumphouse on a five-year interval.

A task for archaeological survey of a high priority area was included in the CTUIR's FY2024 workshop contract. The survey area is located along the Columbia River (80 acres) and was delayed because the USACE needed additional time to obtain access agreements from adjacent landowners. The results of this survey will be provided in the FY2026 annual report.

A task for archaeological survey of a high priority area was included in the CCT's FY2024 workshop contract. The survey was conducted on Ice Harbor Project lands close to Lower Monumental Dam in September 2024 and included a pedestrian survey of approximately 58 acres (Orsen 2024). The surveyors recorded two sites, 45FR00703; a historic residential site, and 45FR00704; a site with three rock cairns of an unknown age. They also monitored one previously recorded site, 45FR00475, a historic period railroad grade and associated features. Impacts observed in the survey area included historic period grading and quarrying, wildland fire, and dumping of modern refuse. A possible encroachment by an adjacent landowner onto USACE property was observed in the survey area. The PKC agreed in a consensus decision to obtain a legal boundary survey in order to determine if that activity is an unauthorized trespass on USACE property.

The FCRPS long term goals call for inventory of non-USACE land within the APE. This process includes identifying land for survey and sending letters to landowners requesting access. During FY2025, the USACE identified parcels at Ice Harbor in Walla Walla and Franklin counties where letters could be sent. For the PKC Spring Workshop Deliverable, Tribal representatives reviewed the identified parcels, and selected priority parcels for sending letters. One of the highest priorities was to send letters to lands managed by Washington Department of Natural Resources. The USACE plans to send letters to those priority parcel landowners in FY2026.

The PKC has identified updating site forms as a task that should be systematically completed in order to streamline future treatments. During FY2025, the Yakama completed a site form update for site 45BN00023 at McNary (which was merged with site 45BN00329). At Lower Monumental, the CCT completed a site form update for 45WT00241.

*TCPs/HPRCSTs:*

There are 95 TCPs at McNary. One TCP at McNary has been formally evaluated and was concurred eligible by the Keeper for the NRHP but has not been formally listed.

There are 46 TCPs at Ice Harbor. None of them have been formally evaluated through a consensus determination with SHPO.

There are 77 TCPs at Lower Monumental. Four of those TCPs have been formally evaluated and found eligible through a consensus determination with SHPO.

There are 25 documented TCPs at Little Goose. None of the Little Goose TCPs have been formally evaluated through a consensus determination with SHPO.

There are 49 TCPs at Lower Granite. None of the Lower Granite TCPs have been formally evaluated through a consensus determination with SHPO.

## **2) EVALUATION**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* The USACE tracks the evaluation status for sites within the FCRPS Direct Effect APE, including sites located on USACE land, as well as other sites located off USACE property. Since the USACE does not directly manage the sites off USACE property, the eligibility of these sites is in many cases unknown. However, for the ones that are known, those counts are reported in Table 4.

One historic resource was evaluated for NRHP eligibility at McNary during FY2023 but was not included in that annual report. The Two Rivers Park Restroom, located in Finley, Washington was concurred not eligible for listing in the NRHP.

For the Lower Granite Project, the USACE evaluated a segment of the Camas Prairie Railroad in Idaho. The Idaho SHPO disagreed with the USACE determination that the segment was not eligible, and the USACE did not dispute the finding, therefore the resource is considered eligible for listing. In addition, the Clearwater River Camas Prairie Railroad Bridge in Lewiston, Idaho, which is no longer on USACE property but is in the Direct Effect APE was modified as part of the construction of the Lower Granite Project and was listed in the NRHP by an outside entity.

No archaeological sites or historic resources were evaluated at Ice Harbor, Lower Monumental, or Little Goose during FY2025.

*TCPs/HPRCSTs:* In 2023, the USACE awarded a contract to the Nez Perce Tribe for identification and evaluation of Wawáawii, a TCP at Lower Granite. In 2025, the Nez Perce prepared a traditional use study and determination of eligibility, finding the property eligible under criteria A and D, for its association with the Nez Perce people, their history, and traditional lifeways (Moon and Battaglia 2025).

## **3) TREATMENT/MITIGATION**

*Site Monitoring:* TCP and archaeological site visits were conducted April 7-8, 2025, as

part of the PKC Cooperating Group at McNary (three sites), Ice Harbor (Ice Harbor Indian Memorial and one site), and Little Goose (two sites). Participants included representatives from the CCT, CTUIR, Yakama, Nez Perce, Oregon SHPO, CRITPD, BPA, and the USACE. Recommendations for treatments at the various sites visited include the following: native planting or placement of gravel or riprap to lessen erosional damage and visitor access, limited testing of eroding area to assess remaining cultural deposits, leave visitor built recreational structure in place to encourage use by the public outside of site, placement of signage to indicate they are unsafe, renaming of monument to native place name, close monument to the public at night or make access more difficult, add interpretative signage to put older signage in context and reflect current tribal perspectives, contact native people who use the area when considering mitigation, find pre-dam photos of the sites, have USACE Natural Resources Management staff explain difficulty in placing gravel and if there are other solutions, purchase gravel on a schedule or identify a gravel source, elevate issue if cannot be solved at technical staff level, clean up trash in the site, increased law enforcement patrols, see if CRITPD patrols can be conducted at McNary and other projects, place gates to discourage access and graffiti.

As part of the FY2023 workshop contract, the CTUIR monitored ten sites at McNary. Nine of the sites were monitored between March and May 2024 and one site was monitored in May 2025. Impacts observed included invasive weeds, shoreline erosion, footpaths, recreation trails, paved walking paths, a parking area, development, dog burrowing, spillway-related erosion, a picnic table in the river, kayaking, burying of garbage on-site, a homeless camp, possible artifact collecting, and graffiti. Recommendations included to remove the picnic table from the river, have the city hire a ranger to address cultural impacts, remove weeds and plant native vegetation, close the island to visitation, consider stabilization to reduce erosion, conduct collections analysis with special consideration of faunal and plant remains, remove a sign from inside the site (after finding out how it came to be placed in the site), add pack-it-out and leave-no-trace signage, reduce use of site by the homeless, review management plan for the area if there is one, have NRM staff participate in a PKC meeting to discuss homeless camp issues, monitor later in the year for improved visibility, remove graffiti from tagged rocks, address site boundary discrepancies between USACE and WISAARD, update site forms, merge sites 45FR00005 and 45FR000029, and to conduct a civil survey to map site topography. The CTUIR monitors also returned to a site a precontact mortar that had been collected by the public and given to USFWS staff.

As part of the FY2024 workshop contract, the Yakama had a task for site monitoring at 10 sites at McNary, one site at Lower Granite, and to update the site form for 45BN23 and 45BN329: merging the two sites into one long site. The monitoring took place between July and October 2024. Impacts observed included eroding cultural deposits, evidence of past looting, shoreline erosion caused by wave action, user created trails and rock walls, animal trampling and burrows, invasive weeds, reduced sediment accumulation, trash left on the surface, buried trash, camp fire rubbish, used toilet paper, homeless camps, visitors relocating cobbles and creating structures from tree branches, development in the site related to irrigation, a railroad, recreation,

the dam, looting during lower water elevations, and extensive graffiti. Recommendations included to remove non-native plants and plant native plant species to limit site access and stabilize shoreline, enlarge the site boundary, seasonally close the area to deter looting, close a trail, remove a causeway, create an updated site synthesis, stewardship for resources, install cameras and signage to deter access and lessen unauthorized digging on site, patrol of the shoreline to deter looting, visit site with erosion specialist, manage the site in a way to reduce erosion and looting, and to survey off USACE property near the site.

As part of the FY2024 workshop contract, between March and May 2024, the CCT monitored nine sites at Lower Monumental, eight sites at Little Goose, and updated the site form for 45WT00241. Three of the sites at Lower Monumental could not be visited in person as the trail used in the past to access the sites had deteriorated and was no longer usable. One rock image site at Lower Monumental is partially inundated at different times of the year and has not been found during several monitoring visits and may need additional resources to locate. Impacts observed included animal burrowing, heavy vegetation, shoreline erosion, recreation, trash, inundation, bird droppings, flooding, rockhounding, cattle, and rock fall. Recommendations provided were to georeference old maps to locate features, determine alternate access to a site before next visit, update the site boundary location in WISAARD, use most recent photos to locate rock image panels, periodically update Structure from Motion documentation to aid in areas prone to rock fall, install signage listing USACE rules and penalties at reservoir access points, consider structures or planting to stabilize site, limited testing to determine if intact deposits are present, and to schedule future visits when water is lower.

As part of the FY2024 workshop contract, in April and May 2024, the Nez Perce monitored at two sites at Little Goose and 12 sites at Lower Granite. At one of the sites, 45GA00001, the monitors found a human burial associated with the site eroding from the cutbank, which then necessitated several follow-up visits (this was also discussed in the FY2024 annual report). Other impacts observed while monitoring included burrowing by swallows, cattle grazing and trails, weeds and blackberries, planting and weed spraying by contractors, wind, wave, and stream erosion, wind-blown dust, recreational impacts from boaters, hikers, horseback riders, and people using drugs, litter, development of the port and recreation facilities, parking, highway and railroad maintenance, and prior looting. Recommendations provided were to redocument a site, to combine sites that are close together, to evaluate a site for National Register of Historic Places eligibility, to implement stabilization treatments, resurvey a site after a fire or vegetation management activity, treat invasive plants so they do not become established, to plant native plants to reduce regrowth of weeds and to reduce erosion, to buffer feature boundaries so the contractor is not treating weeds within precontact features, close unauthorized trails, to conduct law enforcement patrols to curtail drug use in sites, replace faded signage with culturally appropriate signage that has been approved by the PKC, determine extent of prior looting, to contact Washington State Department of Transportation to ensure they do not install additional markers in the site, to keep cattle out of sites, to obtain an access agreement from an adjacent landowner to survey off USACE property, and to mitigate for adverse effects to a site caused by

dam-related construction.

As part of the FY2024 workshop contract, the CTUIR had a site monitoring task at four sites at McNary and seven sites at Ice Harbor, and to complete two site form updates. The results will be reported in FY2026.

All four of the FY2025 workshop contracts included a task for site condition monitoring and updating of select site forms. The monitoring results will be reported in FY2026.

*Site Protection/Stabilization:* During the Fourth Quarter of FY2023, the USACE awarded a contract for shoreline stabilization design and engineering at site 45BN00202. The shoreline at this site was stabilized in 2015, and shoreline erosion has caused much of the fill material to be removed since that time. The design-build contract was awarded in FY2023, and different design options were presented to the PKC during FY2024. The PKC chose to pursue a hybrid stabilization option. In the fourth quarter of FY2025, the USACE awarded a contract for phase 2 of the design, with eventual construction to be awarded in FY2027, pending availability of funds.

During the first quarter of FY2025, the USACE awarded a contract to Stratum Unlimited for removal of graffiti at the Ice Harbor Indian Memorial. The memorial was constructed in 1966 to commemorate numerous Native American burial sites that were inundated by the reservoirs behind McNary and the lower Snake River dams. The centerpiece of the memorial is a large petroglyph and pictograph boulder that was relocated from an archaeological site on Ice Harbor lands. In March 2024, the rock imagery panel was vandalized with pink spray paint. One year later the graffiti removal project was completed, with small amounts of graffiti left in place where it overlapped with the rock imagery (Loubser 2025).

During FY2025, the PKC conducted an interest-based problem-solving exercise for the Ice Harbor Indian Memorial. The PKC agreed to prepare a TPF in FY2026 to include protective measures for the memorial, including the addition of cameras, signage, and a gate.

During the second through fourth quarters of FY2025, the CCT conducted repeat visits to an eroding site at Little Goose, 45GA00001. The site has had multiple inadvertent discoveries of human remains over the years, most recently in 2024. The ongoing shoreline erosion caused by wind and water, in combination with the steep slope and remote location has made bank stabilization an expensive option that may not be successful, were it to be tried. The PKC determined that ongoing monitoring of the site at an increased frequency was an acceptable option for the time being, to ensure if there are additional inadvertent discoveries, they could be dealt with quickly. The site was visited during the PKC site visits, and then several times under contract by the CCT, and once by the USACE. There were no additional inadvertent discoveries in 2025, and the repeat visits have allowed monitors to observe effects from reservoir elevation, bird activity, weather conditions, and recreation during different times of the year.

