DATE: July 26, 2004

REPLY TO ATTN OF: KEP-4

SUBJECT: Supplement Analysis for the Transmission System Vegetation Management Program FEIS (DOE/EIS-0285/SA-221) Project #: V-O-04/10

TO: Ed Tompkins
Natural resource specialist - TFO/LMT

**Proposed Action:** The project activities will be conducted along the Right-of-Way (ROW) of the Paul-Allston No 1 and 2 - 500 kV transmission line corridor between towers 45/4 and the Allston substation. This corridor includes portions of the Longview-Allston No 1 and 2 and the Longview-Allston No 3 and 4 - 230 kV transmission lines. The corridor along this section of the proposed project varies between 125 and 150 feet in width and crosses approximately 4 miles of terrain from Longview, Washington crossing the Columbia River and passing through rural forestland and pasture lands to the Allston Substation in Oregon.

**Location:** The proposed project is located in Columbia County, Oregon and Cowlitz County, Washington in the BPA Olympia Region.

**Proposed by:** Bonneville Power Administration (BPA).

**Description of the Proposal:** BPA proposes to remove unwanted vegetation along the right-of-way, along access roads and around tower structures along the subject transmission line corridor that may impede the operation and maintenance of the identified transmission lines. BPA plans to conduct vegetation control with the goal of removing tall growing vegetation that is currently or will soon be a hazard to the transmission line. BPA’s overall goal is to have low-growing plant communities along the rights-of-way to control the development of potentially threatening vegetation.

Specifically, this vegetation management project will involve the following actions:

- Clearing (mowing, cutting, and spraying) vegetation at 11 tower sites.
- Selective cutting (cutting, lopping and scattering) of vegetation at 81 acres of ROW.
- Clearing (mowing, cutting, and spraying) approximately 2.5 acres of access roads in or adjacent to the ROW.
- Removal of 1 danger tree
- Applying low volumes of foliar herbicide along approximately 87 acres in the fall of 2004 to control re-sprouting plants and noxious weeds, and re-application every three to four years after initial application to maintain accessibility to access roads and tower sites.

Debris will be disposed of using onsite chip, lop and scatter, or mulching techniques. All onsite debris will be scattered along the ROW. Removal of vegetation on slopes steeper than 20% and...
spanned canyons will be restricted to tall-growing species that pose a hazard to the transmission line. Identified danger trees will be felled away from the ROW. Trees that visually screen roads from the transmission line will be left where appropriate.

On initial entry, herbicide will be selectively applied using spot/stump treatment of resprouting species and low-volume foliar treatments along access roads, around tower structures, and at noxious weed locations. Garlon 3A herbicide (active ingredient: Triclopyr as triethylamine salt (TEA)) will be used in buffer zones established adjacent to riparian areas along the corridor and Garlon 4 (active ingredient: Triclopyr as butoxyethyl ester (BEE)) will be used in all other areas for this project. Backpacks will be used with a 25% Garlon 3A or 4 / 75% crop oil mix. Localized low-volume foliar treatments will use a 3% Garlon 3A or 4 mix in 97% water.

**Analysis:** A Vegetation Management Checklist was completed for this project in accordance with the requirements identified in the Bonneville Power Administration’s Transmission System Vegetation Management Program FEIS (DOE/EIS-0285).

The subject corridor traverses private lands consisting of rural forestland and pasturelands.

Section 3 of the checklist identifies the natural resources present in the area of the proposed work. The following summarizes natural resources occurring in the project area along with applicable mitigation measures.

**Water Resources:** Waterbodies (streams, rivers, lakes, wetlands) occurring in the project area are listed in section 3.1 of the Vegetation Management Checklist. Trees in riparian zones will be selectively cut to include only those that will grow into the minimum approach distances of the conductor at maximum sag. Shrubs will not be cut that are less than 10 feet high where ground to conductor clearance allows. No ground disturbing vegetation management methods will be implemented thus eliminating the risk for soil erosion and sedimentation near the streams. Adjacent to water resources only spot (cut-stump) and localized chemical treatments using practically non-toxic triclopyr (TEA) will be used.

No drinking water, irrigation wells, or water supplies were identified along the rights of way for this project.

**Threatened and Endangered Species:** Pursuant to its obligations under the Endangered Species Act, BPA has made a determination of whether its proposed project will have any effects on any listed species. A species list was obtained from the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) on February 26, 2004 as potentially occurring in the project area. In addition a review of species under the jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries was conducted. A determination of No Effect was made for all ESA listed species and designated critical habitat for the project.

**Essential Fish Habitat:** A review of NOAA database identified Essential Fish Habitat (EFH) streams occurring in the project area. Measures identified for water resources will be followed for EFH. A determination was made that this project will not adversely affect essential fish habitat.

**Cultural Resources:** No cultural resources are known for the project area. If a site is discovered during the course of vegetation control, work will be stopped in the vicinity and the BPA Environmental Specialist, and the BPA archeologist will be contacted.

**Re-Vegetation:** Native grasses are present on the entire right-of-way and are expected to seed into the areas that will have lightly disturbed soil predominately located on the right-of-way roads.
Monitoring: The entire project will be inspected during the work period. Additionally, monitoring for the follow-up herbicide treatment will be in the mid to late summer.

**Findings:** This Supplement Analysis finds that (1) the proposed actions are substantially consistent with the Transmission System Vegetation Management Program FEIS (DOE/EIS-0285) and ROD, and; (2) there are no new circumstances or information relevant to environmental concerns and bearing on the proposed actions or their impacts. This Supplement Analysis also finds the proposed actions will not affect threatened or endangered species. Therefore, no further NEPA documentation is required.

/s/ James Meyer for  
Elaine S. Stratton  
Environmental Protection Specialist

CONCUR:/s/ Thomas C. McKinney DATE: 7/26/2004  
Thomas C. McKinney  
NEPA Compliance Officer

Attachment:  
St Paul-Allston 04 Vegetation Management Checklist  
USFWS Species List Reference # 1-7-04-SP-0138  
Effects Determination

cc:  
L. Croff – KEC-4  
T. McKinney – KEC-4  
J. Meyer – KEP-4  
E. Stratton – KEP-PSB-2  
J. Sharpe – KEPR-4  
P. Key – LC-7  
J. Hilliard Creecy – T-DITT2  
K. Rodd – TF/DOB-1  
A Campbell – TFO/Olympia  
D. Krauss – TFO/Olympia  
D. Swanson – TFOP/LMT  
Environmental File – KEC-4  
Official File – KEP (EQ-14)