Glossary of Terms for Generation Interconnection Business Practices

This glossary list is a companion to the Generation Interconnection (GI) Business Practices (BP) located on the Business Practices Related to Interconnections BPA webpage.

It applies to the following BPs:

- Generation Integration
- Large Generator Interconnection
- Funding Advance Construction of Network Upgrades and Temporary Use of Network Upgrade
- Line and Load Interconnection Procedures
- Small Generator Interconnection

TERM	DEFINITION
Assignment Reference (AREF)	A unique reference number automatically assigned by the OASIS to provide a unique record for each transmission or ancillary service request.
Backup Generator	A standby generating unit with self-start capability that is normally operated in a Local Islanding Event (during a utility power outage) where the generating unit is used to meet customer site load requirements and is not synched to the BPA Transmission Grid, or the unit produces output that is synched to the BPA Transmission Grid for test purposes only. The output from a Backup Generator is not sold or marketed.
Balancing Reserves	Reserves that compensate for any of the following: (i) moment-to- moment differences between generation and load; (ii) larger differences occurring over longer periods of time during the hour; and (iii) differences between a generator's schedule and the actual generation during an hour.
Construction Agreement	An agreement between the customer and Transmission Services to construct Transmission System upgrades and/or additions, including those to local area systems, main grid and/or sub-grid modifications, when those upgrades and/or additions are required before transmission service can be offered. This agreement may be offered before or concurrent with a Service Agreement.
Customer	Any customer taking service under Use of Facilities (UFT), Formula Power Transmission (FPT), Integration of Resources (IR), Part II or Part III of the OATT.
Dynamic Transfer Capability	The capability of the transmission system to accommodate continuous ramping of a resource(s) over a pre-determined range, such that the control of the electrical output of such resources(s) can be varied from moment to moment by an entity other than the host utility/host Balancing Authority Area operator.
Entity	A load, generator, generation provider, Transmission Customer, or other party.
Environmental Study Agreement	An agreement between the customer and BPA identifying the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) required documentation BPA will produce and customer terms for compliance, including participation in public meetings, requirement to exercise due diligence in completing required NEPA studies and activities, and terms for termination and or severance of studies, processes. Federal law requires that BPA comply with NEPA and prohibits BPA from committing to construction agreements for interconnections until NEPA requirements are satisfied.



TERM	DEFINITION
Generation	The scheduled hourly energy generation from a plant.
Estimate	, 5, 5
Lines and Loads	A request submitted to Transmission Services on BPA Form
Interconnection	F6420.25, Transmission Lines and Loads Connection Information.
Request (LLIR)	
Load Growth	Load added to an existing Network Integration (NT) customer's
	system as a result of increased customer load or transfer of load
	from another NT customer.
Local Islanding	The times when the breakers at the ends of the transmission line
Event	are open leaving the generator and load that is also tapped off this
	line isolated from the power system. Technical Requirements for
	Interconnection to the BPA Transmission Grid (4.2.3.4).
Network Load	Transfer of load from one NT customer to another NT customer.
Transfer	
New Network Load	5
	Annexation, Condemnation, Merger, Conversion of Point-to-Point
	(PTP) Service Agreement to NT Service Agreement, Reduction to
	Customer Served Load, Request by a Network customer to
	designate a particular load at discrete points of delivery as Network
	Load, when the Network Customer had previously elected not to
NT Cuetemen	designate that load as Network Load.
NT Customer Point of Delivery	An entity receiving transmission service under Part III of the OATT. Point of Delivery is a point on the Transmission Provider's
(POD)	Transmission System where capacity and energy transmitted by the
(1 00)	Provider will be made available to the Receiving Part; An OASIS
	field on a TSR that is the scheduling POD.
Point of Receipt	Point of Receipt is an interconnection on the Transmission
(POR)	Provider's Transmission System where capacity and energy will be
	made available by the Delivering Party; An OASIS field on a TSR
	that is the scheduling POR.
Redispatch and	Measures taken to relieve transmission system overloads and
Curtailment	therefore manage loading on the transmission system to within the
Procedures	Operating Transfer Capability (OTC).
Sink	An OASIS field on a TSR that is the contractual POD.
Source	An OASIS field on a TSR that is the contractual POR.
Transmission	The credits earned by the Funding Customer for advance funding
Credits	the costs of Network Upgrades.
Transmission	The specified method of repayment in the LGIA for funds advanced
Credits - LGI	by the Interconnection Customer to Transmission Services for the
	construction of Network Upgrades.
Transmission	The credits earned by the Funding Customer for advance funding
Credits – Non-GI	the costs of Network Upgrades.
VERBS	"Variable Energy Resource Balancing Service," as described in the
	ACS rate schedule and General Rate Schedule Provisions. Also
	referred to as "Wind Balancing Service" in the ACS-10 rate
	schedule.