At Lower Granite, USACE staff have been continuing treatment activities associated with planting and access restrictions at 45AS00099, and to address rock climbing effects at 10NP00109, 10NP00110, and 10NP00131. Activities at 45AS00099 in 2025 included

monitoring the health of tule plantings and ensuring that rope and signage blocking access stayed in place to allow willow plants to regrow. The tule planting has been only minimally successful, with a few plants surviving on the upriver end of the cove. At 10NP00109, 10NP00110, and 10NP00131, USACE cultural staff reviewed updates to the Habitat Management Unit map to ensure that additions from the treatment plan form (TPF) regarding the rock-climbing closure were included in the map.

No site protection/stabilization activities were conducted at Lower Monumental during FY2025.

*Public Education:* Since FY2020, the CTUIR have worked on two mitigation contracts to develop rock imagery educational materials associated with adverse impacts to site 45BN01753 at McNary. The rock imagery site has been affected by ongoing graffiti impacts, and while graffiti removal was conducted during FY2020 and again in FY2023, the potential for graffiti to return to the area is an ongoing concern. During FY2022, the CTUIR completed the final deliverables for the first contract, which included the development of the educational materials to be presented at local schools. In FY2023, a second contract was awarded for the CTUIR to present the materials to students. During 2024 and 2025, the CTUIR delivered classroom sessions and teacher training at Umatilla High School and Clara Brownell Middle School in Umatilla, Oregon. The CTUIR partnered with a science teacher at Umatilla High School to develop bilingual educational materials. Over 100 students were instructed in the importance of rock imagery and First Foods in Earth Science and Food & Travel Studies classes. Students from those classes then instructed approximately 300 elementary school students and their families at an Earth Day event at McNary Dam in April 2025. The CTUIR provided a final report detailing the results of the training and provided recommendations for how to better structure these types of educational outreach projects in the future (Red Elk 2025).

*Other Types of Treatment/Alternative Mitigation:* The FY2024 Fall Workshop deliverable was mitigation focused and was to provide a proposal to address effects at a site of concern, that can be incorporated into a TPF to be implemented later. Several of the proposals were submitted in FY2025. The Nez Perce submitted a proposal for youth and community education associated with the Wawáawíi TCP at Lower Granite. The Yakama submitted a proposal for an extension of the Coyote's Journey Multiple Property Document, continuing upriver from Portland District Operating Projects. The CTUIR submitted a proposal for pedestrian survey, documentation, and evaluation of Twin Sisters at McNary. The CTUIR's proposal is inventory and evaluation focused, and is a step needed to reach mitigation.

The FY2025 Fall workshop deliverable was also a mitigation focused deliverable. The submittals are all due in FY2026 and will be discussed in that year's annual report.

Since FY2023 the PKC has agreed to segment their February Cooperating Group Meeting into individual meetings with each Tribe. These individual meetings have continued to be a productive opportunity to discuss the status of any ongoing TCP mitigations and to discuss additional sites or TCPs of interest for evaluation and/or mitigation.

Two TPFs were prepared during FY2025. The first TPF was for continuation of work at 45BN00023 at McNary. Signage was placed at this site in 2019 to address recreational impacts. The proposed treatment is to address adverse effects caused by ongoing shoreline erosion at the site. As part of the first phase of treatment, the USACE shall design a bank stabilization project, and pending acceptance by the PKC and available funds, phase 2 includes the actual shoreline stabilization. As this is an expensive project requiring topographic survey, stabilization design, and contract award, it is anticipated to take place over several years and funding cycles.

The second TPF was for proposed partial mitigation for adverse effects to Palus Canyon TCP. The CCT submitted a mitigation proposal for increased systematic shoreline monitoring of historic properties at Lower Monumental. Monitoring will be conducted by boat and by foot to document impacts caused by recreational activities, erosion, and operation and maintenance of the FCRPS. A contract for this work was awarded in FY2025, with monitoring and reporting taking place during FY2026.

#### **4) CURATION (additions or changes in collections status)**

The Walla Walla District currently curates FCRPS collections with Washington State University (WSU), University of Idaho, University of Oregon, and the Wanapum Heritage Center. There are two small collections from McNary located at Central Washington University and Eastern Washington University that will be repatriated by the USACE under NAGPRA. In addition, as part of NAGPRA reporting, the USACE learned of small collections at the Fowler Museum at UCLA and records at the Burke Museum. At the close of FY2025, the total curated FCRPS-associated collection for McNary, Ice Harbor, Lower Monumental, Little Goose and Lower Granite consisted of 3,759 cubic feet of artifacts and 295 linear feet of records, most of which is held at WSU (3,442 cubic feet collections; 274 linear feet of records).

A new multi-year contract for the continued maintenance and rehabilitation of the collection at WSU was awarded in the fourth quarter of FY2023. The USACE completed Option Year 1 in August 2025, and Option Year 2 was awarded in September 2025. During Option Year 1, 3 cubic feet of collections from 45CO00001 at Lower Monumental were rehabilitated.

During FY2025, the USACE received notification from DAHP of an inadvertent discovery of human remains from site 45BN00014-1656 at McNary. The remains were originally discovered by a member of the public in 2010 and were recovered in 2025 during a Benton County law enforcement investigation. The USACE prepared a Plan of Action to return the remains to the Tribes for reburial offsite.

The USACE received one research proposal for the use of site photos in a book during FY2025. Following Tribal review and comment, this proposal was denied in order to protect site location information.

#### **5) ISSUES**

*Facilitator:* In FY2025, BPA awarded a new contract to Triangle Associates, for

facilitation of PKC workshops, business meetings, and for preparation of a situation assessment. For the situation assessment, Triangle Associates conducted 23 individual interviews with Cooperating Group participants and prepared a 26-page draft report with nine broad recommendations for consideration.

*Wildfires and Law Enforcement Actions:* During FY2025, the USACE communicated with the PKC regarding wildfires and Law Enforcement actions on USACE property at McNary. Post-fire and law enforcement cultural surveys were not needed due to known previous disturbance, no eligible sites in the area, and due to USACE staff or city contractors being on site to monitor effects.

*HPMP:* During FY2025, the Agencies came very close to finalizing a stand-alone Historic Properties Management Plan (HPMP) for the McNary Lock and Dam Project. This effort first began in FY2020, with several formal and technical reviews of an HPMP and PSPA for McNary, before a decision was made by the PKC in 2023 to proceed with just the stand-alone HPMP. In FY2025, the PKC identified sections of the PSPA to move into the McNary HPMP, and the Agencies prepared new drafts of HPMP chapters to incorporate comments. At the FY2025 Fall Workshop, the Agencies presented the proposed final McNary Stand-Alone HPMP to the PKC and ACHP. Following discussion at the meeting, updates were made to Chapter 7.3 and provided to PKC participants for a two-week review period, with the final McNary Stand-Alone HPMP to be approved in FY2026.

## 6) PHOTOS



**Figure F-1.** Overview of a segment of the historic-period Two Rivers Canal, where it terminates in the Snake River at McNary (Wilson and Solimano 2025: Figure 15).



**Figure F-2.** Umatilla High School students show their Rock Art Lesson for elementary students during the Earth Day event at McNary Dam. (Red Elk 2025: Image 2).



**Figure F-3.** Students create their own rock art image during the Earth Day event, based on curriculum developed by the CTUIR (Red Elk 2026: Images 4 and 5).



**Figure F-4.** Taping of spray paint where it overlapped with rock imagery, to avoid disturbing the underlying rock imagery during graffiti removal (Loubser 2025: Figure 23).



**Figure F-5.** Overview facing east of a grouping of foundations representing a homesite (45FR00703) recorded by the CCT during a survey of previously unsurveyed lands at Ice Harbor (Orsen 2024: Figure 20).



**Figure F-6.** Documentation by the CCT of rockfall affecting petroglyph panel 1C at site 45WT00242. The panel fell sometime between 2014 and 2025.



**Figure F-7.** PKC site visit to site 45GA00001 at Little Goose, with Nez Perce and Yakama representatives shown by the eroding cutbank (Nez Perce Tribe 2025: Figure 3).



**Figure F-8.** Nez Perce elders and practitioners visiting a Lower Granite TCP in November 2024 (Moon and Battaglia 2025: Figure 7).

## APPENDIX G – DWORSHAK PROJECT

### Timiimap Cooperating Group Dworshak Dam and Reservoir, ID

#### FY 2025 ACCOMPLISHMENTS

##### 1) INVENTORY

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* The archaeology/historic structures numbers reflect archaeological sites and structures that are greater than 50 years of age located on USACE managed lands, as well as sites and structures within the Direct Effects APE. The Direct Effects APE includes a variety of areas, such as lands that were acquired by the USACE and then disposed of when they were no longer needed, areas acquired for flowage easements, or areas that were never owned by the USACE but are within a certain distance of the reservoirs. These areas outside of USACE land are owned or managed by private landowners, state governments, and federal agencies, including the U.S. Forest Service, Idaho Department of Lands, and Nez Perce Tribe. The current counts are summarized in Table G-1. Structures that have been recorded as archaeological sites and assigned site numbers are just shown once in the table as sites, however, this distinction may change in future reporting.

**Table G-1.** Sites on land currently owned by USACE, as well as those off USACE managed land within the Direct Effects APE.

Project	Number of Known Sites and Structures on USACE Owned Lands	Number of Known Sites and Structures Off USACAE Owned Lands But in the Direct Effect APE	Total
Dworshak	365 sites 4 structures	41 sites	410
<b>Total</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>410</b>

The number of archaeological sites at Dworshak on USACE land increased by one in FY2025. The Nez Perce Tribe conducted intensive pedestrian survey of 66 acres at Dworshak as part of their FY2024 workshop contract, which had a task for high priority survey, the results of which were submitted in FY2025. As a result of the pedestrian survey, one new site was recorded (10CW01524).

There are 41 sites located off USACE land but within the Dworshak Direct Effect APE, which remains the same as the year before. Therefore, the total number of sites and structures for Dworshak is 410.

*TCPs/HPRCs/ITS:* The number of TCPs at Dworshak remains the same with 27.

##### 2) EVALUATION

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* The USACE tracks the evaluation status for sites within the FCRPS Direct Effect APE, including sites located on USACE land, as well as other sites

located off USACE land. Since the USACE does not directly manage the sites off USACE property, the eligibility of these sites is in many cases unknown.

During FY2025, the USACE evaluated one site (10CW00001) and one historic district (Dworshak National Fish Hatchery) at Dworshak for NRHP eligibility. Specifically, 10CW00001 was found eligible for listing in the NRHP under a *Multiple Property Nomination for Rock Image Sites in Southeastern Washington, Northeastern Oregon, and Northwestern Idaho, Contexts 1 and 2* (Daniels 2023 updated by Bonstead 2024).

In FY2024, the Technical Center of Expertise for the Preservation of Historic Buildings and Structures (HP TCX) completed a survey and NRHP eligibility assessment for the Dworshak National Fish Hatchery, the results of which were submitted in FY2025 (Gunna and Wierda 2025). The HP TCX inventoried and evaluated 36 buildings and structures located within the boundaries of the hatchery and recorded the built environment as a historic district. The survey and evaluation were completed as part of a non-FCRPS undertaking for an electrical upgrade project.

Both the site and historic district are located within the Nez Perce Indian Reservation and received consensus determinations from the Nez Perce THPO.

Newly recorded site 10CW01524 was recommended eligible by the Nez Perce Tribe but a formal determination was not completed in FY2025.

*TCPs/HPRCSITs:* During FY2025, a determination of eligibility for the TCP aspect of 10CW00639 was completed and received a consensus determination as part of a Treatment Plan Form (TPF) with the Idaho SHPO. A determination of eligibility for five large HPRCSITs that encompass a majority of USACE-owned lands at Dworshak project was completed. The USACE sought concurrence from the Idaho SHPO and after a 30-day consultation period, no comments were received and thus the HPRCSITs were determined eligible for listing in the NRHP. In addition, the USACE received concurrence from the Nez Perce THPO that all five of the HPRCSITs are eligible for listing in the NRHP.

### **3) TREATMENT/MITIGATION**

*Site Monitoring:* During FY2024, the Nez Perce were awarded a monitoring task in the 2024 workshop contract. The task included site condition monitoring at 16 sites. The monitoring forms for this task were submitted in FY2025 and are reported here. Overall, the contractor noted impacts from erosion and deposition related to the drawdown, mini-camp development, cattle grazing, and impacts from recreation including making fire rings, OHV tracks in the drawdown, and garbage.

During FY2025, the Nez Perce were awarded a monitoring task in the 2025 workshop contract. The task included monitoring at 16 sites. The monitoring forms for this task will be submitted and reported on in FY2026.

*Site Protection/Stabilization:* In FY2025, as part of the mitigation identified in a TPF for multiple sites (10CW00582/00584, 10CW00583, 10CW00585, and 10CW00587), the Natural

Resource Management office at Dworshak installed a gate to restrict unauthorized vehicles from driving in the drawdown (Figure G-1).

*Public Education:* In FY2025, the Timíimap group drafted a poster that was presented at the FCRPS Systemwide Meeting in October 2024.

*Other Types of Treatment/Alternative Mitigation:* In August 2024, the Nez Perce Tribe was contracted to begin Phase I of the mitigation for Ahsahka Cemetery. Most of this work has taken place within FY2025 and the results of Phase I will be received and reported on in FY2026. In FY2025, the Nez Perce Tribe were awarded a contract for Phase I of the mitigation for site 10CW00001. The results of Phase I will be received and reported on in FY2026.

Two TPFs were drafted in FY2025 and a total of four TPFs were finalized and received concurrence determinations by the Idaho SHPO and Nez Perce THPO. Of these four, two TPFs were drafted in FY2024 but finalized in FY2025. The first TPF is for sites 10CW01509 and 10CW01510, for Phase I (posting signage), Phase IIa (collections rehabilitation and artifact analysis/tests), and Phase IIb (ethnobotanical focused interviews and archival research). The second TPF drafted in FY2024 and signed in FY2025 is for site 10CW00639, which includes a data recovery plan and posting signage.

The first of the two TPFs that were both drafted and signed in FY2025 is for the 5 HPRCSITs that encompass a majority of the Dworshak project. Treatment for these HPRCSITs include a large-scale ethnographic photo project. The second TPF drafted and signed in FY2025 is for site 10CW00001 (Fishing Rock) located within the boundaries of the Nez Perce Indian Reservation. Treatment for site 10CW00001 includes relocation of the Fishing Rock from the Dworshak Visitor's Center to the Dworshak National Fish Hatchery which is now managed by the Nez Perce Tribe.

#### **4) CURATION (additions or changes in collections status)**

Collections pertaining to the Dworshak Project are held mostly at the University of Idaho, with a small amount held at Washington State University. At the close of FY2025, the total curated FCRPS Dworshak-associated collection consisted of 247 cubic feet of artifacts and 148.5 linear inches of records.

There were no inadvertent discoveries of human remains or NAGPRA repatriations during FY2025.

The USACE Northwestern Division has been involved in a collections consolidation study headed by the MCX since FY2015. During FY2021, the final regionalization report was provided to consulting tribes, including the Nez Perce. The final report confirms that the USACE will eventually consolidate NWW collections region in one to two facilities located on the Plateau. The ownership of collections that were excavated on what is now USACE land, but prior to USACE acquiring the land has not been resolved. The USACE anticipates awarding the new Plateau contract during FY2026.

## 5) ISSUES

*Looting:* In FY2024, potential looting was observed at site 10CW00005. The USACE NRM raised awareness with Idaho Department of Fish and Game and local Law Enforcement to ensure that a Conservation Officer keeps a watch for suspicious activity, and if observed, collects appropriate information, and reaches out to USACE and NPT. This work is ongoing in FY2025.

*HPMP:* During FY2025, the Timíimap finalized the Stand-alone Dworshak Historic Properties Management Plan (HPMP) and received concurrence determinations from the Idaho SHPO and Nez Perce THPO. Several sections of this HPMP were drafted by the Nez Perce Tribe under contract.

## 6) PHOTOS



**Figure G-1.** Photo of the Timíimap Cooperating Group visiting the newly installed gate near sites 10CW00582/00584, 10CW00583, 10CW00585, and 10CW00587.



**Figure G-2.** Photograph showing the impact of the reservoir fluctuations on the shoreline.



**Figure G-3.** Photograph showing an artifact eroding from one of the sites planned for treatment in FY2026 and visited by the cooperating group during FY2025.

## **APPENDIX H – CHIEF JOSEPH PROJECT**

### **Chief Joseph Cooperating Group**

#### **Chief Joseph Dam and Rufus Woods Lake, Okanogan and Douglas Counties, WA**

#### **FY 2025 ACCOMPLISHMENTS (completed and in progress)**

The most important accomplishments for the Chief Joseph Dam Cooperating Group (CJD CG) in FY 2025 centered around the completion of several outstanding treatment and mitigation actions supported by existing Treatment Plan Forms (TPFs). These included the completion of vegetation removal at 45OK170, the installation of signs at 45DO193, completion of the scientific illustrations for 45DO278, and the award of a contract to collect oral histories to document the participation of tribal members in the Chief Joseph Project (CJP) Pool Raise Archaeological project in the late 1970s and early 1980s as partial mitigation for 45OK11. In addition, the CJD CG identified a new treatment for FY 2026, and due to the impending erosion of the site, initiated processes to plan and permit for the salvage recovery of a shell feature eroding from the cutbank at 45DO245.

Regular participants in the CJD CG during FY 2025 included the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and Bonneville Power Administration (BPA) as the two Lead Federal Agencies (LFAs), Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation (CTCR) Tribal Historic Preservation Officer (THPO) and CTCR History Archaeology Program (H/A), Bureau of Land Management Spokane Area Office, Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) and the Washington Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation/ State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO).

#### **1) INVENTORY**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* The CJD CG agrees that inventory of the CJP Area of Potential Effects (APE) is complete. There were no new inventories, but CTCR H/A re-surveyed approximately 50 acres of the CJP APE during FY 2025 utilizing FCRPS Program funds. The resurvey resulted from methodical inspections of landforms while the CTCR H/A team was looking for sites to monitor that had not been visited in over 25 years. The total lands of the CJP APE inventoried for cultural resources remains the same as the FY2024 total of 16,254 acres. No new archaeological or historical sites were identified in FY2025 and the total number of recorded sites in the CJP APE remains 477.

*TCPs/HPRCSITs:* Between 2002 and 2007, CCT H/A identified locations and place names for 99 TCPs (Shannon and Moura 2008) in the CJP APE. Based on this effort, the CJD CG agrees that a good faith effort has been made to identify TCPs within the APE. With the effort to inventory TCPs complete for the time being, the CJD CG has instead focused on producing determinations of eligibility via TCP Forms.

New TCPs in the CJD APE are generally double counts when previously recorded archaeological or historical sites are also updated and evaluated as TCPs. With the addition of two of these double counted TCPs/ archaeological sites in FY 2025, the current count of TCPs in the CJP APE is now 101.

## **2) EVALUATION**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* USACE and BPA completed one new determination of eligibility for archaeological site and TCP 45OK903 in FY 2025. The determination as eligible is included as part of a treatment plan form and the consensus determination of eligibility was completed as part of the signature process with the CTCR THPO. The LFAs also updated the eligibility determination for site 45OK11 to include its eligibility under Criteria A through D due to the site’s association with previously recorded TCPs 64a and 64c. This brings the total number of sites determined eligible at the CJP from 183 in FY 2024 to 184 in FY 2025. The only National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed archaeological or built environment property in the CJP APE is the Columbia River Bridge (45DO650) near the dam.

As discussed in prior Annual Reports, the CJD CG agrees that the Rufus Woods Lake Archaeological District (RWLAD) nomination form requires a significant update. The RWLAD was determined eligible by consensus of USACE, SHPO and CCT in 1977 (Stump 1977). The ACHP reviewed the RWLAD nomination in 1978 and was unable to determine eligibility due to insufficient information. They requested additional information be provided, however, the RWLAD nomination was not resubmitted with the requested information nor was it formally listed on the National Register. The National Register Nomination Form describes the RWLAD as consisting of 243 precontact sites grouped in five clusters. However, the RWLAD Master Site File (45-DT-10) only lists 180 historic and precontact sites as making up the RWLAD. Given these discrepancies and other limitations of the 1978 district nomination, CTCR H/A completed a full re-write of the district, focusing on the eligibility of all historic properties in the APE for the full range of evaluation criteria (rather than just archaeological sites under Criterion D) in FY 2024. The new district nomination is retitled “n̄x̄wntk̄w̄itk̄w̄” to reflect the inclusion of all historic property types and application of all significance criteria. The rewrite currently remains under review by the LFAs. Staff changes at CTCR H/A between 2024 and 2025, coupled with the CJD CG’s focus on addressing several outstanding treatments, led to the postponement of the completion of the n̄x̄wntk̄w̄itk̄w̄ nomination during FY 2025. The CJD CG will discuss next steps for finalizing the draft nomination during a technical meeting scheduled for April 2026.

Chief Joseph Dam is determined eligible for the NRHP via a 2015 10-900 Determination of Eligibility (DOE) form. The dam’s eligibility in that form focuses on the TCP aspects of the dam as a tribal fishery. USACE architectural historians from the Technical Center of Expertise for Built Environment continue to work on updating the Chief Joseph Dam determination of eligibility for the remaining built environment components not previously discussed in the 2015 DOE. USACE began the inventory of the built environment (buildings and structures) associated with the dam in 2023 and continued the inventory and evaluation into FY 2024. Based on current funding forecasts, USACE expects to provide additional funding for this effort in FY 2026. At

the current time it has not been decided whether USACE will pursue official listing in the National Register of Historic Places, despite the dam already being determined eligible for listing.

*TCPs/HPRCSTs:* During FY 2025 the CTCR H/A produced five new FCRPS TCP Inventory Forms for TCPs previously identified as part of the 99 inventoried places in the CJP APE. The LFAs have not yet consulted on NRHP eligibility with the SHPO/THPO on the five new TCP forms. The LFAs expect to take steps toward consensus determinations for TCPs where FCRPS TCP Inventory Forms have been completed in early FY 2026.

The LFA's determined two other TCPs eligible for the NRHP in FY 2025. Both were initially recorded as archaeological sites. The CJD CG has now evaluated those two sites, 45OK11 and 45OK903, as TCPs; in addition to being eligible archaeological sites. This brings the number of determinations of eligibility for TCPs in the CJD APE from three in FY 2024 to five in FY 2025.

It should also be noted that the in-process nřwntk<sup>w</sup>itk District will include TCPs as contributing elements of the significance and eligibility of the updated RWLAD District. As that document is finalized it will likely result in the formal evaluation of many of the remaining unevaluated TCPs as contributing to the district.

### **3) TREATMENT/MITIGATION**

*Site Monitoring:* CTCR H/A monitored 20 archaeological sites in the CJP APE in FY 2025 under contract to USACE. In addition to the 20 sites where full archaeological monitoring occurred, CTCR H/A staff also conducted 17 days of shoreline monitoring and burial site inspections during the fieldwork season. CTCR H/A's report indicated that disturbances were present at 19 of the 20 sites visited during the site condition monitoring, and many of the areas observed during shoreline inspections. The impacts were related to erosion, land development, recreation, wildfire, cattle and wildlife intrusion, and natural impacts such as weathering and rock fall. Partial or full excavation by USACE and/or other CJD CG partners was also noted as an impact to some of the sites.

The primary recommendation made by CTCR H/A that resulted from the FY 2025 monitoring included a need for the CJD CG to identify specific schedules for revisitation of a variety of site types and landform locations. The CJD CG will begin discussing this monitoring prioritization process and draft a priority monitoring table for consideration in FY 2026. In addition to this broad recommendation, CTCR H/A also made site specific recommendations including subsurface testing with shovel probes, physical protection measures focused on cattle exclusion, vegetation removal at rock art sites, development of data recovery plans which can be quickly enacted to enable immediate assessment and potential data recovery efforts during any future reservoir drawdowns, and the merging of single sites as multicomponent sites when located on the same landform.

*Treatments/Mitigations:* During FY 2025, the CJD CG either completed, continued, or initiated adverse effects treatments for 10 different historic properties. The CJD CG fully completed four of the 10 treatments during the year. Two of the 10 include the two new TPFs developed by the CJD CG during FY 2025 and both of those actions are currently in-process. Efforts supporting the development of two future TPFs were already underway in FY 2025 and are counted as two of the 10 in-process treatments. Descriptions of the 10 treatments are as follows:

- 45DO193 (Completed): To treat for effects from recreation within the previously stabilized area, USACE and CTCR H/A staff installed- “Do not move or take rocks” signs, cleaned up garbage, and dismantled contemporary rock structures. USACE staff placed the signs within riprap at three key locations visible to recreationalists (see Figures H-1 and H-2). This is considered a new mitigation per the 2023 TPF and therefore the cost of the project is not allocated toward stabilization maintenance.
- 45DO278 (Completed): Desert Archaeology completed their scientific illustrations of stacked rock features at 45DO278 during FY 2025 while under contract to USACE. The scientific illustration project was detailed in a FY 2023 TPF and partially mitigates for effects of continued inundation and restriction of access due to the reservoir. The LFAs provided the final illustrations to the CTCR H/A program to complete the treatment.
- 45OK1 (In-process): The CJD CG has a completed a TPF that requests further management and stabilization at an archaeological site with prior human remains recoveries. The CJD CG is exploring options to hydroseed the steep bank and potentially conduct archaeological exploration and/or human remains recovery at a suspected location that is eroding into the reservoir. USACE engineers visited the site in FY 2024 and determined hydroseeding to be the most effective way to address destructive erosion.
- 45OK11 and TCP 64a/64c (In-process): The CJD CG finalized a new TPF during FY 2025 outlining partial mitigation for adverse effects associated with inundation, erosion and recreation impacts to the site. The proposed treatment includes contracting with the CTCR H/A staff to create an oral history and documentary film on Tribal community members’ work on the CJP archaeological investigations that took place between 1978 and 1981. USACE awarded a contract for the treatment during summer FY 2025. CTCR H/A staff then planned, contacted sources, and conducted a pre-interview meeting with potential interviewees for this project. Expected completion of the project is FY 2028.
- 45OK170 (Partially Completed): The CJD CG prepared a TPF in FY 2022 that detailed a multifaceted approach of several treatments to partially mitigate for effects to the pictograph site. Many of the treatments were completed prior to FY 2025, including a Rock Art Conservator’s Assessment with recommendations for any protection measures. This was completed in FY 2023, and the CJD CG agreed to pursue the Rock Art Conservator’s recommendation to remove/clear vegetation along the rock image panels as Phase 2 of this treatment. The CJD CG met at the site in early April of FY 2025 and cleared the vegetation (see figures H-3 and H-4).

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

- 45OK239 (Completed): CTCR H/A completed an updated report for archaeological excavations at 45OK239. The updated report includes detailed information on the FCRPS-funded data recovery that took place in 2012. This was not a new treatment and pre-dates the use of TPFs, however the CJD CG prioritized completion of this excavation report for FY 2025.
- 45DO245 (In-process): During a May 2025 site visit, USACE, CTCR H/A, and WDFW staff assessed the potential for impacts related to removing a historical irrigation structure. The field visit resulted in a decision to leave the structure in place because it protects the shoreline from recreational use. During the field visit the team also observed the exposure of shell midden high in the cutbank. The CJD CG discussed salvage recovery of the exposed feature and agreed that the mitigation should commence as soon as possible and could be documented within a FY 2026 TPF. To quickly address erosion and salvage the feature before it was lost, USACE awarded a contract to CTCR H/A to develop a salvage data recovery plan and conduct the data recovery. During FY 2025 CTCR H/A was able to complete the salvage data recovery plan, obtained an emergency permit for data recovery, and coordinated the approval from WDFW for land access. Actual salvage efforts and reporting will conclude the mitigation effort in FY 2026.
- 45OK250 (In-process): The CJD CG has completed a TPF for two actions at 45OK250 to address adverse effects at the site due to recreation and erosion. Next steps for these treatments include placing boulders at ingress locations where offroad traffic is accessing the shoreline and inland portion of the site for camping and placing a truckload of gravel to protect the exposed shoreline where artifacts are regularly exposed. During FY 2025, the CJD CG discussed the need for permits and compliance measures to begin the closure and protection measures in the future.
- 45OK903 (In-process): The CJD CG finalized a new TPF for partial mitigation for adverse effects associated with continued inundation and erosion, as well as recreational impacts at 45OK903 during FY 2025. The proposed treatment will include a phased approach to stabilization. The treatment covered under this TPF is the 35% and 65% design packages and any corresponding environmental and cultural compliance for the project (Phase I). The CJD CG did not conduct any additional effort toward this TPF in FY 2025.
- Mouth of Nespelem (In-process) For several years the CJD CG has discussed a land transfer from USACE to CTCR for parcels of land at the mouth of the Nespelem River. In FY 2025 the USACE Seattle District Commander, responding to a letter from the CTCR Business Council, requested a real estate action and initiated a disposal process to begin the requirements needed for USACE to transfer the federal land at the mouth of the Nespelem River area back to CTCR. USACE is taking steps to draft a disposal report and conduct the various environmental and National Historic Preservation Act compliance needed to support the transfer of the land out of federal control. The CJD CG intends to implement a TPF in support of this effort in FY 2026 or FY 2027. It is expected that the

adverse effects to be treated will be related to continued impacts that result from reservoir erosion and recreation at the twelve already recorded archaeological and historical sites located on the parcels to be returned.

*Public Education:* During FY 2025 USACE implemented a three-year contract with CTCR H/A to create a public documentary video. The production of the video is a mitigation related to adverse effects at 45OK11 and is discussed above in more detail as an in-process treatment/mitigation.

During the FY 2025 Systemwide Meeting, the CTCR H/A curation specialist presented on the "Uses of Technology" panel. The title of the presentation was "Looking in All of the Wrong Places—How YouTube, Uline, and Amazon Can Make Better for Curation."

#### **4) CURATION (additions or changes in collections status)**

During FY 2025, no items were added or removed from the CJP collections. The collections are stored at the CTCR Repository in Nespalem, Washington, and are managed by the CTCR H/A under contract with USACE. The collection includes 1,902 cubic feet of artifacts and samples and another 182 linear feet of associated records. Within the collection are over 23,000 artifacts, 1,300 boxes of bone, shell, C-14, soil and botanical samples, 800 photographs, and field and analysis records. During FY 2025, the CTCR Repository received no new research requests seeking access to the CJP collections. The total reported curation cost for FY 2025 of \$64,772 is for regular storage and curation activities only.

FY 2024 was the final year of the prior rehabilitation contract and USACE and CTCR H/A are currently working on a plan for the next phase of artifact rehabilitations focused on rehousing the faunal tools and the extremely large stone artifacts in the collection. That contract is expected to be awarded in FY 2026.

#### **5) ISSUES**

Encroachments into the USACE flowage easements have increased over the past FY. CTCR H/A and USACE staff have addressed numerous recreational intrusions into areas with archaeological sites. Most of the intrusions are likely due to a lack of understanding about how the flowage easements transfer through sale of property. Despite encroachments, USACE issued no ARPA violations in FY 2025. Instead, USACE staff continued to work with CTCR staff to identify and communicate with property owners and reduce the continued impacts to the landforms in the flowage easements. In some cases, the USACE staff has simply removed the recreation-related structures placed in the flowage easements in order to help protect historic properties in the immediate vicinities.

Otherwise, it was a highly successful year and the CJD CG is eager to build on the momentum from FY 2025 as we continue to monitor sites and assess new adverse effects, treat adverse effects, and follow the Systemwide Programmatic Agreement compliance process for the CJD APE.

**6) PHOTOS**



**Figure H-1.** CTCR H/A and USACE staff unload barge to install signs.



**Figure H-2.** Newly installed sign at stabilized archaeological site.



**Figure H-3.** Area near pictographs prior to vegetation removal.



**Figure H-4.** Area near pictographs after vegetation removal.



**Figure H-5.** Chief Joseph Dam Natural Resources Management Chief leading field visit.



**Figure H-6.** Biface found at archaeological site in CJP APE.



**Figure H-7.** Another biface found at a different archaeological site in the CJP APE.



**Figure H-8.** A CTCR H/A staff member unpacks the program’s LiDAR data collector.



**Figure H-9.** A USACE staff member inspects the condition of a historic barn at a wildlife mitigation area in the CJP APE.

## **APPENDIX I – ALBENI FALLS PROJECT**

### **Albeni Falls Cooperating Group Albeni Falls Dam/Pend Oreille Lake, ID**

#### **FY 2025 ACCOMPLISHMENTS (completed and in progress):**

The Albeni Falls Dam Project (AFD) Cooperating Group (CG) successfully managed its quarterly and long-term goals and requirements in FY 2025 despite several challenges. The Lead Federal Agencies (LFAs) completed the regular performance indicators, goals, and milestones with support from the affected Tribes: the Kalispel Tribe of Indians (Kalispel), the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Reservation (CSKT), the Coeur d'Alene Tribe of Indians, and the Kootenai Tribe of Idaho. Through United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) contracts, Tribal partners have been able to assist the LFAs by providing personnel on the ground to update site conditions and prioritize the list of sites that require re-evaluation or may need treatment. The CG has consistently benefited from the support of the Idaho State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), which has promptly addressed questions and concerns while providing valuable insights and contributions to the group's efforts. These partnerships have enabled the CG to make progress, which will facilitate smoother planning and execution for FY 2026.

#### **1) INVENTORY**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* No new survey work was conducted in the AFD Area of Potential Effect (APE) with FCRPS funding during FY 2025. The Project Managers (PMs) are working under the assumption that all accessible federal lands in the APE have all been surveyed. As work on the stand-alone Historic Properties Management Plan (HPMP) is currently underway in FY 2025, the PMs will work with GIS data to conduct an analysis of all previous surveys to ensure that this is accurate and update survey maps as needed.

In FY 2025, the Lead Federal Agencies (LFAs) did not identify any new archaeological sites on federal land with FCRPS funding. Instead, the CG concentrated on assessing the conditions of previously recorded sites located at or near AFD campgrounds and recreational areas. The proximity of these sites to campgrounds and recreational areas increases the likelihood of adverse effects due to impacts from visitors, boat-induced wave action, and other activities. Since the site conditions for these sites have not been updated in recent years, the initial data to be collected will serve as the baseline data for future monitoring. The long-term strategy is to utilize the Idaho Cultural Resources Information System (ICRIS) to update the site forms systematically to capture data regarding site boundaries, conditions, and whether further information is needed to determine eligibility. Historic properties that demonstrate adverse effects from recreational activities or ongoing operations and maintenance will be added to the CG's priority site list for treatment.

These efforts were carried out under a new Indefinite Delivery/Indefinite Quantity (IDIQ) contract with the Kalispel. In late spring, the Kalispel were awarded their first task order to

revisit ten previously recorded sites and update their site forms and GIS data prior to full pool (2,062.5 amsl) in summer. Because the task order was awarded in late spring, the Kalispel were only able to visit five sites in the West Carey Creek area (Figure I-1). This area was prioritized due to preliminary observations indicating that ongoing operations and maintenance, along with recreational impacts, were causing adverse effects. In FY 2026, the Kalispel will revisit the remaining five sites around the Riley Creek recreational area.

Aside from federal accessible lands, it is also a long-term goal of the CG to inventory non-federal lands within the APE where the USACE has flowage easements. To date, the USACE Seattle District's realty department has identified approximately 1,200 parcels that are over an acre, totaling approximately 9,000 acres that fit this description. Initially, the CG was going to take a phased approach with the goal of surveying 25% over the next 4 years, but this has not been successful at other FCRPS projects due to lack of landowner responses and overall costs. As a result, the LFAs have discussed taking a different approach and targeting landowners that might be more willing to provide access. The LFAs would contact interested landowners by posting an announcement on a website or working with USACE Regulatory or Natural Resource Management (NRM) staff to find landowners that would be interested in inventory of their property for interest or developmental purposes.

Outside of the FCRPS Program, several sites were newly recorded through inventory. USACE's Walla Walla (NWW) Regulatory branch conducted survey efforts on non-federal land in the AFD APE that resulted in the recordation of one new site (10BR2682). During the geotechnical exploration work for the BPA funded Pack River Delta Restoration Project Phase III, the Kalispel were contracted by BPA to conduct the cultural resources survey. During this survey, the Kalispel recorded five new sites (10BR2674, 10BR2675, 10BR2676, 10BR2677, and 10BR2678).

*TCPs/HPRCSITs:* The CG has established an official inventory plan for TCPs and HPRCSITs, which will be included in the upcoming HPMP update. The Tribal participants prefer to identify, evaluate, and address any adverse effects to TCPs and HPRCSITs as they arise. This discreet approach resulted in the recording of only one new HPRCSIT (10BR2690) in FY 2025. The newly recorded site holds religious and cultural significance for the Kalispel Tribe. This HPRCSIT is linked to a Kalispel Coyote legend, which is traditionally recounted during the winter months when snow covers the ground.

## **2) EVALUATION**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* In accordance with the long-term goals set by the SWPA's requirements, the CG is tasked with evaluating 25 sites over five years in the AFD APE. This goal has been surpassed through a combination of efforts: the BPA's Pack River Delta Restoration projects, various USACE civil works projects, and NWS's Regulatory branch. These evaluations have contributed to the long-term goal of assessing additional or previously recorded sites for potential inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). Although the

CG has met its goal, the group is prioritizing evaluating more sites on federal land near campgrounds and recreational areas.

In FY 2025, ten archaeological or historical sites were evaluated in total, all of which USACE or BPA evaluated using non-FCRPS funds. Six out of the ten sites received consensus determinations on their eligibility for inclusion on the NRHP. NWW's Regulatory branch evaluated five previously recorded sites (10BR699, 10BR527, 10R54, 10BR969, and 10BR1992), and all five were determined eligible under Criterion D. As part of BPA's Pack River Project within the AFD APE, a newly recorded site (10BR2675) was determined eligible by consensus under Criterion D.

The remaining four of the ten sites were determined not eligible. USACE Regulatory branch received consensus determination that a newly recorded site (10BR2682) was not eligible for inclusion on the NRHP. BPA's Pack River Delta Restoration Phase III project received consensus determination that three of the sites inventoried were not eligible. Two were newly recorded sites (10BR2676 and 10BR2678) and the third was a previously recorded site (10BR677).

*TCPs/HPRCsITs:* The Kalispel Tribe's HPRCSIT (10BR2690) was the only TCP/HPRCsIT evaluated using FCRPS funds in FY 2025. ID SHPO provided concurrence on its eligibility in Spring 2025.

### **3) TREATMENT/MITIGATION**

*Site Monitoring:* During the Summer 2025 recreational season, CSKT staff conducted seventeen day-long visits at site 10BR05, all which occurred before September 30, 2025. The CSKT were under a new contract to serve as site stewards at the petroglyph site (10BR05). Technical staff from the CSKT Preservation Office were tasked to document any changes to the petroglyph site and report vandalism incidents. Dates were selected based on predicted high traffic days, including selected weekends and holidays. Other days throughout the week were varied; this allowed for the most accurate snapshot of recreation activities at the site. During each visit, the staff took two reference point photos, completed the daily site form log, tallied the number of recreationists who visited while they were present, and served as site stewards.

Vandalism remains a concern at 10BR05 because it is so well-known to many locals and visitors. The CSKT presence on the site as stewards aims to reduce opportunities for vandalism by reporting prohibited activities to USACE. Prohibited activities include recreationists using the area adjacent to the site to start campfires, create fire rings, and camp overnight. During their time monitoring, the CSKT diligently disassembled fire rings, removed evidence of campfires, and documented where the recreationists were spending time.

One significant impact documented this season was the disturbance of naturally occurring rocks near the site (Figure I-2). Upon arrival, the CSKT staff observed multiple rocks that had been dug up or displaced from their original locations. Staff suspect this activity may be linked to recreationalists attempting to locate additional petroglyphs in the area. As the season

progressed, another major impact became apparent: a worn footpath emerged due to heavy recreational foot traffic to the site (Figure I-3). The initial signs of this footpath were noted in early June, and its presence became increasingly prominent throughout the season.

In FY 2023, nine no-camping signs were installed around site 10BR05 to enhance the stewardship efforts being conducted by the CSKT as part of the site condition monitoring. By 2025, the CSKT monitors report that one of the signs remained intact (Figure I-4). It is challenging to determine whether these signs effectively reduced recreational impacts. Regardless, the CG has agreed to replace the signs in FY 2026 to provide clear evidence that any campers on the site are not adhering to the established regulations as outlined in 36 CFR, Chapter III.

*Site Protection/Stabilization:* In FY 2025, the CG initiated repairs to previous stabilization efforts at site 10BR20, as outlined in the treatment plan from FY 2024. This site was originally stabilized by USACE nearly twenty years ago; however, NRM staff recently identified sections affected by erosion, primarily due to ongoing dam operations and maintenance, as well as new recreational impacts that needed to be addressed. To enhance cost-effectiveness and promote native plant growth, the CG opted to minimize the use of rock and focus on incorporating native plants like cattails and willows, which are effective in reducing shoreline erosion. Through the Kalispel's IDIQ contract, the Kalispel nursery was tasked with producing these native plants.

To prepare for the current treatment at 10BR20 and future treatments at other sites, the Kalispel needed to establish a stock of plants. The Kalispel collected an initial inventory of the following species during the spring and summer of 2025: Black Cottonwood (*Populus trichocarpa*), Coyote Willow (*Salix exigua*), various Willow species (*Salix spp*), Red-osier (*Cornus sericea*), Bulrush/Tule (native *Schoenoplectus spp*) plugs, Wapato (duck potato, native *Sagittaria spp*) bulbs, and Smartweed (native *Polygonum spp*). The long-term objective is to ensure the availability and abundance of a diverse collection of native stock that can be propagated by seed, cutting, and division from this initial stock, along with opportunistic collection from the AFD APE. The Kalispel nursery has the capacity to hold between 900 and 1,500 potted plants for the CG, but it may take several years to reach these numbers. Currently, the Kalispel is starting with a few hundred plants and plans to cultivate additional specimens of certain species as future projects are identified (Figure I-5). Additionally, staff from the Kalispel nursery are collaborating with AFD's NRM team to train them in the opportunistic collection of naturally occurring plants within the APE (Figure I-6).

At the beginning of FY 2025, AFD NRM completed the treatment for site 10BR2652, which was originally written as a treatment in FY 2024. This treatment aimed to protect the archaeological site by preventing off-road vehicles from accessing the exposed drawdown during the off-season. Both components of the treatment were executed by AFD's NRM team and maintenance staff. The first component involved the installation of approximately 700 feet of perimeter rock along Boat Launch Road at Denton Slough. This perimeter rock (boulders) serves as both a visible and physical barrier between the road/parking area and the shoreline slope. The

second component included the installation of a gate at the existing Boat Launch point, which provides controlled access for authorized foot traffic and small boat recreation from the parking area. The gate remains open during the recreation season when water levels are high, and no exposed drawdown is present. From October to April, when water levels drop, the gate is closed and locked. To date, this dual-component treatment, consisting of the gate and perimeter rock, has effectively prevented off-road vehicles from entering the drawdown zone and lakebed.

*Public Education:* In FY 2025, the CG continued to focus public education initiatives that consider Tribal interests. While public education can be received through different mediums, it was decided that the focus would be to strategically install signs across Lake Pend Oreille. Most of the interpretive signs in the AFD APE are outdated, broken, and in poor condition. With approximately 400,000 visitors at Lake Pend Oreille each year, this approach is a good opportunity to collaborate with Tribal programs to meet their desire for increased local public outreach and to collaborate with museums and tourism boards to provide a landscape-based public education experience.

For the FCRPS Biennial Systemwide Meeting held in October 2024, the CG created a comprehensive poster focused on evaluating accessible signage around Lake Pend Oreille. This poster served as a catalyst for generating numerous ideas from the affected Tribes, fostering a collaborative dialogue about signage improvements. The CG began to assess various aspects of the existing signage, including the accuracy and accessibility of the information presented, as well as the durability of the materials used in the signs. The creation of the poster not only demonstrated the feasibility of a strategic signage plan but also outlined ideas that the CG could explore over the next several years. The discussions initiated during the development of the poster aimed to enhance the visitor experience significantly, ensuring that the signage meets the diverse needs of all users while reflecting the valuable input and perspectives of the affected Tribes. Additionally, Tribal partners contributed examples of successful signage created outside of the FCRPS Program, which effectively engaged audiences and provided accessible, authentic content. The Systemwide Meeting poster highlighted the commitment the CG has towards creating inclusive and informative signage that resonates with all visitors to the area.

During the May 2025 quarterly meeting, the CG allocated time to discuss successful methods that would establish a clear, actionable signage plan, including identified and agreed upon goals, locations, partners, and complementary strategies. Key considerations for content development emphasized audience engagement, accuracy, and the representation of tribal presence; particularly highlighting the ongoing connections of the AFD affected Tribes to the landscape. The goals for the signage included improving visitor experiences, educating the public about the area's natural and Tribal significance, and fostering Tribal collaboration. Proposed target areas for signage include campgrounds, visitor centers, and historically significant sites, with themes ranging from place names to traditional practices. Potential partnerships with local organizations and agencies were identified to enhance outreach and engagement. Additional recommendations included integrating digital elements, ensuring

accessibility, and maintaining the signage. The discussion reinforced the importance of ongoing dialogue with Tribal partners and the community to ensure the effectiveness and sustainability of the signage initiative.

In FY 2025, the CG developed two new treatment plan forms for interpretive signage at two priority sites within the Project area: 10BR2652 and 10BR2690. Although 10BR2652 was recently treated, the CG identified an additional adverse effect related to the lack of tribal access to the area and proposed installing signage to highlight the Tribal significance of the site as a partial mitigation measure. The Kalispel Tribe also suggested treatment for a known but previously unrecorded HPRCSIT (10BR2690). Operations and maintenance activities at AFD have caused visual and auditory adverse effects when members of the Kalispel Tribe are present at the site. The Kalispel proposed installing signage to educate the public about the significance of Coyote. Both treatment plan forms were finalized and routed for signatures by BPA and the USACE Seattle District in FY 2025. The CG will begin discussing the content for the signs during quarterly meetings in FY 2026.

The CG also intends to install new signage at the Laclede Boat Launch as part of the FY2024 treatment plan for site 10BR20. The sign will highlight the site's rich history, focusing on its role as a historic settlement in Northern Idaho and its impact on regional growth and economic development.

#### **4) CURATION (additions or changes in collections status)**

The AFD archaeological collection is currently housed at Washington State University (WSU) in Pullman, using a task order issued through the USAC's Walla Walla District curation contract with WSU. After completing an item-level inventory in FY 2024 to ensure all materials were properly cataloged and recorded in the database, the focus of WSU's task order shifted solely to storage in FY 2025.

At the beginning of FY 2025, AFD USACE PM visited WSU's repository to review the collections. WSU's curation staff provided an overview and walkthrough of the USACE collections, confirming adherence to curation standards outlined in 36 CFR 79. AFD USACE PM expressed no concerns regarding the collections and noted that WSU was maintaining excellent storage conditions.

Following the meeting with WSU staff, AFD USACE PM consulted with the Kalispel's Cultural Resources Program Manager to discuss collections related to site 10BR20. Given the emphasis on reintroducing native plants to the landscape for erosion control and site stabilization, the Kalispel proposed examining the archaeobotanical remains collected from the site, which are currently stored in the collection. The goal of this potential future project would be to process and analyze the archaeobotanical collection to identify the specific species that once thrived at the site. This information could help determine which species, assuming similar adaptability conditions, would be effective for erosion protection and long-lasting stabilization at

10BR20. The number of sediment bags from 10BR20 in the collection were documented and the weight of each bag estimated (Figure I-7).

No other access to the AFD collections occurred in FY 2025. WSU is expected to provide the annual curation report for FY 2025 in early FY 2026.

## **5) ISSUES**

Increased visitation and recreational use of Lake Pend Oreille remain a significant issue for the AFD APE. AFD continues to experience a high volume of visitors, leading to increased recreational impacts, shoreline construction, and instances of vandalism. The USACE AFD NRM team operated this past recreation season with reduced numbers of seasonal summer rangers and maintenance personnel who would be otherwise available to assist this Program. This staffing change affected the ability to assist with archaeological monitoring, conduct regular Archaeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA) patrols or respond promptly to reports of vandalism and ARPA violations. Another implication of the changes with NRM personnel at AFD was that the CG was unable to facilitate an Elders Tour for tribal members to significant sites.

The CG is working to develop and implement proactive measures to address recreation impacts to sites. There is a growing discussion within the group to shift efforts from merely monitoring sites toward enhancing stewardship through trained public interactions, education, and information sharing by AFD NRM Rangers. CSKT staff are already assisting by incorporating site cleanup tasks into their regular monitoring visits.

## **6) PHOTOS**



**Figure I-1.** The Kalispel Tribe’s Natural Resource Department’s Drone Team conducting LiDAR imagery for baseline data at West Carey Creek. Photo captured and provided by K. J. Lyons.



**Figure I-2.** Dislodged/dug up rock in the immediate area of the site 10BR05; note that multiple rocks were documented to be overturned. Photo captured and provided by the CSKT Preservation Office.



**Figure I-3.** Image shows an unofficial footpath created by recreationists at site 10BR05. The footpath became more prominent as the field season progressed. Photo captured and provided by the CSKT Preservation Office.



**Figure I-4.** Nine “no-camping signs” were installed at site 10BR05 in FY 2023. By FY 2025, one remained installed as exemplified by this photo. This broken sign is a result of recreational activity. Photo captured and provided by the CSKT Preservation Office.



**Figure I-5.** Image of the AFD’s NRM team at the Kalispel nursery, located near the Kalispel’s Natural Resource Department office, to check in on the growth progress of the plants. Photo captured and provided by K.J. Lyons.



**Figure I-6.** Image of the Kalispel nursery staff Alec McCall and AFD NRM Staff collecting Wapato bulbs in the Project area. Photo captured and provided by K.J. Lyons.



**Figure I-7.** Image of AFD USACE Project Manager Sarah MacIntosh working in the WSU Repository. Photo captured by Leah Bonstead (NWW).

## **APPENDIX J – LIBBY PROJECT**

### **Libby Cooperating Group Libby Dam/Lake Koocanusa, MT**

#### **FY 2025 ACCOMPLISHMENTS (completed and in progress)**

The Libby Dam Project (LD) Cooperating Group (CG) successfully managed quarterly and long-term goals and requirements for the program in FY 2025. The Lead Federal Agencies (LFAs), Bonneville Power Administration (BPA)/ United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), completed all regular performance indicators, goals, and milestones with support from the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Reservation (CSKT) and the United States Forest Service Kootenai National Forest (USFS KNF). Through USACE contracts, the CSKT assisted the LFAs by providing key personnel to conduct monitoring at high-risk sites and delivered professional and insightful products. The CG benefited from the support of the Montana State Historic Preservation Office (MT SHPO) and USFS KNF with their well-coordinated determinations of eligibility that effectively shaped the group’s work plan and priority site list. Despite several challenges, these partnerships have allowed the LD CG to successfully execute key program milestones and enabled the CG to have an equally successful FY 2026.

#### **1) INVENTORY**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* There were no new inventories conducted within the LD Area of Potential Effects (APE) during FY 2025 utilizing joint BPA/ USACE FCRPS funds. USACE Seattle District contracted Hope Archaeology to update 81 previously recorded sites within the Libby-Jennings Archaeological District (LJAD). Since this contract was for site-specific work, there was no effort to conduct new inventory nor resurvey areas outside of known sites.

The LD Project Managers (PMs) are in the process of conducting a GIS analysis of all previous surveys and defining the total accessible acreage within the LD APE. The fact that this has not been completed previously is reflected in Tables 1 and 2, which list this figure for Libby as “In Progress”.

*TCPs/HRPCSITs:* During FY 2025, the USFS KNF Heritage Program Manager updated the eligibility for eight previously recorded archaeological sites to also identify them as TCPs/HRPCSITs. The eight newly designated TCP/HRPCSITs are part of the Tobacco Plains site complex and include sites 24LN425, 24LN652, 24LN715, 24LN1092, 24LN1093, 24LN1094, 24LN1095, and 24LN1096.

#### **2) EVALUATION**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* In FY 2025, a total of 81 previously recorded archaeological sites and historic structures were evaluated or reevaluated for their eligibility for

inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). While these records and documents were provided to USACE in FY 2025, BPA and USACE have not yet submitted the determinations of eligibility to the MT SHPO for consensus determination. SHPO consultation and consensus is in progress and will conclude in FY 2026. The long-term goal of the CG is to update all LJAD related site forms to MT SHPO's current standards and complete a new updated 10-900 form documenting the district's NRHP eligibility. Evaluation and determination of the LJAD district's eligibility is ongoing and will be completed between FY 2026 and FY 2027.

*TCPs/HPRCSTs:* As discussed above, the USFS KNF Heritage Program Manager re-evaluated eight sites in the Tobacco Plains Complex as part of a non-FCRPS funded project and determined them to be TCPs eligible under criterion A during FY 2025. The LD CG completed an effort begun in FY 2024 to collectively document twenty-eight previously recorded archaeological sites in the Bristow Creek Complex as a single TCP (24LN2430). Using a CSKT Preservation Program report, the LD CG determined the new TCP eligible for the NRHP under criterion A in FY 2025. All nine TCPs found eligible for the NRHP in FY 2025 were on land managed by USFS KNF. The USFS KNF Heritage Program Manager received concurrence from the MT SHPO on all nine determinations of eligibility.

### **3) TREATMENT/MITIGATION**

*Site Monitoring:* BPA, USACE, and CSKT completed official monitoring activities at a total of nine sites in FY2025. Eight of the nine sites are part of the 81 LJAD sites for which Hope Archaeology updated site forms in FY 2025. The ninth site is 24LN510, a pictograph site that CSKT regularly monitors under contract to USACE. Hope Archaeology completed updated forms for all 81 sites and CSKT updated the documentation for 24LN510, for a combined total of 82 sites with updated documentation in FY 2025. Changes were noted at 24LN510 and at 25 of the LJAD sites as noted in the updated forms.

During FY 2025 the CSKT staff conducted seasonal monitoring at site 24LN510 a total of eight times. This pictograph site is eligible for inclusion on the NRHP under criteria A, C, and D. The CSKT staff completed monitoring forms at each visit, which included photographs and observations of recreational activity, as well as any impacts or changes to the site. Given its proximity to a dirt/gravel road that leads to a campsite and river access, 24LN510 has been vandalized several times in the past. This continued pattern of vandalism has led the CG to prioritize annual monitoring at the site. This year, the CSKT monitored the site regularly throughout the peak recreational season from late Spring to early Fall. CSKT monitors recorded four new incidents of vandalism on June 30<sup>th</sup>, August 11<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup>, and September 15<sup>th</sup>, 2025. The vandalism occurred to the pictograph cliff face in multiple places and included chipping and graffitiing on the panel. In FY 2025 the CG finalized a treatment plan form (TPF) to mitigate previous adverse effects and will implement the treatment in FY 2026. This TPF is discussed in greater detail under Site Protection/ Stabilization below.

USACE Seattle District Archaeologist, Libby Natural Resource Management (NRM) staff, and several members of the CSKT performed archaeological monitoring at eight sites in

September 2025. These eight LJAD sites, 24LN0010, 24LN1017, 24LN1027, 24LN1028, 24LN1046, 24LN1116, 24LN1118, and 24LN2270 (see Figure J-4) were all recently re-visited and the site forms updated by Hope Archaeology. This monitoring effort served a dual purpose: to inspect the work completed by Hope Archaeology and to review site conditions several months after the updates. The staff observed and recorded minor impacts to the sites during the field visits. The reported impacts were the result of natural processes such as vegetation growth, fires, and rodent activity at three of the sites and erosion from reservoir fluctuations at one site. At five of the sites there was evidence of recreation use, such as hunting, trails, and fire rings. New impacts were not significant enough to result in changes to the Hope Archaeology forms, and the team observed no evidence of ARPA violations.

*Site Protection/Stabilization:* After completion of a field-based preliminary study in FY 2024, USACE engineers presented the results of their 10 percent design and feasibility study for stabilization via shoreline armoring of site 24LN388. Site 24LN388 was originally prioritized by the group because it is eligible for the NRHP under criterion D and is being adversely affected by erosion. The CG, however, has paused discussing implementation of this design due to funding impacts, prioritization of other treatments, and schedule challenges. This process led to a longer discussion within the CG during the winter FY 2025 meeting during which the CG discussed prioritization of stabilizing archaeological sites throughout the LD APE that are impacted by reservoir related erosion. The discussion led the CG to focus on the development of two TPFs to protect archaeological sites in the LD APE.

During a 2024 site visit to Barron Creek, KNF and CSKT archaeologists observed dispersed camping and recreation trails at site 24LN580. Shoreline erosion along the banks of Lake Koocanusa provided further evidence of adverse effects to the site, prompting the CG to develop a treatment plan for the site in FY 2025. The multi-step plan proposed a feasibility study and ten percent design to determine how to stabilize the site, eventually reducing impacts of erosion and protecting it from additional adverse effects. The CG outlined an additional step to treat 24LN580 to address erosion caused by recreation activities by placing boulders to prevent vehicle access and reduce pedestrian traffic that may exacerbate erosion.

The LD CG's second treatment plan in FY 2025 was to address the continuing vandalism at Big Creek pictograph. The LFA's developed a treatment plan to contract a professional rock image conservationist to assess the types of vandalism at site 24LN510 and recommend appropriate conservation methods to treat the existing damage. Based on the results of the conservationist's assessment, the LFAs will then determine appropriate next steps to further treat the site. The USACE LD PM is currently working on an indefinite delivery/indefinite quantity contract for a rock image conservator.

*Public Education:* In late FY 2024 and early FY 2025, the CG marked the completion of a long-term public outreach treatment for the Jennings Townsite. USACE NRM staff, working with USFS KNF and the Montana Department of Transportation, installed interpretive signage covering the overlapping sites 24LN1020 (precontact) and 24LN1025 (historic) across the river

from the sites in a pullout along Highway 37. The new signs provide information to the public about the sites' historic context and need for protection. To finalize this treatment, installation of a highway sign that signals to oncoming vehicles of the presence of the Jennings Townsite signs is needed and scheduled for installation in FY 2026.

*Other Types of Treatment/Mitigation:* The CG continues to explore how funding for community engagement, hosted by CSKT staff, can mitigate adverse effects at archaeological sites in the LD APE. The community engagement events are opportunities for tribal members of all ages to explore their connections between modern and traditional cultures within the landscape of northwest Montana, including the former Kootenai River area now inundated by Lake Koocanusa. The community engagement events provide a tenable connection between the past and present for tribal members and the support for this connection is recognized by the CG as a viable treatment for the continued loss of cultural connection that is exacerbated by adverse effects to archaeological sites in the LD APE. The CG previously identified site 24LN510 as an opportunity to support community engagement events and recently added sites 24LN1054 and 45LN521 to the list. USACE will work on contracting with CSKT to hold these events beginning in FY 2026.

#### **4) CURATION (additions or changes in collections status)**

Artifacts recovered from sites throughout the LD APE continue to be housed at Salish Kootenai College in Pablo, Montana. After USACE's Mandatory Center of Expertise (MCX) for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (CMAC) completed their inventory report in 2024, the CG was able to better understand the condition, extent, and management responsibility of the collection. As a result, the CSKT offered to house the collection for which USACE is responsible at an updated facility at the CSKT offices in Ronan, MT. Plans to move the collection are underway and will be completed in FY 2026. No other studies or changes occurred with this collection in FY 2025.

#### **5) ISSUES**

The LD CG faced several challenges due to new vacancies of key personnel and staffing changes.

The USFS KNF Heritage Program manager departed from their position in early spring of 2025. This resulted in no involvement from the USFS KNF for the remainder of the fiscal year, temporarily pausing the performance of actions related to completed Treatment Plan Forms at Douglas Hills and Tobacco Plains, which were reported on in FY 2024.

A new USACE Libby PM began in April 2025 resulting in a co-manager transition period for the remainder of the FY. This change has been positive for the CG; however, it did result in some inconsistencies and impacted progress on some tasks during FY 2025. The CSKT Preservation Department underwent several position changes as well including a new CSKT Tribal Historic Preservation Officer (THPO) and Field Supervisor. While there was a period of

transition for both positions, the CSKT were able to effectively continue to plan, coordinate, and implement project responsibilities for the LD CG in FY 2025.

**6) PHOTOS**



**Figure J-1.** USACE & CSKT staff discussing collection storage at CSKT facilities August 25<sup>th</sup>, 2025. Photo courtesy of Derek Beery.



**Figure J-2.** CSKT staff Mary Rogers providing new USACE PM a tour of Salish Kootenai College facility currently housing Libby/Lake Koocanusa collection August 25<sup>th</sup>, 2025. Photo courtesy of Derek Beery.



**Figure J-3.** USACE Seattle staff archaeologist, Libby NRM staff, and CSKT staff conducting site monitoring at Dunn Creek Campground, September 18<sup>th</sup>, 2025, Photo courtesy of Madeline Caye.



**Figure J-4.** View of the Fish Weir site during monitoring on September 18<sup>th</sup>, 2025. Photo courtesy of Madeline Caye.

## **APPENDIX K – GRAND COULEE DAM PROJECT**

### **Lake Roosevelt Mainstem and Spokane Arm Cooperating Groups Grand Coulee Dam/Lake Roosevelt, Douglas, Ferry, Grant, Lincoln, Okanogan, and Stevens Counties, WA**

#### **FY 2025 ACCOMPLISHMENTS (completed and in progress)**

The Grand Coulee Dam Project (GCDP) consists of two areas of potential effects (APE); the Mainstem APE and Spokane Arm APE. Cultural resources in each APE are managed by their respective cooperating group, a partnership of BPA and Reclamation, in collaboration with NPS, Washington SHPO, and Tribal participants. The Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation's History/Archaeology (CTCR H/A) Program staff participate in the Lake Roosevelt Mainstem Cooperating Group. The Spokane Tribe of Indians' Preservation Program (STIPP) staff participate in the Lake Roosevelt Spokane Arm Cooperating Group. Both Tribal programs employ archaeologists, museum staff, and people with specialized knowledge of traditional cultural places to assist the Lead Federal Agencies (LFAs) with tasks for identifying, evaluating, and treating effects as part of annual contracts with Reclamation and BPA.

The two Mainstem and Spokane Arm Cooperating Groups have agreed to prepare one Project Specific Programmatic Agreement (PSPA) for the Grand Coulee Dam Project. The PSPA will enact the completed Historic Properties Management Plan and conform with the requirements of the FCRPS SWPA. The LFAs hired a facilitator and set up a detailed production schedule with completion anticipated in FY 2026.

#### **1) INVENTORY**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* In FY 2025, the Spokane Arm APE increased by approximately 248 acres (from 105,253 to 105,501 acres). As a result, the total Grand Coulee Dam Project APE changed from 268,194 to 268,442 acres. During FY 2025 FCRPS-funded site monitoring fieldwork, STIPP re-surveyed a total of 833 acres in the Spokane Arm APE. CTCR H/A surveyed approximately 3 new acres in Mainstem APE. Inventory of accessible federally owned land within the APE for the Grand Coulee Dam Project is complete. It is a long-term goal of the Program to inventory accessible non-Federal lands by FY 2029.

In FY 2025, no new archaeological sites were recorded in the Grand Coulee Dam Project APE with FCRPS Program Funds. One historic structure site, the Grand Coulee Dam Feeder Canal, was recorded in the Grand Coulee Dam Project Mainstem APE with Non-FCRPS Program Funds. A review of previously recorded archaeological site GIS data identified 989 sites in the Mainstem APE and 179 sites in the Spokane Arm APE. As a result of fieldwork and the GIS review, the total number of archaeological and historic structure sites in the Grand Coulee Dam Project APE increased by 63 (from 1,106 to 1,169 sites). The GIS data review will continue in FY 2026.

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of Historic Properties – March 2026*

CTCR H/A continued the Hall Creek Cemetery (45FE00594) Inventory of 2.64 acres in the Mainstem APE. CTCR H/A staff are conducting historical research and using remote sensing including photogrammetry, LiDAR (light detection and ranging), aerial imagery, and ground penetrating radar, to refine reburial data including the location, size, and extent of the cemetery. Hall Creek is one of the multiple cemeteries upslope of the reservoir inundation zone that was established to rebury those disinterred from the tribal cemeteries ahead of inundation. Since then, other reburials have occurred at Hall Creek Cemetery. The goal is to provide an up-to-date map of the burials at the cemetery and identify suitable public education efforts. The Hall Creek Cemetery Inventory will continue in FY 2026.

FY 2025 marked the fifth year of the STIPP's River District Site Reconciliation Project to revisit River District sites on Spokane Tribe Reservation lands associated with archaeological or TCP features that require additional documentation. The project involves review and syntheses of previously published and unpublished research reports, notes, artifact documentation, ethnographies, as well as the search and recovery of GIS data and integration software. Fieldwork involves intensive survey methods to relocate or refine locations for previously documented artifacts and features. Documentation includes a reconciliation report with NRHP eligibility assessment and updates to geodata and STIPP site forms. In FY 2025, STIPP's River District Site Reconciliation Project focused on three sites (45SR0001, 45SR00033 and 45SR00126). However, the sites were mostly inaccessible due to inundation caused by shallow drawdown. STIPP plans to return in the future to complete the reconciliation. Annual site reconciliation work is progressing and is proving incredibly useful, but issues continue with aligning previous site identification numbers. STIPP plans to fill the currently vacant GIS Specialist position in FY2026 and will continue to develop further approaches to dealing with the data and streamlining data systems. The River District Site Reconciliation Project will continue in FY 2026.

FY 2025 marked the fourth year of the CTCR H/A's DStretch Pictograph Survey Project to revisit known or suspected rock image sites in the Mainstem APE. The project involved photo documentation of extant pictographs and surrounding surfaces, application of color enhancements to the photographs via DStretch software to investigate the possibility of additional pictographs not visible to the naked eye, and updates to site documentation as necessary. In FY 2025, CTCR H/A revisited two of the 22 known or suspected rock image sites as many of the rock image sites remained inundated in FY2025. The DStretch Pictograph Survey Project will continue in FY 2026.

FY 2025 marked the eighth year of Historic Human Remains Detection Dog (HHRDD) surveys at Lake Roosevelt. Both the Mainstem and the Spokane Arm have had success with this non-invasive survey method to define sensitive areas in the drawdown for future monitoring. In FY2025, the HHRDDs visited seven sites with the CTCR H/A and five sites with STIPP. The HHRDD surveys will continue in FY 2026.

*TCPs/HPRCSTs:* The Mainstem and Spokane Arm Cooperating Groups continue to discuss new ways to expand and increase identifying, evaluating, and treating effects to Traditional Cultural Places/Properties (TCPs), or historic properties of religious and cultural significance to Indian Tribes (HPRCSTs). In FY 2025, no new TCPs were recorded in the Grand Coulee Dam Project APE. However, a review of GIS data identified 25 existing TCPs that were originally recorded for the Chief Joseph Project are in the boundaries of the Grand Coulee Dam Project Mainstem APE. As a result, the total number of TCPs in the Grand Coulee Dam Project APE, including Mainstem and Spokane Arm, increased by 25 from 474 to 499 TCPs. The GIS data review will continue in FY 2026.

In FY 2025, CTCR H/A continued the TCP Inventory Research and Fieldwork Project to inventory their TCPs and ethnographic collections. Staff conducted interviews and transcriptions/translations of interviews with elders and provided the LFAs with 10 TCP Inventory Forms that document the characteristics and evaluate the significance of previously identified properties along the Mainstem APE. Staff conducted inventory fieldwork at five of the 10 previously identified and documented TCPs to verify locations. The TCP Inventory Research and Fieldwork Project will continue in FY 2026.

STIPP plans to continue the TCP Inventory and Fieldwork Project when the currently vacant staff position is filled.

## **2) EVALUATION**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* As of FY 2025, the total number of archaeological and historic structure sites documented in the Grand Coulee Dam Project APE is 1,169. No formal determinations of eligibility were made in FY 2025. Of the total documented sites, 215 have been determined eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) by the LFAs, eight are not eligible, and 946 require evaluation. In FY 2025, no formal determinations of eligibility were made by the LFAs for archaeological sites or historic structures in the Grand Coulee Dam Project APE but formal recommendations of eligibility via 10-900 forms are being drafted for two sites (45FE00043 and 45ST00057). Reclamation has halted the process of nominating Grand Coulee Dam for listing in the NRHP pending the resolution of tribal concerns. The agency is also working to complete consensus determinations of eligibility under 36 CFR 800.4(c)(2) for the Whitestone District and Lakes Villages District. These districts contain several dozen sites, and once completed, will constitute a large percentage of evaluations for the Grand Coulee Dam Project APE.

*TCPs/HPRCSTs:* As of FY 2025, the total number of TCPs documented in the Grand Coulee Dam Project APE, including Mainstem and Spokane Arm, is 499. No formal TCP determinations of eligibility were made in FY 2025.

## **3) TREATMENT/MITIGATION**

*Site Monitoring:* Annual archaeological site condition monitoring, ARPA reconnaissance/walkthrough monitoring patrols, and burial site inspections remain a priority

for the Mainstem and Spokane Arm Cooperating Groups. Monitoring involves identifying impacts to sites, documenting physical changes to site conditions, and reporting any illegal activity observed during patrols to law enforcement for investigation and follow-up. The results of these efforts help inform mitigation and treatment options and priorities.

In FY 2025, a total of 63 previously documented archaeological sites were revisited in the Grand Coulee Dam Project APE and 40 had noticeable physical changes. These efforts resulted in seven site inventory form updates, eight ARPA site damage assessment reports, and no NAGPRA inadvertent discovery notifications.

CTCR H/A revisited a total of 26 sites during Site Condition Monitoring in the Mainstem APE and identified three sites with noticeable physical changes requiring a site form update. Patrols for illegal activity occurred over 13 days, and one observation report was made to law enforcement.

STIPP revisited a total of 37 sites during Site Condition Monitoring in the Spokane Arm APE and identified four sites with noticeable physical changes requiring site form updates. Patrols for illegal activity occurred over 55 days, and seven observation reports were made to law enforcement.

*Data Recovery:* In FY 2025, one data recovery fieldwork project occurred in the Spokane Arm APE. STIPP's excavation at site 45SR00021 yielded fire-modified rock but no other cultural material was found. Preliminary geomorphological analysis suggests this area has been covered by landslide alluvium deposits from the surrounding uplands. Data Recovery remains a useful tool in resolving adverse effects with an added emphasis on geomorphology to further understand the river system dynamics and fluvio-glacial landforms. A final report will be prepared in FY 2026.

*Site Protection/Stabilization:* No new site protection/stabilizations occurred in FY 2025. Stairway repairs associated with an existing stabilization at Hidden Beach in the Spokane Arm APE were completed in May 2025. Two Treatment Plan Forms (TPFs), one for each cooperating group, were prepared during FY 2025.

The Spokane Arm Cooperating Group prepared a FY 2025 TPF for repairs to an existing concrete walkway ramp installed as part of a previous stabilization project at Hidden Beach (45SR00011). The repairs are expected to occur in FY 2026/2027. The Spokane Arm Cooperating Group also prepared a draft FY 2026 TPF for the Interior Lake Docks Project as an alternative treatment for the adverse effects to site 45SR00004. The goal of the treatment is to replace or install three new docks on interior lakes within the boundary of the Spokane Reservation. Inland lakes within the Spokane Reservation boundaries are utilized heavily by the tribe for subsistence, recreation, and cultural purposes. These Tribal lakes include McCoy Lake, Turtle Lake, Benjamin Lake, Mathews Lake and the Post Pond. Replacing aging and broken docks and installing new docks on Tribal lakes has been identified by Spokane Tribal Council as a priority project for the Tribe so that the Tribal communities can fish, recreate and

provide subsistence to their families. Tribal lakes have limited or no access for handicapped or tribal elders and many existing docks and ramps are in a state of disrepair.

In FY 2025, the Mainstem Cooperating Group prepared a TPF for structural repairs at Rogers Bar Church (45FE00466) to alternatively treat the adverse effects to site 45FE00353. Rogers Bar Church, originally named Sacred Heart, was built in 1934 in the vicinity of an earlier church built in 1907, called St. Ignatius Mission (Covington 2024). The church is located on Tribal Trust lands within the exterior boundaries of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation about 20 miles south of the town of Inchelium. The goal of the treatment is to make the vacant church functional as a community center, serving the community for various local events, including funerals and celebrations. Rogers Bar Church and cemetery hold historical and religious significance to the Colville Reservation membership, particularly to the Sanpoil tribal members as it served their traditional territories.

*Public Education:* Both tribal programs presented FCRPS information for the Grand Coulee Dam Project APE at various public events during FY 2025.

CTCR H/A staff attended nine local public education events in FY 2025. Staff set up booths and exhibits with information about the program, presented sessions, demonstrated activities, and answered questions at the NCW College & Career Expo at Okanogan Agriplex, Lake Roosevelt High School Harvest Festival, Language Fair, Nespelem Job Fair, FishFest at Spring Canyon, and the Bicentennial event for Fort Colville and Grand Re-Opening of Kettle Falls History Center. CTCR H/A staff also presented sessions at the Bitterroot Summit and the Salmon Festival at Rocky Reach Dam and facilitated the Traditional Knowledge Keepers, Elders, and Administration Houseboat tour.

STIPP staff attended 14 local public education events in FY 2025. Activities included collaboration with teachers, students, and sharing information on the Tribe's history and lifeways. The Collections staff conducted presentations for approximately 240 3rd grade students from five schools attending the East Farm STEAM program (East Farm Elementary School, Continuous Curriculum School, Otis Orchards Elementary, Trent Elementary, and Trentwood Elementary), the Summit School 4th grade history class, Cheney School 6th-8th grade students Science module, Wellpinit Middle School 7th-grade students Paleo-Indian study unit, Libby Center 8th grade history class, Camp Gifford Statewide Training for 5th & 6th Grade Teachers, UGM Camp, and Spokane Salish Cultural Day. STIPP staff also organized two community records luncheons for Washington State University's Digitizing Hidden Special Collections and Archives: Amplifying Unheard Voices Event, and setup exhibits and interactive displays at the Native American Heritage Month at Misteqa Casino, the City of Spokane's Tribal Conference Room at City Hall, the STIPP Archives & Collections Community Records Cultural Booth, and the 2025 Society for Range Management Conference.

#### **4) CURATION (additions or changes in collections status)**

In FY 2025 a total of 128 artifacts (23 from Mainstem APE and 105 from Spokane Arm APE) were collected from inventory, monitoring, and data recovery projects occurring during the field season and the archaeological collections are stored at each of their respective curation facilities. CTCR H/A and STIPP processed, copied, scanned, cataloged, labeled, rehoused, and curated artifacts and associated records, and added the corresponding catalog numbers to their master databases. In addition, both CTCR H/A and STIPP continued the process of updating the photographs of all artifacts within the collection and implementing new techniques for improving collections in terms of labeling and storage of collections materials. No conservation or curatorial concerns were identified during FY 2025.

## **5) ISSUES**

The Grand Coulee Dam Project has faced major workload challenges since FY 2022, as staff vacancies and frequent turnover at the Federal agencies and Tribal programs continue to impact the Program and Mainstem and Spokane Arm Cooperating Groups. The Reclamation Grand Coulee Power Office Archaeologist/Mainstem and Spokane Arm Cooperating Group Project Manager position has been mostly vacant since July 2022 and was briefly filled from June to November 2024. Additionally, Reclamation's Program Manager position, as the long-serving program manager left federal service and agency management selected staff to fill the position in an interim capacity. When the Reclamation positions are filled, staff will require time to onboard and become familiar with the Grand Coulee Dam Project and the FCRPS Cultural Resource Program. Regardless, BPA and Reclamation met the majority of performance indicators and interim milestones throughout FY 2025. Although the Tribal programs also experienced staffing challenges, CTCR H/A and STIPP continue to meet contract deadlines and accomplish FCRPS goals.

The Grand Coulee Dam Project continues to face rapid erosion along the leading edges throughout and bordering Lake Roosevelt. Every year, the changes in elevations of Lake Roosevelt for flood control, increasing recreation opportunities at the National Recreation Area, and generation of hydropower cause the destabilization and erosion of landforms and the dispersal of archaeological site deposits. In November 2024, a major landslide occurred in the Mainstem APE along the reservoir at Reed Terrace near Kettle Falls. CTCR H/A staff observed sediment, trees, and tree roots visible in the water downslope of the landslide scar, and puffs of dust across the face of the landslide scarp that indicate continuous unraveling and erosion. Fieldwork continues to identify the mass wasting of landforms associated with archaeological sites as an adverse effect of the daily operation and maintenance of the Grand Coulee Dam Project. Archaeological sites are non-renewable, and any erosion translates into permanent damage and destruction of aspects of cultural connections to the landscape. The Cooperating Groups work with the LFAs to address as many effects as possible, yet the damage continues to mount. While we report an impressive amount of work in this annual report, much more remains to be done to combat the rapid destruction of cultural heritage at Lake Roosevelt.

## **6) PHOTOS**



**Figure K-1.** CTCR H/A staff using DStretch software color enhancements (right) to the photograph of a pictograph at 45OK00007 / 45OK00504 / TCP 11 showing two red images (left).



**Figure K-2.** The FY 2025 GCDP tour of sites in the Mainstem APE included Elders, practitioners, CTCR Administration, and H/A staff on the houseboat tour day. From left to right: Pendleton G. Moses, Tyson J. Williams, Ronnie Marcellay, Shar Zacherle, Michele L. Sirois, and Jewie Davis.



**Figure K-3.** CTCR H/A and BPA staff during the GCDP Mainstem APE field visit. From left to Right: Madeline R. Piccolo, Michelle Stegner, and Danielle M. Spiessl.



**Figure K-4.** November 2024 Reed Terrace landslide in the GCDP Mainstem APE near Kettle Falls.



**Figure K-5.** CTCR H/A staff and public attending the Grand Re-Opening of the Kettle Falls Historical Center Saturday, May 17th, 2025.



**Figure K-6.** CTCR H/A staff Lucy M. Stanger (facing camera) speaking to attendees of the Grand Re-Opening of the Kettle Falls Historical Center at the CTCR H/A booth.



**Figure K-7.** Staff and canine from the Institute for Canine Forensics Historic and Pre-contact Human Remains Detection Dog Services preparing for canine survey in the GCDP Spokane Arm APE.



**Figure K-8.** Staff from STIPP conducting shovel tests within the GCDP Spokane Arm APE.



**Figure K-9.** Staff from STIPP presenting at Camp Gifford, Statewide Training for 5th & 6th Grade teachers.



**Figure K-10.** Staff from STIPP presenting at East Farms STEAM attended by approximately 240 third-grade students from East Farms STEAM, Continuous Curriculum School, Otis Orchards Elementary, Trent Elementary, and Trentwood Elementary. Collections staff shared a brief history of the Spokane Tribe and some of their traditional lifeways, as well as what the Preservation Program does to protect cultural resources.

## **APPENDIX L – HUNGRY HORSE PROJECT**

### **Hungry Horse Cooperating Group Hungry Horse Dam and Reservoir, Flathead County, MT**

#### **FY 2025 ACCOMPLISHMENTS (completed and in progress)**

Regular participants in the Hungry Horse Cooperating Group include Reclamation and BPA (Lead Federal Agencies), the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes, Flathead National Forest, and the Montana State Historic Preservation Office. The Hungry Horse Cooperating Group is implementing the FY 2017 Project Specific Programmatic Agreement for the Hungry Horse Project.

#### **1) INVENTORY**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* Inventory of accessible federally owned land within the 42,675-acre APE for the Hungry Horse Project is complete. A cumulative total of 25,672 acres has been surveyed for archaeological sites and standing historic structures. No new survey was conducted in FY 2025. A total of 32 archaeological sites has been documented in the APE. Of these, 13 sites are associated with three different indigenous trail corridors in the Hungry Horse APE. In FY 2025, no new archaeological sites were identified.

*TCPs/HPRCSTs:* The Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribe (CSKT) continue working on TCP documentation to add traditional landscape use and ethnobotanical context to the archaeological sites linked with the Soldier Creek Trail Corridor and Crossover Crossing that are part of the Indigenous Trails Multiple Property Determination (MPD). In FY 2025, no new TCPs were recorded in the Hungry Horse APE.

#### **2) EVALUATION**

*Archaeology/Historic Structures:* No formal determinations of eligibility were made in FY 2025. Of the 32 documented archaeological sites, 17 have been determined eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP), seven are not eligible, and eight require evaluation. The Hungry Horse Dam has been determined eligible for listing in the NRHP with consensus by the Montana SHPO; however, an official nomination to the Register has not been completed.

*TCPs/HPRCSTs:* The CSKT continues working to produce documentation on TCPs at Hungry Horse Reservoir. The Tribal program continued background research on traditional landscape use at selected TCP locations at Hungry Horse during FY 2025. Elder interviews have been successful and the CSKT are working to incorporate a wealth of new knowledge into the ongoing ethnobotanical and TCP reports for the Hungry Horse Project.

#### **3) TREATMENT/MITIGATION**

*Site Monitoring:* The Hungry Horse Cooperating Group continues to focus on annual archaeological site condition monitoring and documenting recreational impacts mainly in the form of camping and use of off-highway vehicles and motorcycles within the drawdown zone. In FY 2025, FNF and CSKT archaeologists revisited seven sites during the spring and fall field season, and all had noticeable physical changes that were documented on monitoring forms.

*Site Protection/Stabilization:* No new site protection/stabilizations occurred in FY 2025. In FY 2024 and FY 2025, the Hungry Horse Cooperating Group prepared Treatment Plan Forms (TPF) to design and install signage at Logan Creek Campground and Crossover Creek Campground to educate recreationists of the damage and disturbance that can occur from motorized vehicle use in the Hungry Horse Reservoir drawdown zone and prohibit motorized vehicle traffic beyond the FNF's designated Cross Country Use Area. Implementation of these treatments are expected to occur in FY 2026.

*Other Types of Treatment/Mitigation:* The Cooperating Group continues to discuss potential treatments for adverse effects to sites included in the Indigenous Trails MPD. The agencies are considering trail signage, youth culture camps about the traditional uses of the South Fork drainage, exhibits, and a variety of other potential treatments to address the reservoir's effects on the associated TCPs.

#### **4) CURATION (additions or changes in collections status)**

In FY 2025, there were no items collected by FNF and CSKT during site condition monitoring. No changes or conservation/curatorial concerns were identified in the existing collections or curation facility.

#### **5) ISSUES**

The Hungry Horse Project has faced major workload challenges since FY 2022, as staff vacancies and frequent turnover at the Federal agencies and Tribal programs continue to impact the Program and Mainstem and Spokane Arm Cooperating Groups. The Reclamation Grand Coulee Power Office Archaeologist/Hungry Horse Cooperating Group Project Manager position, vacant since July 2022, was briefly filled from June to November 2024. Additionally, Reclamation's Program Manager position, as the long-serving program manager left federal service and agency management selected staff to fill the position in an interim capacity. When the Reclamation positions are filled, staff will require time to onboard and become familiar with the Hungry Horse Project and the FCRPS Cultural Resource Program. Regardless, BPA and Reclamation met the majority of performance indicators and interim milestones throughout FY 2025. The FNF and Tribal programs also experienced staffing challenges.

The Hungry Horse Project continues to face increased recreational impacts along Hungry Horse Reservoir, primarily camping and use of off-highway vehicles and motorcycles within the drawdown zone. The Cooperating Group continues to address as many effects as possible.

#### **6) PHOTOS**



**Figure L-1.** Hungry Horse Cooperating Group members during FY 2025 field visit to recreational areas in the APE. Ryan Powell (left) and Kayla Ashley (right).



**Figure L-2.** Hungry Horse Cooperating Group member Anna Neuzil during field visit to Crossover Creek Campground in FY 2025.



**Figure L-3.** Unofficial two-track road along non-motorized trail marked with notification signage installed by the FNF at Crossover Creek Campground in FY 2024.



**Figure L-4.** Area of erosion observed along Hungry Horse Reservoir in FY 2025.

## APPENDIX M – NEWLY RECORDED RESOURCES

### Newly Recorded Cultural Resources Identified, Evaluated, or Listed in the National Register by State in FY 2025

**Table M-1. Newly Recorded Archaeological Sites and Historic Structures by State**

Reference Number	Project	State
10BR2690	Albeni Falls	Idaho
10BR2675	Albeni Falls	Idaho
10BR2676	Albeni Falls	Idaho
10BR2678	Albeni Falls	Idaho
10BR2682	Albeni Falls	Idaho
10NP1248, Hells Gate State Park	Lower Granite	Idaho
10CW1524	Dworshak	Idaho
Dworshak National Fish Hatchery	Dworshak	Idaho

**Table M-2. Properties Determined Eligible by State**

Reference Number	Project	State
45OK903	Chief Joseph	WA
24LN2430	Libby	Montana
10BR2690	Albeni Falls	Idaho
10BR2675	Albeni Falls	Idaho
10BR699	Albeni Falls	Idaho
10BR527	Albeni Falls	Idaho
10BR54	Albeni Falls	Idaho
10BR1192	Albeni Falls	Idaho
Dworshak National Fish Hatchery	Dworshak	Idaho
<i>Timíimap</i> (Bruce's Eddy),	Dworshak	Idaho
<i>Yúksmas</i> and <i>Yúksa</i> (Elk Butte and Elk Creek)	Dworshak	Idaho
Lower <i>Tiplámpa</i> (Lower North Fork)	Dworshak	Idaho
Middle <i>Tiplámpa</i> (Middle North Fork)	Dworshak	Idaho
<i>Wáxpanma</i> (Little North Fork)	Dworshak	Idaho
10CW00001 (Fishing Rock)	Dworshak	Idaho

*FY 2025 Annual Report Under the FCRPS Systemwide Programmatic Agreement for the Management of  
Historic Properties – March 2026*

**Table M-3. Properties Determined Not Eligible by State**

Reference Number	Project	State
10BR677	Idaho	Albeni Falls
10BR2676	Idaho	Albeni Falls
10BR2678	Idaho	Albeni Falls
10BR2682	Idaho	Albeni Falls
727355, Schlagel Park, Pasco Boat Basin	Washington	McNary
729061, Bateman Island Causeway	Washington	McNary
730291 Two Rivers Park Restroom	Washington	McNary

**Table M-4. Properties Newly Listed in the National Register of Historic Places**

Property Name	Reference Number	Project	State
Clearwater River Camas Prairie Railroad Bridge	10NP01149	Lower Granite	Idaho